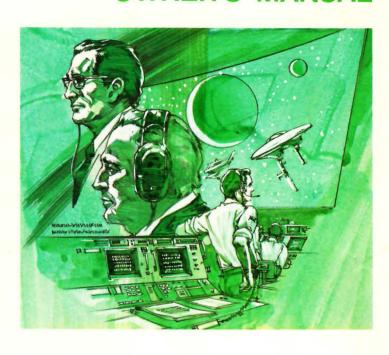
Personal Computer 1117 - 7/ (1) (1)

OWNER'S MANUAL



SHARP

IMPORTANT

The wires in this mains lead are coloured in accordance with the following code:

BLUE: Neutral BROWN: Live

As the colours of the wires in the mains lead of this apparatus may not correspond with the coloured markings identifying the terminals in your plug proceed as follows,

The wire which is coloured **BLUE** must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter **N** or coloured black.

The wire which is coloured BROWN must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter L or coloured red.

NOTICE

This manual has been written for the MZ-700 series personal computers and the BASIC interpreter which is provided with the MZ-700.

- (1) All system software for the MZ-700 series computers is supported in software packs (cassette tape, etc.) in file form. The contents of all system software and the material presented in this manual are subject to change without prior notice for the purpose of product improvement and other reasons, and care should be taken to confirm that the file version number of the system software used matches that specified in this manual.
- (2) All system software for the Sharp MZ-700 series personal computer has been developed by the Sharp Corporation, and all rights to such software are reserved. Reproduction of the system software or the contents of this book is prohibited.
- (3) This computer and the contents of this manual have been fully checked for completeness and correctness prior to shipment; however, if you should encounter any problems during operation or have any questions which cannot be resolved by reading this manual, please do not hesitate to contact your Sharp dealer for assistance.
 - Not withstanding the foregoing, note that the Sharp Corporation and its representatives will not assume responsibility for any losses or damages incurred as a result of operation or use of this equipment.

Personal Computer

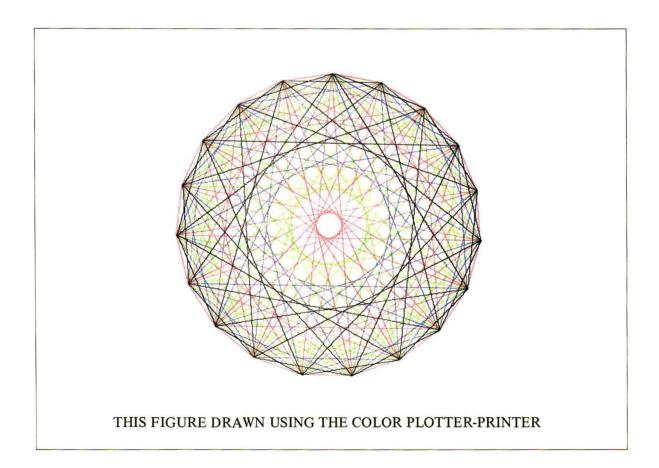
Owner's Manual

Preface

Congratulations on your purchase of a Sharp MZ-700 series personal computer. Before using your computer, please read and make sure you understand the operating procedures which are described in this manual. The features and general operating procedures are described in Chapters 1 and 3, so please read those chapters first.

All software for the MZ-700 series computers is distributed on cassette tape.

The cassette tape included with the computer contains BASIC 1Z-013B, a high level BASIC interpreter which enables programming in the BASIC language and makes it possible to utilize the full capabilities of the MZ-700. The BASIC 1Z-013B interpreter and procedures for its use are fully described in this manual.



MZ-700 OWNER'S MANUAL

CONTENTS

Chap	ter 1	The world of MZ-700 Series Personal Computer
1.	1	Features of the MZ-700 Series
1.	2	Using this Manual
1.	3	An Introduction to the World of Computers
Chap	ter 2	2 BASIC
2.	1	Introduction to Programming in BASIC
2.	2	An Outline of BASIC
2.	3	Frequently Used BASIC Commands and Statements
2.	4	Built-in Function
2.	5	String Function
2.	6	Color display state ment
2.	7	Color Plotter-Printer Commands 82
2.	8	Machine Language Program Control Statements
2.	9	I/O Statements
2.	10	Other Statements
2.	11	Monitor Function
Chap	ter 3	Operating the MZ-700
3.	1	Appearance of the MZ-700 Series Personal Computers
3.	2	Connection to Display Unit106
3.	3	Data Recorder
3.	4	Color Plotter-Printer
3.	5	Key Operation
Chap	ter 4	- Hardware
4.	1	MZ-700 System Diagram
4.	2	Memory configuration
4.	3	Memory Mapped I/O (\$E000-\$E008)130
4.	4	Signal System of Color V-RAM
4.	5	MZ-700 Circuit Diagrams
Chap	ter 5	Monitor Commands and Subroutines
5.	1	Monitor Commands
5.	2	Functions and Use of Monitor Commands
5.	3	Monitor Subroutines

APPENDICES

A.	1	Code Tables	154	
A.	2	MZ-700 Series Computer Specifications	157	
A.	3	BASIC Error Message List	159	
A.	4	Z80A Instruction Set	160	
A.	5	Monitor Program Assembly List	164	
A.	6	Color Plotter-Printer Control Codes	198	
A.	7	Notes Concerning Operation	201	

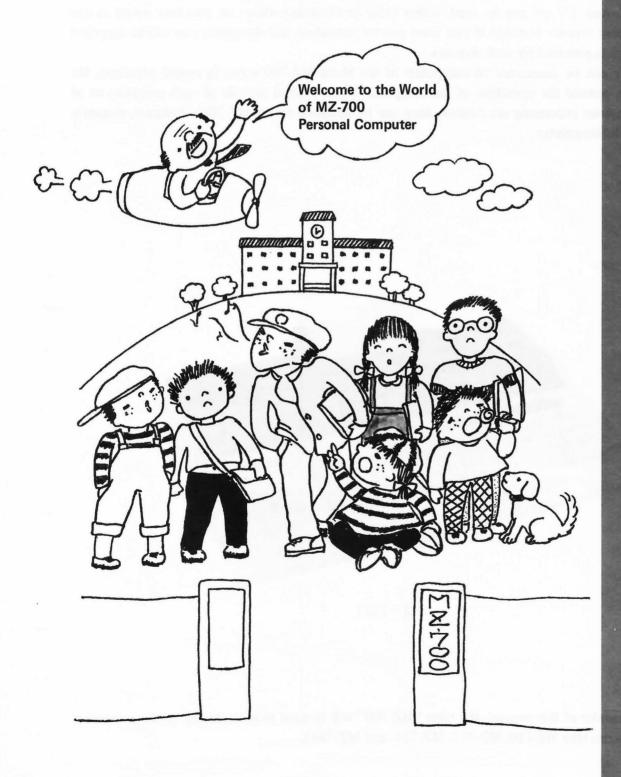
INDEX

[BASIC COMMANDS] () is abbreviated form	at
(A)	\mathbf{H}
ABS	HSET (H.) 88
ASC	1 1 40041 000
ATN 71	ook maraya - Yarabada 1900 km 💢 🔥 🔥
AUTO (A.) 31	
AXIS (AX.) 89	IF ERL
	IF ERN
	IF~GOSUB (IF~GOS.) 53
В	IF~GOTO (IF~G.) 53
BYE	IF~THEN (IF~TH.) 50
	INP
C	INPUT
Total Control of Contr	INPUT/T (I./T) 68
CHR\$	INT 71
CLOSE (CLO.) 68	
CLR	(\mathbf{J})
COLOR (COL.) 80	
CONSOLE (CONS.) 98	
CONT (C.) 34	K
COS	KEY LIST (K. L.) 35
CURSOR (CU.) 61	
D	$oldsymbol{\mathbb{L}}$
DEF FN	LEFT\$
DEF KEY	LEN
DELETE (D.) 31	LET
DIM	LIMIT (LIM.) 92
	LINE
E	LIST
END (E.) 59	LN
EXP	LOAD (LO.) 28
	LOG
F	
FOR~NEXT (F. ~N.) 47	\mathbf{M}
	MERGE (ME.) 32
	MID\$
G CET 42	MODE GR (M. GR) 83
GET	MODE TL (M. TL) 83
GOSUB COS ~ PET DN (COS ~ PET) 40	MODE TS (M. TN) 83
~RETURN (GOS.~RET.) 49	MODE TS (M. TS) 83
GOTO (G.) 48 GPRINT (GP.) 88	MOVE
GIMINI 88	MUSIC (MU.) 65

$\overline{\mathbf{N}}$	(\mathbf{S})
NEW 32	SAVE
	SET
	SGN
0	SIN
ON ERROR	SIZE 97
GOTO (ON ERR. G.) 96	SKIP 84
ON~GOSUB (ON~GOS.) 55	SPC 62
ON~GOTO (ON~G.) 54	SQR
OUT 95	STOP (S.) 59
	STR\$ 79
$\overline{\mathbf{P}}$	
PAGE	T
PAI	TAB
PCOLOR (PC.) 83	TAN
PEEK	TEMPO (TEM.) 67
PHOME (PH.) 87	TEST (TE.) 84
PLOT OFF (PL OFF) 98	TI\$ 60
PLOT ON	
PRINT	
PRINT USING (?)	U (II)
PRINT/P	USR (U.) 93
PRINT/T	
PRINT $[a, \beta]$ (? $[a, \beta]$) 81	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$
Τκιντ [ω,ρ] (. [ω,ρ]) σ.	VAL 79
	VERIFY (V.) 30
Q	VERIF1
	\mathbf{w}
\mathbf{R}	WOPEN (W.) 68
RAD 71	
READ~DATA (REA. ~DA.) 44	
REM 58	X
RENUM (REN.) 33	
RESET 63	
RESTORE (RES.) 46	Y
RESUME (RESU.) 97	
RIGHT\$	
RLINE (RL.) 86	(\mathbf{Z})
RMOVE (RM.) 87	
RND 72	
ROPEN (RO.) 68	
RUN 34	

THE WORLD OF MZ-700 SERIES PERSONAL COMPUTER

Chapter 1



1. 1 Features of the MZ-700 Series

In the space of just a few decades, the computer has undergone a dramatic transformation, changing from an intricate, enormously expensive monster weighing several dozen tons into a compact, inexpensive device which can be used by almost anyone. Whereas access to computers used to be limited to a few privileged individuals with special training, the inexpensive, user-friendly machines now available make the world of computing open to people in all different walks of life. The Sharp MZ-700 series computers are representative of such machines.

People use words and expressions to convey meanings.

Computers of the Sharp MZ-700 series, however, convey meaning through an ordinary television set or special printer. Any TV set can be used, either color or black-and-white; or, you may invest in one of the special display screens available if you want greater resolution and sharpness; you will be surprised at the beauty which is provided by such displays.

A tape recorder can be connected to computers of the Sharp MZ-700 series to record programs, the instructions which control the operation of the computer. When printed records of such programs or of the results of computer processing are desired, they can be obtained on the MZ-700's compact, elegantly designed 4-color plotter-printer.



MZ-731

Note: In the remainder of this manual, the term "MZ-700" will be used to indicate any of the computers of the MZ-700 series (the MZ-710, MZ-711, MZ-721, and MZ-731).





1.2 Using this Manual

Before starting to study programming, why not try playing with the MZ-700 a bit? We're sure you want to do that anyway, rather than waiting until after you have read this book. First, read "Operating the MZ-700" in Chapter 3 (you need read only those parts which apply to the model which you are using). Connect the MZ-700 to a television, read the explanation of procedures for using the keyboard, and learn which characters are output when each key is pressed.

If you are using the MZ-700 for the first time, read Chapters 1 and 2, in that order. At first, you may find it difficult to grasp the meanings of the various commands and statements of the BASIC programming language; however, even if you don't understand the explanations, be sure to key in the examples as they are encountered. As you do so, you will gradually develop a concept of what BASIC is all about.

You may skip over those portions of Chapter 2 which start with 2. 8 "Machine Language Program Control Statements"; however, these sections will prove useful when you have completely mastered programming in BASIC, or wish to become more familiar with the computer's internal operation.

If you have used the MZ-80K, you will find that the commands and statements of BASIC for the MZ-700 are used in the same manner as those of the SP-5025 family, so that the MZ-700 can be used in almost exactly the same manner as the MZ-80K. The major difference between the two is in the color statements (applicable to both the television screen and the color plotter-printer) which have been added; however, you should find it easy to become familiar with these by reading sections 2. 6 "Color display statement" and 2. 7 "Color Plotter-printer Commands." Having done this, you will quickly be captivated by the power of expanded BASIC.

This manual also includes a discussion of "Operating the MZ-700" (Chapter 3), a reference section entitled "Hardware" (Chapter 4), a discussion of the "Monitor Commands and Subroutines" (Chapter 5), and appendices of other information.

Now go ahead and learn everything you can about the MZ-700. We hope that you will find this manual helpful.

1.3 An Introduction to the World of Computers

1.3.1 What is BASIC?

People use language to communicate with each other, and specially de igned languages are also used for communication with computers. BASIC is one such language.

Beginner's All-purpose Symbolic Instruction Code

Just as human beings use languages such as English, French, German, and Japanese for communication, there are also many different languages which are used for communication with computers. Among these are BASIC, FORTRAN, COBOL, and PASCAL. Of these, BASIC is the computer language whose structure is closest to that of the languages used by humans, and therefore is the easiest for humans to understand.

1.3.2 What is a "Clean Computer"?

The MZ-700 is a clean computer. Here, the word "clean" means that the computer's memory is completly blank when its power is turned on i.e., the computer cannot be used immediately, but first must be taught a language. This might seem like a nuisance at first glance; however, it does provide several advantages. For example, suppose that you wanted to use a language other than BASIC. The fact that the computer's memory is empty to start with means that you can teach it just about any language you want. This greatly increases the range of software which can be run on the computer and extends its range of potential applications.

On the other hand, if the computer knows BASIC from the time it is turned on, it is possible to use the language immediately; however, this presents an obstacle to loading any other language into memory.

1.3.3 Loading BASIC into the MZ-700

The BASIC language must be loaded into the MZ-700 before it can be used to do any work. A cassette tape containing this language has been included in the case containing the MZ-700. Now let's teach the language to the computer; procedures for doing this are described below. (The eplanation assumes that you are using an MZ-731; however, the procedures are basically the same for all computers of the MZ-700 series.)

- (1) Connect the display as described on page 106.
- (2) Turn on the power switch located on the back of the computer.
- (3) The following characters are displayed on the screen and a square, blinking pattern appears. This pattern is referred to as the cursor.

- (4) Set the cassette tape containing the BASIC language in the computer's data recorder.
- (5) Type in the word LOAD and press the CR key. After doing this, the message \perp PLAY appears on the screen.

Notes:

- *1 \overline{LOAD} ... This is the instruction for loading programs or data from cassette tape.
- *2 CR..... This is referred to as the carriage return key, and is mainly used to indicate completion of entry of an instruction.

- (6) Press the data recorder's PLAY button; the cassette tape starts moving and loading of the BASIC language begins.
- (7) After loading has been completed, the message READY is displayed and the cursor starts to blink again.

** MONITOR 12-013A**

** LOAD

LOADING BASIC

BASIC INTERPRETER 12-013B VX.XX

COPYRIGHT 1983 BY SHARP CORP

XXXXX BYTES

READY

This completes loading of the BASIC program. You can talk to the computer using BASIC, and the computer will respond.

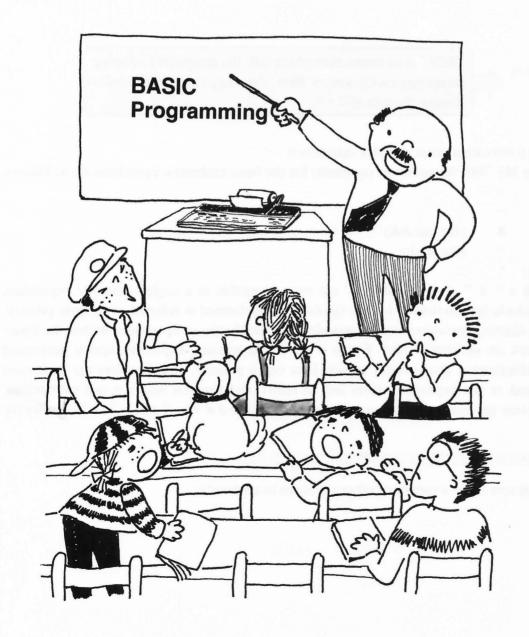
1.3.4 Try Executing a Program

Loading BASIC into the computer doesn't cause it to do anything; first, it must be given instructions in BASIC as to what it is to do. Although we will not explain the instructions of BASIC until later, let's go ahead and try executing a BASIC program right now.

Remove the cassette tape from the recorder and turn it over so that the "B" side is up. A sample program is recorded on this side of the cassette tape. Using the following procedures, load this program into the computer and execute it.

- (1) After turning the tape over and reloading it into the recorder, press the REWIND button to rewind it. Next, type in □□□□□ and press the □R key; when the message ± PLAY is displayed, press the □PLAY button on the data recorder. This begins loading of the sample program.
- (2) When loading is completed, the cassette tape stops, READY is displayed on the screen, and the cursor starts to blink again.
- (3) Now that the program has been loaded into the computer's memory, try executing it. This is done by typing in RUN and pressing the CR key.
- (4) Now let's take a peek at the program. Hold down the SHIFT key and press the BREAK key. This stops program execution and displays the words BREAK and READY, then the cursor starts to blink again.
- (5) Type in LIST and press the CR key. This lists the lines of the program on the screen one after another. (Output of the list can be temporarily stopped at any time by pressing the space bar.)
- (6) If you wish to resume program execution, type in RUN again and hit the CR key.
- (7) If you want to run a different program, set the cassette tape containing that program in the recorder, LOAD the program, then RUN it. The previous program is automatically erased from memory when the new one is loaded, so the computer contains only the BASIC language and the last program loaded.

BASIC



2. 1 Introduction to Programming in BASIC

2.1.1 Direct Mode

Now that you have made some key entries on the MZ-700, you have reached the point where you are ready to start learning how to program. Before you start, however, try using the MZ-700 as you would an ordinary pocket calculator. (This is called operating the MZ-700 in the "direct mode".) Key in the following, just as you would on a pocket calculator.

4+9=CR

As you can see, the computer doesn't do anything when it is presented with a problem in this form; your computer and an ordinary calculator are completely different in this respect, and instructions must be entered in a form which can be understood by the computer (i.e, in the form prescribed by the BASIC language). Now try typing in the following.

If you have done this correctly, the number "13" will be displayed and the screen will appear as shown below.

```
PRINT is an instruction which tells the computer to display something on the screen. Here, the computer is instructed to display the sum of 4 + 9.
```

Now let's try doing a somewhat more complex calculation.

With BASIC for the MZ-700, the operators (symbols) for the basic arithmetic operations are as follows.

Addition: +
Subtraction: Multiplication: * (the

Exponentiation: 1

When symbols such a "*", "+", and " \uparrow " are mixed together in a single arithmetic expression, the order in which calculations indicated by the symbols are performed is referred to as their priority. Just as with ordinary algebra, operations can be included in parentheses, so operations within the innermost set of parentheses are performed first. Within a set of parentheses, exponentiation is performed first, followed by multiplication and division (which have equal priority, and therefore are performed as they are encountered in the expression, from left to right), and then by addition and subtraction.

For example, to obtain the answer to the expression $3 \times 6 \times (6 + 3 \times 19 - 2 \times (4 - 2) + 11)$, enter the following.

PRINT 3*6*(6+3*(9-2*(4-2)+1))

Now try using the computer to do a variety of other problems in arithmetic.

[EXERCISE]

[ANSWER]

1.
$$\frac{6+4}{6-4}$$
 PRINT $(6+4)/(6-4)$
5
2. $3 \times |5+9 \times (9-2)| - \frac{6}{4-2}| + 5$ PRINT $3 \times (5+9 \times (9-2)-6/(4-2)) + 5$
 $2 \otimes \emptyset$
3. $(3+4) \times (5+6)$ PRINT $(3+4) \times (5+6)$
77
4. $\frac{10+20}{6} \times (2+3)$ PRINT $(1 \otimes +2 \otimes) / (6 \times (2+3))$
5
7
7
8 PRINT $(6+4)/(6-4)$
8 PRINT $(3+4) \times (5+6)$
9 PRINT $(1 \otimes +2 \otimes) / (6 \times (2+3))$

After going through the exercises, try typing in [?]5|*|8| and pressing the CR key; the answer "40" is displayed. The reason for this is that BASIC interprets the question mark in the same manner as the instruction PRINT. Remember this as a convenient, abbreviated form of the PRINT instruction.

Now try entering the following. (The quotation marks are entered by holding down $\boxed{\text{SHIFT}}$ and pressing the $\boxed{2}$ key.)

PRINT"4+9="CR

As you can see, the characters within quotation marks are displayed on the screen, but the answer is not. Now try entering the following.

PRINTWABCDEFGWCR

This causes ABCDEFG to be displayed on the screen.

In other words, using the PRINT instruction together with quotation marks tells the MZ-700 to display characters on the screen exactly as they are specified between quotation marks. The characters within any set of quotation marks are referred to as a "character string" or "string".

Now go on to enter the following.

This causes the following to be displayed on the screen.

4+9=_13..... (The "_" symbol indicates a space. Actually, nothing is displayed on the TV screen in the position indicated by this symbol.)

In other words, the instruction above tells the computer to display both the character string "4 + 9 ="

In other words, the instruction above tells the computer to display both the character string "4 + 9 =" and the result of the arithmetic expression "4 + 9 =". Now try entering the following.

PRINT"4+9=".4+9CR

After typing in this entry, the following should be displayed on the screen.

The reason the screen appears different this time is because the PRINT instruction displays items of information (character strings or the results of arithmetic expressions) differently depending on whether they are separated from each other by semicolons or commas.

Semicolon (;) Instructs the computer to display items immediately adjacent to each other.

Comma (,) Instructs the computer to display the item at the position which is 10 spaces (columns) from the beginning of the display line.

If you have the MZ-731 (or a separate plotter-printer), now try appending the characters $\lceil / P_{\perp} \rceil$ to the end of the word PRINT.

```
PRINT/P"4+9=":4+9CR
```

This time nothing appears on the display screen, but the same result is printed out on the plotter-printer. In other words, the $\lceil / P \rfloor$ symbols switch output from the display to the plotter-printer.

This completes our explanation of procedures for using the MZ-700 as you would a pocket calculator.

Note: PRINT "5 + 8 = "; 5 + 8 displays 5 + 8 = 13, while PRINT "5 - 8 = "; 5 - 8 displays 5 - 8 = -3. The reason for this is that one space is always reserved for a symbol indicating whether the result is positive or negative, but the symbol is only displayed in that space when the result is negative.

2.1.2 Programming

Let's try making a simple program. However, first let's make sure that the area in the computer's memory which is used for storing programs is completely empty. Do this by typing in NEW and pressing the <u>CR</u> key. (This instruction will be explained in more detail later; see page 32.)

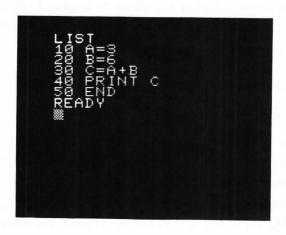
Type in the following program exactly as shown.

1Ø	A=3CR	Assigns the value 3 to A.
$2\emptyset$	B=6CR	Assigns the value 6 to B.
ЗØ	C=A+BCR	Assigns the result of $A + B$ to C .
4Ø	? CCR	Displays the value assigned to C.
5Ø	ENDCR	Instruction indicating the end of the program.

The numbers 10, 20, 30, and so forth at the left end of each line are referred to as program line numbers, or simply line numbers; these numbers indicate the order in which instructions are to be executed by the computer. Instructions on the lowest numbered line are executed first, followed by those on the next lowest numbered line, and so forth. Line numbers must be integers in the range from 1 to 65535.

The line numbers 1, 2, 3, and so forth could have been used in this program instead of 10, 20, 30. However, it is common practice to assign line numbers in increments of 10 to provide room for later insertion of other lines.

Now let's check whether the lines have been correctly entered. Type in LIST and press the CR key; this causes a list of the program lines to be displayed. Notice that the question mark entered at the beginning of line 40 has been converted to PRINT, the full form of the command for displaying data on the display screen.



Now let's try executing the program.

RUNCR

Enter RUN and press the CR key; the result is displayed on line 9 of the screen.

Now we will explain procedures for making changes in programs. First, let's change the instruction on line 20 from B = 6 to B = 8. Type in LIST 20 and press the \overline{CR} key; this displays just line 20 of the program on the screen. Next, use the cursor control keys (the keys at the right side of the keyboard which are marked with arrows) to move the cursor to the number $\lceil 6 \rfloor$, then press the $\boxed{8}$ key and the \boxed{CR} key in succession to make the change. Note that the change is not completed until the \boxed{CR} key is pressed.

Now type in LIST and press the CR key again to confirm that the change has been made.

Next, let's change line 30 of the program to $C = 30 \times A + B$.

Using the cursor control keys, move the cursor so that it is positioned on top of the "A" in line 30, then press the INST key three times in succession. This moves "A + B" three spaces to the right.

$$C = \Box \Box A + B$$
Cursor position

Now type in 30 × and press the CR key to complete the insertion. LIST the program to confirm that the change has been made correctly.

Now change line 30 again so that it reads " $C = 30 \times A$ " instead of " $C = 30 \times A + B$ ". Do this by moving the cursor to the position immediately to the right of B and pressing the \overline{DEL} key two times; this deletes "+B". Press the \overline{CR} key to complete the change.

Now LIST the program and confirm that it appears as shown below.

10 A=3

2Ø B=8

3Ø C=3Ø*A

4Ø PRINT C

5Ø END

To delete an entire line from a program, simply enter the line number of that line and press the CR key; delete line 20 in this manner, then LIST the program to confirm that the line has been deleted.

We could insert the instruction "?A" between lines 30 and 40, by typing in 35_?A and pressing the CR key. Try this, then LIST the program to confirm that the line has been added. Now delete line 35 by entering 35 and pressing the CR key.

The process of changing or inserting lines in a program in this manner is referred to as **editing**, and the program which results from this process is referred to as the **BASIC** text. Each line of the program can include a maximum of 255 characters, including the line number, but the maximum length is reduced by four characters if the question mark is used to represent the PRINT instruction.

At this point, the program contained in the computer's memory should be as follows.

1Ø A=3

3Ø C=3Ø*A

4Ø PRINT C

5Ø END

Now we will use this program to explain the procedures for recording programs on cassette tape. Prepare a blank cassette tape (one on which nothing has been recorded) and set it in the data recorder,

then type in the following from the keyboard.

```
SAVE "CALCULATION" >
```

Here, "CALCULATION" is the name which is to be recorded on the cassette tape to identify the program. Any name may be assigned, but the name connot be longer than 16 characters.

Note: The J symbol in the example above represents the \overline{CR} key.

When the CR key is pressed, " \(\preceq \text{ RECORD. PLAY}\)" is displayed on the screen. Pressing the RECORD button on the data recorder at this time records the program on cassette tape.

The name which is assigned to the program is referred to as its file name. Specification of a file name is not absolutely necessary, but from the point of view of file management it is a good idea to assign one. Of course, the file name is recorded on the tape together with the program.

When recording is completed, READY is displayed to indicate that the computer is finished. Now press the STOP button on the data recorder and rewind the tape.

The program is still present in the computer's memory after recording is completed, so type in NEW J to delete it (enter LIST J to confirm that the program has been deleted). Now let's try using the LOAD instruction to load the program back into memory from the cassette tape as described on page 14.

When a cassette tape contains many programs, that which is to be loaded can be identified by specifying the program's file name together with the LOAD instruction as follows.

LOAD "CALCULATION" >

Specifying the file name in this manner tells the computer to ignore all programs on the tape other than that with the specified name. If the file name is not specified (if only LOAD) is entered), the computer loads the first program encountered.

Note: When using cassette recorder other than the data recorder built into the MZ-731, and MZ-721 read the instructions on page 109 before attempting to record or load programs.

The LIST command shown above can be used in a variety of different ways. For example, during editing LIST 20 J can be used to display just line 20 of a program. The entire program can be listed by entering LIST J. Other uses of the instruction are as follows.

LIST	-30 CR	Lists all lines of the program to line 30.
LIST	30-CR	Lists all lines from line 30 to the end of the program.
LIST	30-50CR	Lists all lines from line 30 to line 50.
	30 CR	Lists line 30.

When editing programs by listing individual lines with the LIST instruction, press the CLR key (the INST key) together with the SHIFT key when the screen becomes distractingly crowded. This clears the entire screen and moves the cursor to its upper left corner. (This does not affect the program in memory). Afterwards, enter LIST < line number > J again to list the line which is to be edited.

2. 2 An Outline of BASIC

2.2.1 Constants

A constant is a number or string of characters which is written into a program, and which is used by that program as it is executed. Types of constants include numeric constants, string (character) constants, and system constants. These are explained below.

Numeric constants

A numeric constant is a number which has a maximum of 8 significant digits. The exponent of such constants must be in the range from 10^{-38} to 10^{38} (the maximum range is 1.548437E-38 to 1.7014118E +38).

```
(Examples:)
-123. 4
Ø. 789
3748. Ø
3. 7E+12......3. 7×10<sup>12</sup>
7. 65E-9.......7. 65×10<sup>-9</sup>
14. 8E9......14. 8×10<sup>9</sup>

E indicates the exponent.
```

Hexadecimal numbers: Numbers can be specified in hexadecimal format only for direct memory addressing with the LIMIT, POKE, PEEK, and USR instructions (see pages 92 and 93), and are represented as four digits preceded by a dollar sign (\$).

String constants

String constants are letters and symbols between quotation marks which are included in programs to allow titles or messages to be output to the display screen or printer. The characters "4+9" appearing on page 17 are a character constant, and not a numeric constant. With BASIC, a string constant may consist of a maximum of 255 characters. (Not including quotation marks which cannot be included in a string constant.)

```
(Examples:)

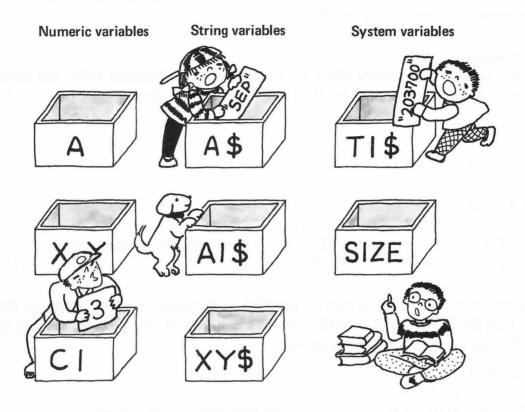
"ABCDEFG"

"1234567891Ø"

DATA ABCDEFG......... Quotation marks are not needed when string constants are specified in a DATA statement; however, they may be used if desired.
```

2.2.2 Variables

The word "veriable" has a different meaning with BASIC than it does when used with regard to algebraic expressions. To put it in very simple terms, the variables of BASIC are "boxes" in memory for the storage of numbers and characters (character strings). The types of variables used in BASIC include numeric variables, string variables, and system variables.



Numeric variables

Only numeric data can be stored in numeric variables.

Names must be assigned to these variables in accordance with the following rules.

- i) A variable name may consist of any number of characters, but only the first two characters are actually used by the BASIC interpreter to identify the variable. Further, the first character of the variable name must be a letter (A to Z), either letters or numerals may be used for subsequent characters.
- ii) It is not possible to use the names of BASIC commands and statements as variable names.

Correct variable names: ABC, XY, ABCD, A12345

(ABC and ABCD are regarded as the same variable.)

Incorrect variable names: PRINT (PRINT is a BASIC statement)

C@ (Variable names may not include special charac-

ters.)

(Example:)

 $1 \varnothing A = 5 \cdots Stores 5$ in variable A.

 $2\emptyset PRINT A....$ Displays the value stored in variable A.

String variables

String variables are variables which are used for storing character strings. Names assigned to string variables must conform to the same rules as those assigned to numeric variables; however a dollar sign (\$) is appended to the end of string variable names to differentiate them from other types of variables.

String variables may be used to store a maximum of 255 characters. Such variables are blank until string data is assigned to them.

The only operator which can be used in expressions including more than one string variable is the "+" sign.

(Example:)

1Ø	A\$= " ABCD "	Substitutes	the	character	string	ABCD	into	string	variable	A \$.
$2\emptyset$	B\$= " XYZ "	Substitutes	the	character	string	XYZ'	into	string	variable	B\$.
ЗØ	C\$=A\$+B\$	Substitutes	the	sum of str	ring va	riables	A \$ a:	nd B\$	(ABCDX	YZ)
		into string v	arial	ole C\$.						
10	PRINT CS	Displays the	con	tents of st	ring va	riable C	18.			

System Variables

System variables contain values which are automatically changed by the BASIC interpreter. The system variables are size (the variable which indicates the amount of BASIC free area) and TI\$ (a 6-digit variable which contains the value of the system's 24-hour clock).

(Examples:)

1Ø	TI\$="Ø135ØØ"·	This statement assigns the value corresponding to 1:35:00 A.M.
		to system variable TI\$ and sets the system clock to that time.
20	PRINT TIS	· Executing this statement displays the current time of the system
		clock (24-hour time).

Display format:

132810	. Indicates that the time is 13:28:19.
10/019	. Indicates that the time is 13.20.17.

 $PR \mid NT \mid S \mid ZE$ J...... This displays the current amount of free space in the computer's memory (in other words, the amount of space which is available for additional program lines). The value indicated by this variable is reduced each time a program line is entered.

2.2.3 Arrays

Arrays can be thought of as shelves within the computer's memory which contain rows of boxes, each of which represents a variable. The boxes on these shelves are arranged in an orderly sequence, and are identified by means of numbers; these numbers are referred to as subscripts, because they are subscripted to the name which identifies the entire group of boxes.

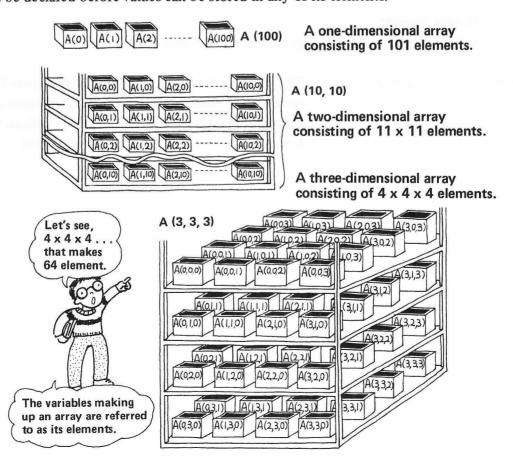
Such shelves of boxes are set up simply by executing an instruction which declares that they exist; this is referred to as making an array declaration. The array declaration specifies the number of boxes which are to be included in each set of shelves (i.e., the size of the shelves) and the manner in which they are to be arranged.

The boxes in each unit of shelves may be arranged in sequences which have any number of dimensions. Thus, a one-dimensional array can be thought of as a single shelf which holds, one row of boxes; a two-dimensional array can be thought of as a stack of shelves, each of which holds one row of boxes; and so forth. These boxes, or variables, are referred to as the array's elements.

The number of subscripts used to identify each of the array elements of a corresponds to the number of dimensions in that array. For example, each of the elements in a one-dimensional array is identified by a single subscript which indicates the box's position in the row; each of the elements in a two dimensional array is identified by two subscripts, one which identifies the box's row, and one which indicates the box's position within that row; and so forth. The numbers which are used as the subscripts start with zero, and have a maximum value which is determined by the size of each of the array's dimensions (i.e., the number of boxes in each row, etc.).

The maximum size of an array is limited by the amount of free space which is available in the computer's memory (i.e., by the size of the program, the number of items of data which are to be stored in the array, and so forth). The syntax of BASIC places no restrictions on the number of dimensions which can be used for any array, but in practice the number of dimensions is limited by the amount of free memory space which is available for storage of array variables.

An array must be declared before values can be stored in any of its elements.



```
(Example 1)
      DIM
                                  Declares 1-dimensional numeric array A with 6 elements.
20
      DIM
             X$(8).....
                                  Declares 1-dimensional string array X$ with 9 elements.
     DIM A(5), X$(8).....
                                  Performs the same function as lines 10 and 20 above.
10
(Example 2)
10
     DIM B(5, 5).....
                                  Declares 2-dimensional numeric array B with 6 x 6
                                  elements.
                                  Declares 2-dimensional string array Y$ with 6 x 9 elements.
      DIM Y$(5, 8)....
     DIM B(5, 5), Y$(5, 8), A(5), X$(8)..... Declares two numeric arrays
                                                          and two string arrays.
(Example 3)
1 \varnothing D \mid M C(3, 3, 3) \cdots Declares 3-dimensional array C with 4 \times 4 \times 4 elements.
```

Note: Different names must be used for each array which is declared; for example, the instruction DIM A(5), A(6) is not a legal array declaration.

Try executing the program shown below and check the results which are obtained.

```
1Ø DIM A(2), B$(2)
2Ø A(Ø)=26
3Ø A(1)=9
4Ø A(2)=-1ØØ
5Ø B$(Ø)="ABC"
6Ø B$(1)="XYZ"
7Ø B$(2)="MZ-7ØØ"
8Ø PRINT A(1)
9Ø PRINT B$(2)
1ØØ PRINT A(2)
11Ø PRINT B$(Ø)+B$(1)
12Ø PRINT A(Ø)
```

Note: Individual variables within an array, such as A(5) and X\$(8), are referred to as an array's elements. Numeric constants, numeric variables, and numeric arrays are collectively referred to as numeric expressions, and string constants, string variables, and string arrays are collectively referred to as string expressions.

2.2.4 BASIC Operations

In BASIC, arithmetic operations take a slightly different form than is the case with ordinary arithmetic. The various arithmetic operators used in BASIC are shown in the table below. The priority of these operators when they are used together within a single expression (the sequence in which the different arithmetic operations are performed) is as indicated by the numbers in the left column of the table; however, operators within parentheses always have the highest priority.

Arithmetic operations

	Operator	Operation	Format
1	1	Exponentiation	$X \uparrow Y$ (Indicates $X^{\mathbf{Y}}$; i.e., X to the Yth power.)
2	2000 - <u>20</u> 00 - 20	Negation	- X
3	*,/	Multiplication, division	$X * Y (X \text{ times } Y), X/Y (\frac{X}{Y}; \text{ i.e., } X \text{ divided by } Y)$
4	+,-	Plus, minus	X + Y (X plus Y), X - Y (X minus Y)



(Example 1)

10 A=3*8/4.....When a series of operators with the same priority are used in an arithmetic expression, calculations are carried out from left to right; thus, the result of the expression at left is 6.

(Example 2)

1Ø A=6Ø-6 \times 8+2·····Result is 14. 2Ø B= (6Ø-6) \times 8+2·····Result is 434.

(Example 3)

1Ø A=213

···· Assigns 2 to the 3rd power to A; result is 8.

String operations

String operations are used to create new strings of character data by concatenating (linking) two or more shorter strings. The only operator which can be used in string operations is the "+" sign.

(Example)

PRINT "ABC"+"DEF" J — Displays the character string "ABCDEF".

2.2.5 Initial settings

Initial settings made when BASIC 1Z-013B is started are as described below.

■ Keyboard

- 1) Operation mode: Normal (alphanumeric)
- 2) Definable function keys

F1	:RUN" +CHR\$ (13)	SHIFT + F1	:CHR\$ ("
F2	:LIST"	SHIFT + F2	:DEF KEY ("
F3	:AUTO"	SHIFT + F3	:CONT"
F4]	:RENUM"	SHIFT + F4	: "SAVE"
F5	:"COLOR"	SHIFT + F5	:LOAD"

Note A carriage return code is included in the definition of function key F1.

■ Built-in clock

The initial value set to system variable TI\$ is "000000".

■ Music function

- 1) Musical performance tempo: 4 (moderato, approximately medium speed)
- 2) Note duration: 5 (quarter note)

■ Control keys and control characters

The control keys are keys which perform special functions when pressed together with the CTRL key. Functions of these keys and their corresponding ASCII codes are as shown in the table below.

[Control codes]

CTRL +	ASCII code (decimal)	Function		
E	5	Selects the lowercase letter input mode for alphanumeric characters.		
F	6	Selects the uppercase letter input mode for alphanumeric characters.		
M	13	Carriage return (CR).		
P	16	Same as the DEL key.		
Q	17	Moves the cursor down one line (1).		
R	18	Moves the cursor up one line (1).		
S	19	Moves the cursor one column (character) to the right (■).		
T	20	Moves the cursor one column (character) to the left ().		
U	21	Moves the cursor to the home position (HOME).		
V	22	Clears the screen to the background color (CLR).		
W	23	Places the computer in the graphic character input mode (GRAPH).		
X	24	Inserts one space (INST).		
Y	25	Places the computer in the alphanumeric input mode.		

Other

The lower limit of the BASIC text area is set to address \$FEFF; this is the same as LIMIT MAX is executed).

For initial printer settings, see the discussion of the printer.

2. 3 Frequently Used BASIC Commands and Statements

2.3.1 Program file input/output instructions

2. 3. 1. 1 LOAD (abbreviated format: LO.)

Format Function LOAD or LOAD "filename"

This command loads the specified BASIC text file or a machine language file to be linked with a BASIC program from cassette tape.

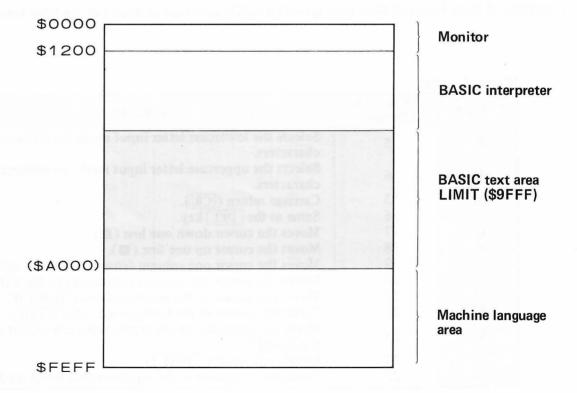
(See pages 14 and 20.)

Only BASIC text files and machine language programs can be loaded with this command. When the file to be loaded is a BASIC text file, the current program is cleared from the BASIC text area when the new program is loaded.

Note

When loading a machine language routine to be linked with a BASIC program, the LIMIT statement must be executed to reserve a machine language program area in memory. Further, the applicable machine language program file is executed as soon as loading is completed if the loading address is inside that area. (In this case, the BASIC text is not erased.)

The LOAD command can be used within a program to load a machine language program file.



Note: The lower limit of the BASIC text area shifts according to the size the program text loaded.

2. 3. 1. 2 SAVE (abbreviated format: SA.)

Format Function

SAVE or SAVE "filename"

This command assigns a file name to the BASIC program in the computer's memory and saves it on cassette tape.



Note

This command saves only the BASIC program text (i.e., the program text displayed by executing the LIST command); it does not save any machine language program in the machine language area.

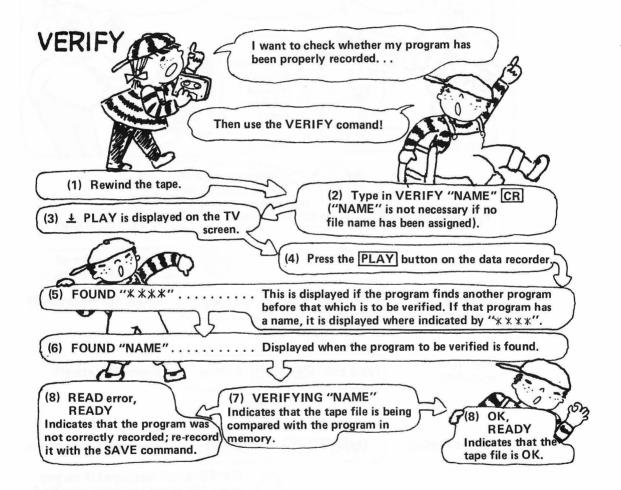
The file name specified is recorded on tape together with the BASIC text file; specify any name desired using up to 16 characters. If no file name is specified, the program is recorded without a file name; however note that this can make file management difficult if more than one program is recorded on a single tape.

2. 3. 1. 3 VERIFY (abbreviated format: V.)

Format Function

VERIFY or VERIFY "filename"

This command is used to confirm that programs have been properly recorded on tape by the SAVE command. This is done by playing the tape and comparing the program read with the program contained in memory. If both programs are the same, "OK" is displayed; if they are different, "READ error" is displayed. In the latter case, save the program again.



2.3.2 Text editing commands

	AUTO or AUTO Ls, n							
	∟s ····· Starting line number							
	n Line number increment							
Function	This command automatically generates program line numbers during entry BASIC program statements.							
Example	(Example 1) $A \cup T \cap J$							
	1∅							
	2Ø							
	3Ø							
					31Ø			
					Automatically generates program line numbers with an increment of 5, starting wi line 300.			
						(Example 3) $AUTO 100$		
		1ØØ						
		Generates program line numbers with an increme						
of 10, starting with line 100.								
(and seems) hundrededid in a consequence of the second seems of the second seems of the second secon								
(Example 4) AUTO, 2∅ J								
	10							
	Generates program line numbers with an increme							
	of 20, starting with line 10.							
	Note: The AUTO command is terminated by pressing SHIFT and BREAK							
3. 2. 2 DELETE	(abbreviated format: D.)							
Format	DELETE Ls-Le Deletes program lines from Ls to Le.							
rormat	DELETE — e Deletes all program lines from the beginning of t							
Format								
roimat	program to line Le. DELETE Ls Deletes all program lines from line Ls to the end							
roimat	program to line Le. DELETE Ls Deletes all program lines from line Ls to the end the program.							
	program to line Le. DELETE Ls							
Example	program to line Le. DELETE Ls							
	program to line Le. DELETE Ls— Deletes all program lines from line Ls to the end the program. DELETE Ls Deletes line Ls. (Example 1) DELETE 15Ø-35Ø J Deletes all program lines from 150 to 35							
	program to line Le. DELETE Ls							
	program to line Le. DELETE Ls							
	program to line Le. DELETE Ls							

..... (abbreviated format: L.) 2. 3. 2. 3 LIST

Format

LIST Ls-Le Ls indicates the starting line number and Le indicates LIST the ending line number. LIST Ls-LIST -Le

Function

This command lists all or part of the program lines contained in the BASIC text area on the display screen.

JLists the entire program. LIST

 $\lfloor \vert ST - 3\varnothing \rfloor$Lists all lines of the program to line 30.

 $L \mid ST \mid 3\varnothing - J \cdots Lists$ all lines of the program from line 30 to the end.

 $L \mid ST \mid 3\varnothing - 5\varnothing J \cdots Lists$ all lines of the program from line 30 to line 50.

LIST 3Ø1....Lists line 30 of the program.

Output of the program list to the display screen can be temporarily interrupted by pressing the space bar; listing is then resumed when the space bar is released. To terminate list output, press the BREAK key together with the SHIFT key.

2. 3. 2. 4 LIST/P (abbreviated format: L./P)

Format

LIST/P <Ls-Le>

Ls Starting line number

Le ····· Ending line number

Function

This command lists all or part of the program in the BASIC text area on the printer. The range of program lines to be listed is specified in the same manner as with the LIST command described above.

Note: The angle brackets < . . . > in the above indicate that the enclosed item is optional.

2. 3. 2. 5 MERGE (abbreviated format: ME.)

Format

MERGE or MERGE "filename"

Function

The MERGE command is used to read a program from cassette tape. When a program is read using this command, it is appended to the program in memory. If "filename" is omitted, the computer reads the first file encountered on the cassette tape.

If any line numbers in the program read are the same as those of the program in memory, corresponding lines of the program in memory are replaced with lines of the program read.

2. 3. 2. 6 NEW

Format

NEW

Function

The NEW command erases the BASIC text area and clears all variables. Execute this command when you wish to clear the program in memory prior to entering another program. This command does not erase the machine language area reserved by the LIMIT statement.

Since the BASIC text area is automatically cleared by the LOAD command, it is not necessary to execute this command before loading a BASIC program from cassette tape.

2. 3. 2. 7 RENUM (abbreviated format: REN.)

Format

Ln New line number RENUM ······Lo Old line number RENUM In RENUM Ln, Lo, n n Increment

Function

This command renumbers the lines of a BASIC program. When this command is executed, line numbers referenced in branch statements such as GOTO, GOSUB, ON ~ GOTO, and ON ~ GOSUB are also reassigned.

Renumbers the lines of the current RENUM program in memory so that they start with 10 and are incremented in units of 10. RENUM 100...... Renumbers the lines of the current program in memory so that they start with 100 and incremented in units of 10. Renumbers lines of the current program RENUM 100, 50, 20..... in memory starting with line number 50; line number 50 is renumbered to 100, and subsequent line numbers are incremented in units of 20.

Example

The example below shows the result of executing RENUM 100, 50, 20 for a sample program.

(Before renumbering	3)	(After renumbering)
5Ø A=1	100	A=1
$6\emptyset A=A+1$		A=A+1
7Ø PRINT A	140	PRINT A
100 GOTO 60	16Ø	GOTO 12Ø

Note

When specifying the new and old line numbers, the new line number specified must be larger than the old line number. Note that an error will result if execution of this command results in generation of a line number which is greater than 65535.

2.3.3 Control commands

2. 3. 3. 1 RUN (abbreviated format: R.)

Format

RUN or RUN Ls

Ls Starting line number

Function

This command executes the current program in the BASIC text area.

If the program is to be executed starting with the first program line, just enter RUN and press the CR key. If execution is to begin with a line other than that the lowest line number, type in RUN Ls (where Ls is the line number at which execution is to start) and press the CR key.

When this command is executed, the BASIC interpreter clears all variables and arrays before passing control to the BASIC program.

2. 3. 3. 2 CONT

..... (abbreviated format: C.)

Format Function CONT

The CONT command is used to resume execution of a program which has been interrupted by pressing SHIFT + BREAK or by a STOP statement in the program. This command can also be used to continue execution of a program which has been interrupted by an END statement; however, in this case care must be taken to ensure that lines following the END statement are not the lines of a subroutine. Examples of situations in which the CONT command can and cannot be used are shown in the table below.

Program continuation possible	Program continuation not possible
• Program execution stopped by pressing SHIFT + BREAK.	Before a RUN command has been executed.
Program execution stopped by a STOP command.	• "READY" displayed due to an error occurring during program execution.
 Program execution stopped by pressing SHIFT + BREAK while the program was a waiting 	• Cassette tape operation interrupted by pressing SHIFT + BREAK.
input for an INPUT statement.	• Program execution stopped during execution of a MUSIC statement.
	 Program execution stopped and "READY" displayed after execution of an END statement.

2. 3. 3. 3 BYE (abbreviated format: B.)

Format Function BYE

This command returns control of the computer from BASIC interpreter 1Z-013B to the monitor program in RAM. (The monitor commands are explained starting on page 99.)

2. 3. 3. 4 KEY LIST (abbreviated format: K. L.)

Format

KEY LIST

Function

This command displays a list of the character strings assigned to the definable functions keys.

KEY LIST
DEF KEY (1) = "RUN" + CHR\$ (13)
DEF KEY (2) = "LIST"
DEF KEY (3) = "AUTO"
DEF KEY (4) = "RENUM"
DEF KEY (5) = "COLOR"
DEF KEY (6) = "CHR\$ ("
DEF KEY (7) = "DEF KEY ("
DEF KEY (8) = "CONT"
DEF KEY (9) = "SAVE"
DEF KEY (1Ø) = "LOAD"
READY

35

2.3.4 Assignment statement

LET

Format

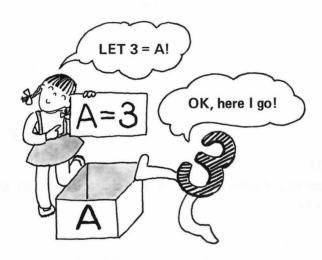
LET v = e or v = e

v ... Numeric variable or array element, or string variable or array element.

e . . . Numeric expression (consisting of one or more constants, variables, or array elements) or string expression (consisting of one or more constants, variables, or array elements).

Function

This statement assigns the value (numeric or string) specified by e to the variable or array element specified by v. As shown in the examples below, LET may be omitted.



Example

1Ø A=1Ø

2Ø B=2Ø 3Ø A=A+B

4Ø PRINT A

5Ø END

10 LET A=10

2Ø LET B=2Ø

30 LET A=A+B 40 PRINT A

5Ø END

RUNJ

ЗØ

.....The two programs above produce exactly the same result.

The following are examples of incorrect use of the LET statement.

 $2\emptyset$ $A = A + B \cdots$ Invalid because different types of variables (string and numeric) are specified on either sides of the "=" sign.

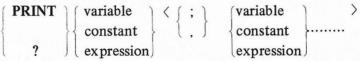
 $2\emptyset$ LOG (LK) = LK+1 ······Invalid because the left side of the statement is not an numeric variable or array element.

2.3.5 Input/output statements

Input/output statements are the means by which data is submitted to the computer for processing, and by which the results of processing are output to the TV screen or printer.

2. 3. 5. 1 PRINT

Format



Function

This statement outputs the values of variables, constants, character strings, or expressions to the display screen. Values are displayed starting at the cursor's current location on the screen. (To move the cursor down one line on the screen, execute the PRINT statement without specifying any variables, constants, or expressions.)

To simplify key input when entering this statement, a question mark (?) may be typed instead of the word PRINT.

Numeric data is displayed by this statement in one of two formats: real number format or exponential format.

Read number format

Numeric values in the range from 1×10^{-8} to 1×10^{8} are displayed in real number format.

Exponential format

Numbers which cannot be displayed in real number format are displayed in exponential format.

$$-.31415E+9$$
 -0.31415×10^{9} $.513606E-20$ 0.513606×10^{-20}

A plus (+) or minus (-) sign is always displayed ahead of the exponent (the number following "E") of a number displayed in exponential format.

Some special methods of using the PRINT statement are shown below.

	clears the entire screen and moves the cursor to the nome
	position (the upper left corner of the screen).
PRINT "	Moves the cursor to the home position without clearing the
	screen.

PR | NT " • Moves the cursor one column to the right.

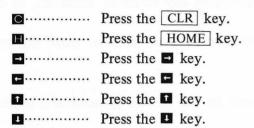
PRINT " • Moves the cursor one column to the left.

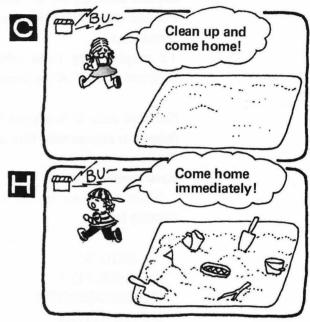
PRINT " • Moves the cursor up one line.

PRINT " **I** Moves the cursor down one line.

PRINT "CILLIA" Clears the screen, then displays the character "A" at the beginning of the sixth line from the top.

To enter the special characters for cursor control, press the GRAPH key; this places BASIC in the graphic character input mode and changes the form of the cursor to "". Next, enter the characters as follows.





After entering a special character, press the ALPHA key to return from the graphic character input mode to the alphanumeric input mode.

2. 3. 5. 2 PRINT USING (abbreviated format: ?USI.)

Format PRINT USING "format string"; variable < \ ; \ variable ...>

This statement displays data on the screen in a specific format. The format specification consists of a character or string of characters in quotation marks, and is specified immediately after the word USING as follows.

(1) Format specification strings for numeric values

(a) #

Function

The number sign is used to specify the maximum number of digits to be displayed. If the number of digits in the number displayed is smaller than the number of # signs specified in "format string", numbers are right-justified in the field defined by that string.

(Example:)

10 A = 123

20 PRINT USING "####"; A

RUN J

_ 123

(b).

A period may be included in a format string consisting of # signs to specify the position in which the decimal point is to be displayed. The number of # signs to the right of the decimal point specifies the number of decimal places to be displayed.

```
(Example:)

10 A = 12.345 : B = 6.789

20 PRINT USING "###.##" ; A

30 PRINT USING "###.##" ; B

RUN J

12.34

6.79
```

(c),

Commas may also be included in "format string" to indicate positions in which commas are to be displayed. Numbers are right-justified in the same manner as when # signs are used alone.

```
(Example:)

10 A = 6345123 : B = 987324

20 PRINT USING "#, ###, ###" ; A

30 PRINT USING "#, ###, ###" ; B

RUN J

6,345,123

____ 987,324
```

(d) + and -

A plus (+) or minus (-) sign may be included at the end of "format string" to specify that the sign of the number is to be displayed in that position instead of a space. For instance, PRINT USING "####+" will cause the sign to be displayed immediately after the number. (PRINT USING "####-" causes a minus sign to be displayed following the number if the number is negative; if the number is positive, only a space is displayed in that position.) Further, a plus sign may be specified at the beginning of a format string to indicate that the number's sign is to be displayed in that position regardless of whether it is positive or negative.

Although a minus sign will be displayed if one is specified at the beginning of the format string, it will have no relationship to the sign of the number.

(e) **

Specifying a pair of asterisks at the beginning of the format string indicates that asterisks are to be displayed in the positions of leading zeros.

(Example:)

10 A = 1234

20 PRINT USING " * * ####"; A

RUN J

**1234

(f) ££

Specifying a pair of pound signs at the beginning of the format string indicates that a pound sign is to be displayed in the position immediately to the left of the number.

(Example:)

10 A = 123

20 PRINT USING "££####"; A

RUN J

__ £123

$(g) \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow$

Four exponential operators may be included at the end of a format string to control display of numbers in exponential format.

(Example:)

10 A = 51 123

20 PRINT USING "##.### ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ "; A

RUN J

□ 5.112E+04

In this case, the first number sign is reserved for display of the sign of the number.

(h) Extended list of operands

A list of variables may be specified following a single PRINT USING statement by separating them from each others with commas or semicolons. When this is done, the format specified in "format string" is used for display of all resulting values.

(Example:)

10 A = 5.3 : B = 6.9 : C = 7.123

20 PRINT USING "##.###"; A, B, C

RUN J

_ 5.300 _ 6.900 _ 7.123

(2) Format specification for string values

(a)!

When the values being displayed are character strings, specifying an exclamation mark in "format string" causes just the first character of the string specified to be displayed.

(Example:)
10 A\$ = "CDE"
20 PRINT USING "!"; A\$
RUN J

(b) & _ _ _ &

(Examples:)

10 A\$ = "ABCDEFGH"
20 PRINT USING "& _ _ _ & "; A\$

RUN)

ABCDEF

10 A\$ = "XY"

20 PRINT USING "& _ _ _ &"; A\$

RUN >

XY

(3) String constant output function

When any character other than those described above is included in the format string of a PRINT USING statement, that character is displayed together with the value specified following the semicolon.

(Example:)
10 A = 123
20 PRINT USING "DATA####"; A
RUN J
DATA_123

(4) Separation of USING

Usually, PRINT and USING are specified adjacent to each other; however, it is possible to use them separately within the same statement.

(Example:)

10 A = -12 : B = 14 : C = 12 20 PRINT A; B; USING "####" ; C

Normal PRINT function USING function

RUN J

 $-12 \, \square \, 14 \, \square \, \square \, 12$

2. 3. 5. 3 INPUT (abbreviated format: I.)

Format

```
numeric variable
                                                 numeric variable
INPUT
        string variable
                       ... or INPUT "character string"; string variable
        array element
                                                 array element
INPUT A
                             INPUT "DATA A= " ; A
INPUT B$
                             INPUT "YES OR NO"; B$
                             INPUT "KEY IN"; X (5)
```

Function

INPUT is one of the statements which is used for entering values for assignment to variables during program execution. Program execution pauses when an INPUT statement is encountered to allow values to be typed in from the keyboard. After input has been completed, the values are substituted into specified variables by pressing the CR key, then program execution resumes.

(Example:)

INPUT X(5)

INPUT 1 Ø $2\emptyset$ C = A + B30 PRINT C 40 END

When the program above is executed, a question mark is displayed and the cursor blinks to indicate that the computer is waiting for data input; enter any arbitrary number, then press the CR key. This assigns the value entered to variable A.

After doing this, the question mark will be displayed again. The reason for this is that two variables (A and B) are specified in the INPUT statement on line 10, but only one value has been entered (that which is substituted into variable A). Enter another arbitrary number and press the CR key again; this substitutes the second value entered into variable B and causes execution to go on to the next line of the program. In the example above, subsequent lines add the values of A and B, substitute the result into C, then display the contents of C.

Since the variables used in this example are numeric variables, the computer will display the message ILLEGAL DATA ERROR if an attempt is made to enter any characters other than numerics. The question mark is then redisplayed to prompt the user to reenter a legal value (a value whose type is the same as that of the variable or array element into which it is to be substituted). Be sure to enter data whose type matches that of the variable(s) specified in the INPUT statement.

During program execution, it may be difficult to remember what data is to be entered when the question mark is displayed; therefore, prompt strings are usually included in INPUT statements for display on the screen as a reminder. This is done as shown in the program example below.

```
10
    INPUT "A=";A
20
   INPUT "B=";B
30 PRINT "A+B="; A+B
4\emptyset PRINT "A-B=";A-B
50 PRINT "AXB="; AXB
6\emptyset PRINT "A/B=";A/B
7Ø END
```

Try running the program shown above. Inclusion of character strings in the PRINT and INPUT statements provides a clear indication of the program's operation. Practical computer programs consist of combinations of sequences similar to the one shown here. By combining commands, statements, and sequences in different manners, you will soon find that there are many different methods of achieving a desired result.

2. 3. 5. 4 GET

Format

GET v

Function

v..... Numeric variable or array element, or string variable or array element. When this statement is encountered during program execution, the BASIC interpreter checks whether any key on the keyboard is being pressed and, if so, assigns the corresponding value to the variable specified in v. Whereas the INPUT statement prompts for entry of data and waits until that data has been entered before resuming execution, the GET statement continues execution regardless of whether any key

Although data is substituted into variable v by the GET statement if any keys are pressed when the statement is executed, the variable will be left empty (0 for a numeric variable or null for a string variable) if no keys are pressed.

With numeric variables, this statement allows a single digit (from 0 to 9) to be entered; with string variables, it allows a single character to be entered.

This statement can be extremely useful when you want to enter data without pressing the CR key, as is often the case with game programs.

(Example:)

is being pressed.

1Ø PRINT "NEXT GO? (Y OR N) "

2Ø GET A\$

 $3\varnothing$ | F A\$="Y" THEN $5\varnothing\cdots$ In the example above, execution jumps from line 30 to line 50 if the value of variable A\$ is "Y".

4Ø GOTO 2Ø..... Line 40 unconditionally transfers exe-

5Ø PRINT "PROGRAM END "cution to line 20.

6Ø END

This program displays the prompt "NEXT GO? (Y OR N)" and waits for input. When the Y key is pressed, execution moves to line 50 and the program ends. Until that time, however, execution loops repeatedly between lines 20 and 40. Now delete lines 30 and 40 and try executing the program again. As you can see, execution is completed immediately regardless of whether any keys have been pressed.

Note: When GET statements are executed in succession, a routine should be included between them to ensure that each is completed before going on to the next. The reason for this is that key chatter (vibration of the contacts of the key switches) may result in two GET statements being executed simultaneously.

2. 3. 5. 5 READ ~ DATA (abbreviated format: REA. \sim DA.) READ numeric variable **Format** numeric variable string variable string variable array element array element DATA numeric constant \ \ \ \ \ numeric constant \ string constant string constant Function Like the INPUT and GET statements, the READ statement is used to submit data to the computer for processing. However, unlike the INPUT and GET statements, data is not entered from the keyboard, but is stored in the program itself in DATA statements. More specifically, the function of the READ statement is to read successive items of data into variables from a list of values which follows a DATA statement. When doing this, there must be a one-to-one correspondence between the variables of the READ statements and the data items specified in the DATA statements. Example (Example 1) 1Ø READ A, B, C, D 2Ø PRINT A; B; C; D 3Ø END 4Ø DATA 1Ø, 1ØØ, 5Ø, 6Ø RUN J 10 100 50 60In this example, values specified in the DATA statement are read into variables A, B, C, and D by the READ statement, then the values of those variable are displayed. (Example 2) READ X\$, A1, Z\$ 10 PRINT X\$; A1; Z\$ 20 ЗØ END DATA A. 1, CAs shown by the example below, string 4Ø data included in DATA statements does not need to be enclosed in quotation marks. RUN > The READ statement in this example A_1C picks successive data items from the list specified in the DATA statement, then substitutes each item into the correspond-

ing variable in the list following the

READ statement.

(Example 3)

1Ø DIM A (2)

20 READ A (0), A (1), A (2)

3Ø PRINT A (Ø); A (1); A (2)

4Ø END

5Ø DATA 3, 4, 5

RUN J

3 4 5

The READ statement in this program substitutes the numeric values following the DATA statement into array elements A(0), A(1), and A(2), then the PRINT statement on line 30 displays the values of those array elements.

(Example 4)

10 READ A 20 READ B

3Ø DATA X

The example above is incorrect because (1) a numeric variable is specified by the READ statement on line 10, but the value specified following the DATA statement is a string value, and (2) there is no data which can be read by the READ statement on line 20.

```
2. 3. 5. 6 RESTORE ...... (abbreviated format: ... RES.)
     Format
               RESTORE or RESTORE Ln
     Function
               When READ statements are executed, a pointer managed by the BASIC interpreter
               is incremented to keep track of the next item of data to be read from DATA state-
               ments. The RESTORE statement resets this pointer to (1) the beginning of the
               first DATA statement in the program or (2) the beginning of the DATA statement
               on a specified line.
    Example
                          1, 2, 3
               1Ø DATA
                          "AA", "BB"
               20 DATA
               3Ø READ X, Y
               4Ø READ Z, V$
               100 RESTORE
               11Ø READ A, B, C, D$, E$
               .....
               200 READ I.J
               21Ø RESTORE
               220 READ M, N
               23Ø RESTORE 26Ø
               24Ø READ O, P
               250 DATA 1, 2, 3, 4
               260 DATA -1, -2, -3, -4
               An error will result if the number specified in Ln is the number of non-existent line.
                                         This function creates random
              10 X = 33 \times RND(1)
                                         numbers (see page 72).
              2Ø FOR A=1
                              TO 5
              30 READ M$
              4Ø PRINT TAB (Ø); "◆"; TAB (X); M$;
              5Ø PRINT TAB (37); "◆
              60 NEXT A
              70 \text{ Y}=10 \text{ RND} (1)
              8Ø FOR A=1 TO Y
              9Ø PRINT TAB (Ø); "◆";
              100 PRINT TAB (37); "◆": NEXT
```

Note: See page 62 for the TAB function and page 47 for the FOR . . . NEXT statement.

⊗⊗⊗ " .

 $\bullet \infty \infty \infty \bullet$

110 RESTORE: GOTO 10

12Ø DATA "

13Ø DATA"

14Ø DATA

2.3.6 Loop and branch instructions

2. 3. 6. 1 FOR ~ NEXT (abbreviated format: F. ~ N.)

Format

Function

FOR cv = iv TO fv < STEP sv >

NEXT < cv >

cv Control variable; a numeric variable or array element.

iv Initial value; a numeric expression.

fv Final value; a numeric expression.

sv Increment, or step value; a numeric expression (if omitted, 1 is assumed).

This statement repeats the instructions between FOR and NEXT a certain number of times.

10 A=0

20 FOR N=0 TO 10 STEP 2

 $3\emptyset A=A+1$

40 PRINT "N="; N,

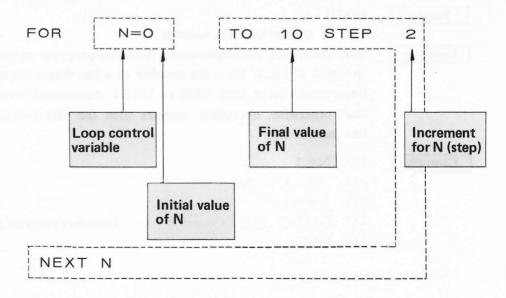
50 PRINT "A="; A

6Ø NEXT N

- (1) In the program above, 0 is assigned to N as the initial value.
- (2) Next, lines 20 through 50 are executed and the values of variables A and N displayed.
- (3) In line 60, the value of N is increased by 2, after which the BASIC interpreter checks to see whether N is greater than 10, the final value. If not, lines following line 20 are repeated.

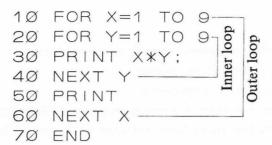
When the value of N exceeds 10, execution leaves the loop and subsequent instructions (on lines following line 60) are executed. The program above repeats the loop 6 times.

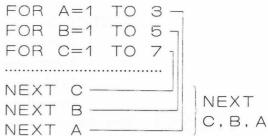
If \leq STEP sv> is omitted from the statement specification, the value of N is increased by 1 each time the loop is repeated. In the case of the program above, omitting \leq STEP sv> in this manner would result in 11 repetitions of the loop.



FOR . . . NEXT loops may be nested within other FOR . . . NEXT loops. When doing this, inner loops must be completely included within outer ones. Further, separate control variables must be used for each loop.

Example





When loops C, B, and A all end at the same point as in the example above, one NEXT statement may be used to indicate the end of all the loops.

Incorrect example:

FOR I=1 TO 1Ø
FOR J=K TO K+5
NEXT I
NEXT J

➤ Different control variables must be used in each loop.

X Loops may not cross one another.

Note

The syntax of BASIC does not limit the number of levels to which loops may be nested; however, space is required to store return addresses for each level, so the number of levels is limited by the amount of available free space.

The CLR statement (see page 59) cannot be used within a FOR ... NEXT loop.

2.3.6.2 GOTO .

..... (abbreviated format: ... G.)

Format

GOTO Ln

Ln... Destination line number

Function

This statement unconditionally transfers program execution to the line number specified in Ln. If Ln is the number of a line which contains executable statements (statements other than REM or DATA statements), execution resumes with that line; otherwise, execution resumes with the first executable statement following line number Ln.

Example

$$1 \varnothing N=1$$

20 PRINT N

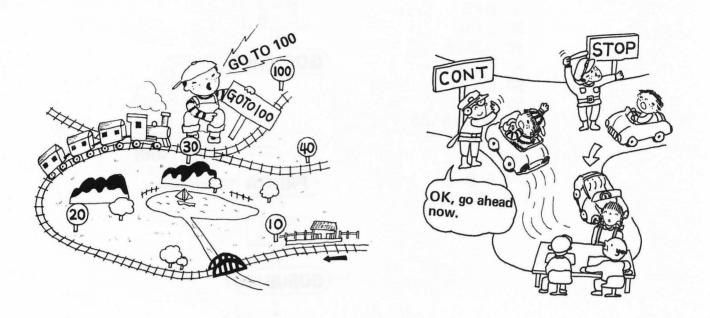
3Ø N=N+1

4Ø GOTO 2Ø

·····Transfers program execution to line 20.

5Ø END

Since execution of the program shown above will continue indefinitely, stop it by pressing the SHIFT and BREAK keys together (this may be done at any time to stop execution of a BASIC program). To resume execution, execute the CONT J command.



Note

The line number specified in a GOTO statement may not be that of a line included within a FOR ... NEXT loop.

2. 3. 6. 3 GOSUB ~ RETURN (abbreviated format: GOS. ~ RET.)

Format

GOSUB Ln

RETURN

Ln... Destination line number

Function

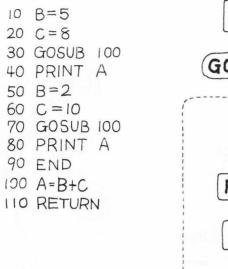
The GOSUB statement unconditionally transfers program execution to a BASIC subroutine beginning at the line number specified in Ln; after execution of the subroutine has been completed, execution is returned to the statement following GOSUB when a RETURN statement is executed.

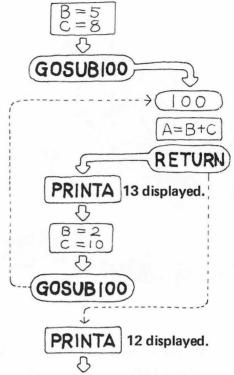
GOSUB ~ RETURN statements are frequently used when the same processing is required at several different points in a program. In such cases, a subroutine which performs this processing is included at some point in the program, and execution is branched to this subroutine at appropriate points by means of the GOSUB statement. After the required processing has been completed, execution is returned to the main routine by the RETURN statement.

Example

Note

The syntax of BASIC imposes no limit on the extent to which subroutines can be nested (that is, on the number of levels of subroutine calls which can be made from other subroutines); however, in practice a limitation is imposed by the amount of free space in memory which is available for storing return addresses.





2. 3. 6. 4 IF \sim THEN (abbreviated format: ... IF \sim TH.)

Format

IF e THEN Ln

IF e THEN statement

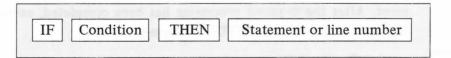
e: A relational expression or logical expression

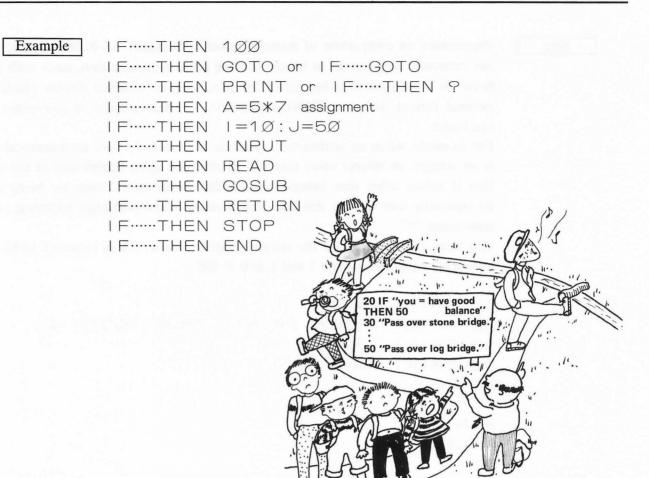
Ln: Destination line number

Function

IF...THEN statements are used to control branching of program execution according to the result of a logical or relational expression. When the result of such an expression is true, statements following THEN are executed. If a line number is specified following THEN, program execution jumps to that line of the program if the result of the expression is true.

If the result of the logical or relational expression is false, execution continues with the program line following that containing the ${\rm IF}$. . . THEN statement.





Examples of logical and relational expressions

	Operator	Sample application	Explanation
		IF A=X THEN	If the value of numeric variable A equals the value of X, execute the statements following THEN.
su		IF A\$= "XYZ " THEN…	If the contents of string variable A\$ equal "XYZ", execute the statements following THEN.
ressio	>	IF A>X THEN	If the value of variable A is greater than X, execute the statements following THEN.
al exp	<	IF A <x td="" then<=""><td>If the value of variable A is less then X, execute the statements following THEN.</td></x>	If the value of variable A is less then X, execute the statements following THEN.
Relational expressions	<> or ><	IF A<>X THEN	If the value of variable A is not equal to X, execute the statements following THEN.
R	>= or =>	IF A>=X THEN	If the value of variable A is greater than or equal to X, execute the statements following THEN.
	<= or =<	IF A<=X THEN	If the value of variable A is less than or equal to X, execute the statements following THEN.
Logical expressions	*	F(A>X)*(B>Y) THEN…	If the value of variable A is greater than X and the value of variable B is greater than Y, execute the statements following THEN.
	+	IF(A>X)+(B>Y) THEN…	If the value of variable A is greater than X or the value of variable B is greater than Y, execute the statements following THEN.

Note

Precautions on comparison of numeric values with BASIC 1Z-013B, numeric values are internally represented in binary floating point representation; since such values must be converted to other forms for processing or external display (such as in decimal format with the PRINT statement), a certain amount of conversion error can occur.

For example, when an arithmetic expression is evaluated whose mathematical result is an integer, an integer value may not be returned upon completion of the operation if values other than integers are handled while calculations are being made. Be especially sure to take this into consideration when evaluating relational expressions using "=".

This need is illustrated by the sample program below, which returns FALSE after testing for equality between 1 and $1/100 \times 100$.

```
1Ø A=1/100*100

2Ø IF A=1 THEN PRINT "TRUE":GOTO 40

3Ø PRINT "FALSE"

4Ø PRINT "A=";A

5Ø END

RUN

FALSE

A=1
```

The fact that both "FALSE" and "A = 1" are displayed as the result of this program showns that external representation of numbers may differ from the number's internal representation.

Therefore, a better method of checking for equality in the program example above is as follows.

```
20 IF ABS (A-1) < .1E-8 THEN PRINT "TRUE": GOTO 40
```

2. 3. 6. 5 IF \sim GOTO (abbreviated format: IF \sim G.)

Format

IF e GOTO Lr

e: Relational expression or logical expression

Lr: Destination line number

Function

This statement sequence evaluates the condition defined by relational or logical expression e, then branches to the line number specified in Lr if the condition is satisfied. As with the IF . . . THEN sequence, IF \sim GOTO is used for conditional branching; when the specified condition is satisfied, program execution jumps to the line number specified in Lr. If the condition is not satisfied, execution continues with the next line of the program. (Any statements following IF \sim GOTO on the same program line will be ignored.)

Example

```
1Ø G=Ø:N=Ø
2Ø INPUT "GRADE=";X
3Ø IF X=999 GOTO 1ØØ
4Ø T=T+X:N=N+1
5Ø GOTO 2Ø
1ØØ PRINT "-----"
11Ø PRINT "TOTAL:";T
12Ø PRINT "NO. PEOPLE:";N
13Ø PRINT "AVERAGE:";T/N
14Ø END
```

Format

IF e GOSUB Lr

e: Relational expression or logical expression

Lr: Destination line number

Function

This statement evaluates the condition defined by relational or logical expression e, then, if the condition is satisfied, branches to the subroutine beginning on the line number specified in Lr. Upon completion of the subroutine, execution returns to the first executable statement following the calling IF \sim GOSUB statement; therefore, if multiple statements are included on the line with the IF \sim GOSUB statement, execution returns to the first statement following IF \sim GOSUB.

Example

```
X = X ; X
10
   INPUT
20
   IF X<Ø GOSUB 1ØØ:PRINT"X<Ø"
3Ø IF X=Ø GOSUB 2ØØ:PRINT"X=Ø"
4Ø
   IF X>Ø GOSUB 3ØØ:PRINT"X>Ø"
5Ø PRINT
6Ø GOTO 1Ø
100 PRINT
             * PROGRAM LINE
                               1 \emptyset \emptyset
                                   ":RETURN
200 PRINT
             * PROGRAM LINE
                               200
                                   ": RETURN
300 PRINT
             * PROGRAM LINE 300
                                   ":RETURN
```

2. 3. 6. 7 ON~GOTO (abbreviated format: ON~G.)

Format

ON e GOTO $Lr_1 < Lr_2 , Lr_3 , \ldots , Lr_i >$

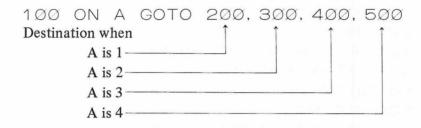
e . . . Numeric variable, array element, or expression

Lri . List of destination line numbers

Function

This statement branches execution to one of the line numbers following GOTO. depending on the value of e.

The value of e indicates which of the line numbers following GOTO is to be used for making the branch; in other words, if e is 1, execution branches to the first line number in the list; if e is 2, execution branches to the second line number in the list; and so forth. For example:



Example

```
10 INPUT "NUMBER"; A
2Ø ON A GOTO 5Ø, 6Ø, 7Ø
5Ø PRINT"XXX":GOTO
6Ø PRINT "YYY" : GOTO
                           10
7Ø PRINT"ZZZ":GOTO
                           10
RUN
                      If a decimal number such as 1. 2 is
NUMBER
                      specified, the decimal portion is truncated
XXX
                      before evaluating the statement.
NUMBER
YYY
NUMBER ?
```

Note

When the value of e in an ON~GOTO statement is greater than the number of line numbers specified following GOTO, execution continues with the next line of the program.

This also applies if the value of e is less than 1 or negative.

Further, if the value of e is a non-integer, the decimal portion is truncated to obtain an integer value before the statement is evaluated.

2. 3. 6. 8 ON~GOSUB (abbreviated format: ON~GOS.)

Format ON e

ON e GOSUB $Lr_1 < , Lr_2, Lr_3, \ldots, Lri >$

e . . . Numeric variable, array element, or expression

Lri . Destination line numbers

Function

This statement branches execution to the subroutine beginning on one of the line numbers following GOSUB, depending on the value of e. Operation of this statement is basically the same as with the ON~GOTO statement, but all branches are made to subroutines. Upon return from the subroutine, execution resumes with the first executable statement following the ON~GOSUB statement which made the call.

Example

Let's try using the ON~GOSUB statement in a scheduling program. The most important point to note in the following program is that, a subroutine call is made at line 180, even though line 180 itself is part of a subroutine (from line 170 to 190) which is called by line 90. Subroutines can be nested to many levels in this manner.

```
1Ø A$= "
                ":B$="
                        MATH
                              ": C$= "
         ENGL
                                       FREN
                ": E$= "
                        MUS
                              ":F$="
2Ø D$="
         SCI
                                       GYM
3Ø G$="
         HIST
                ": H$= "
                        ART
                              ": | $= "
                                       GEOG
4Ø J$= BUS
                ": K$= " H RM
50 INPUT "WHAT DAY?"; X$
60 FOR Z=1 TO 7:Y$=MID$ ("SUNMONTUEWEDTHU
FRISAT", 1+3*(Z-1), 3) : IF Y$=X$ THEN X=Z
7Ø NEXT Z
8\emptyset \text{ FOR } Y = \emptyset \text{ TO } 4 : PRINT TAB(5+6*Y) : Y+1 :
9Ø NEXT Y:PRINT
100 ON X GOSUB 180,120,130,140,150,160,170
11Ø PRINT: GOTO 5Ø
12Ø PRINT"MON "; A$; B$; D$; G$; K$: RETURN
13Ø PRINT "TUE "; B$; E$; H$; H$; D$: RETURN
14Ø PRINT"WED "; C$; C$; I$; A$; F$: RETURN
15Ø PRINT "THU "; B$; D$; F$; G$; E$: RETURN
160 PRINT "FRI "; A$; D$; I$; C$; C$: RETURN
170 PRINT "SAT "; B$; G$; D$; K$: RETURN
18Ø FOR Y=1 TO 6
19Ø ON Y GOSUB 12Ø, 13Ø, 14Ø, 15Ø, 16Ø, 17Ø
200 PRINT: NEXT Y
21Ø RETURN
```

2.3.7 Definition statements

2, 3, 7, 1 DIM

Format

im, in, jn Dimensions

Function

This statement is used to declare (define) arrays with from one to four dimensions and to reserve space in memory for the number of dimensions declared (DIM: dimension). Up to two characters can be specified as the array name, and subscripts of any value may be specified to define the size of dimensions; however, the number of dimensions which can be used is limited in practice by the amount of free memory available.

Example

(Examples:)

1Ø DIM A (1ØØ)

2Ø FOR J=Ø TO 1ØØ

3Ø READ A (J)

40 NEXT J

5Ø DATA 5, 3Ø, 12,

(Examples:)

1Ø DIM A\$ (1), B\$ (1), C\$ (1)

20 FOR J=0 TO 1 : READ A\$ (J), B\$ (J)

 $3\emptyset$ C\$ (J) =A\$ (J) + " "+B\$ (J)

4Ø PRINT A\$ (J), B\$ (J), C\$ (J)

5Ø NEXT J

6Ø END

7Ø DATA YOUNG, GIRL, WHITE, ROSE

Note

Execution of the DIM statement sets the values of all elements of declared arrays to 0 (for numeric arrays) or null (for string arrays). Therefore, this statement should be executed before values are assigned to arrays.

Different names must be used for each array which is declared; for example, the instruction DIM A(5), A(6) is not a legal array declaration.

All array declarations are nullified by execution of a CLR statement (see page 59) and a NEW statement (see page 32).

2. 3. 7. 2 DEF FN

Format

DEF FN f(x) = e

f ... Name assigned to the function being defined (one uppercase letter from A to Z)

x . . . Argument (variable name)

e . . . Numeric expression (constant, variable, array element, or function) or previously defined user function

Function

The DEF FN statement is used to define user function FN f (x). Such functions consist of combinations of functions which are intrinsic to BASIC.

Example

DEF FNA (X) = $2 \times X \uparrow 2 + 3 \times X + 1 \dots$ Defines $2X^2 + 3X + 1$ as FNA (X).

DEF FNE (V) = $1/2*M*V \uparrow 2$ Defines $1/2MV^2$ as FNE (V).

 $1\emptyset$ DEF FNB(X)=TAN(X-PAI(1)/6)

 $2\emptyset$ DEF FND (X) = FNB (X)/ C+X··Defines function FNB using the function defined on line 10.

(Incorrect definitions)

10 DEF FNK (X)=SIN (X/3+PAI(1)/4), FNL (X)=EXP($-X\uparrow2/K$) . . . Only one user function can be defined by a single DEF FN statement.

Find the kinetic energy of a mass of 5.5 when it is imparted with initial accelerations of 3.5, 3.5×2 , and 3.5×3 .

1Ø DEF FNE (V) = $1/2 \times M \times V \uparrow 2$

2Ø M=5.5:V=3.5

3Ø PRINT FNE(V), FNE(V*2), FNE(V*3)

4Ø END

Note

All user function definitions are cleared when the CLR statement and the NEW statement is executed.

2. 3. 7. 3 DEF KEY

Format

DEF KEY (k) = S\$

k..... Definable function key number (1 to 10)

S\$ Character string (up to 15 characters).

Function

Character strings can be assigned to any of the ten function keys to allow strings to be entered at any time just by pressing a single key. This statement is used to define such strings and assign them to the definable function keys. Function key numbers 1 to 5 are entered just by pressing the corresponding key at the top left corner of the keyboard; keys 6 to 10 are entered by pressing the SHIFT key together with the corresponding key. The function key number (1 to 10) is specified in k, and the string or command which is to be assigned to the key is specified exactly as it is to be entered in S\$. Execution of the DEF KEY statement cancels the previous definition of the definable function key.

No other statement can be specified after a DEF KEY statement on the same line.

(Example:)

10 DEF KEY (1) = " | NPUT " Defines key F1 as INPUT 20 DEF KEY (2) = " RUN " + CHR\$(13) ... Defines F2 as RUN J

Note: CHR\$ (13) indicates the ASCII code for \overline{CR} , and specifying it together with the string assigned to a definable function key has the same effect as pressing the \overline{CR} key. (See the description of the CHR\$ function on page 78 and the ASCII code table on page 154.)

2.3.8 Remark statement and control commands

2.3.8.1 REM

Format

REM r

r Programmer's remark

Function

REM is a non-executable statement which is specified in a program line to cause the BASIC interpreter to ignore the remainder of that line. Since REM statements are non-executable, they may be included at any point in the program without affecting the results of execution. REM statements are generally used to make a program easier to read, or to add explanatory notes to a program.

Multiple statement program lines

When more than one statement is included on a single program line, each statement must be separated from the one preceding it by a colon (:). Operation of the BASIC interpreter is generally the same in such cases as when the same statements are specified on different lines. For example, the two programs below produce exactly the same result.

Note: Also note that program operation may differ when multiple statement lines are used as shown below.

```
1Ø INPUT A
2Ø B=Ø
3Ø IF 99<A THEN B=1
Inine 10 is greater than or equal to 100, and 0
if the value entered is less than 100.
```

10 INPUT A:B=0:IF 99<A THEN B=1:PRINT B 20 END

This program displays 1 if the value entered is greater than or equal to 100, but nothing at all if the value entered is less than 100. The reason for this is that statements following THEN on line 10 are not executed if the IF condition is not satisfied.

2. 3. 8. 2 STOP

..... (abbreviated format: S.)

Format Function STOP

Temporarily stops program execution, displays BREAK and READY, then waits for entry of executable commands in the direct mode.

The STOP statement is used to temporarily interrupt program execution, and may be inserted at as many points and locations in the program as required. Since execution of the program is only interrupted temporarily, the PRINT statement can be used in the direct mode to check the values stored in variables, after which execution can be resumed by entering CONT . .

Example

1Ø READ A, B

 $2\emptyset X = A \times B$

3Ø STOP

4Ø Y=A/B

5Ø PRINT X, Y

6Ø DATA 15, 5

7Ø END

RUN

BREAK IN 3Ø

Note

Unlike the END statement, no files are closed by the STOP statement. (See page 68 concerning procedures for opening and closing of files.)

2. 3. 8. 3 END (abbreviated format: E.)

Format Function **END**

The END statement terminates program execution and returns the BASIC interpreter to the command mode for input of direct mode commands. When this statement is executed, READY is displayed to indicate that the BASIC interpreter is ready. After the END statement has been executed, execution cannot be resumed by executing the CONT command even if there are executable statements on program lines following the END statement.

Note

All open files are closed when the END statement is executed. (See page 68 concerning procedures for opening and closing files.)

Differences between the STOP and END statements

10700	Screen display	Files	Resumption of execution
STOP	BREAK IN XXXX READY	Open files are not closed.	Can be resumed by executing CONT.
END	READY	Open files are closed	Cannot be resumed.

2.3.8.4 CLR

Format Function CLR

The CLR command clears all variables and cancels all array definitions. All numeric variables are cleared to 0, and null strings (" ") are placed in all string variables; arrays are eliminated entirely by nullifying all previously executed DIM statements. Therefore, DIM statements must be executed to redefine the dimensions of required arrays before they can be used again.

The CLR command also cancels all function definitions made with the DEF FN statement; therefore, it is also necessary to reexecute DEF FN statements to redefine such functions before they can be used again.

Note

CLR statements cannot be included in a FOR~NEXT loop or BASIC subroutine.

2.3.8.5 TIS

Format

TI\$ "hh mm ss"

Function

TI\$ is the name of the system string variable which contains the time of the computer's built-in clock.

This built-in variable is automatically incremented once each second, and the six character string contained in this variable indicates the hour, minute, and second, with two characters used for each. For example, if the string contained in TI\$ is "092035", the time is 9:20:35 A. M.

Variable TI\$ is automatically set to 00:00:00 when BASIC is loaded into the computer. To set the current time of day, use the string assignment statement. For example, the clock can be set to 7:00:00 P. M. by executing the following.

TI\$ = "190000"

The clock is set to 7:00:00 and then restarted automatically when the CR key is pressed.

The digits specified for the hour must be in the range from 00 to 23, and those specified for the minute and second must each be in the range from 00 to 59. The following program displays the current local time in various cities of the world.

Example

10 PRINT "0"
20 DIM C\$ (10), D(10), E(10), T\$ (10)

3Ø FOR I=1 TO 1Ø: READ C\$(I), D(I): NEXT I

4Ø PRINT "ENTER NEW YORK TIME (HOUR, MINUT E, SECOND) "

50 INPUT B\$:TI\$=B\$:PRINT"0"

6Ø PRINT "■":T\$ (1) =TI\$

 $7\emptyset$ FOR I=1 TO $1\emptyset$

 $8\emptyset E(I) = VAL(LEFT\$(T\$(1), 2)) + D(I)$

 $9\emptyset$ IF E(I) = 24 THEN E(I) = \emptyset

100 IF E (I) < 0 THEN E (I) = 24 + E (I)

110 T\$ (I) = STR\$ (E (I)) + RIGHT\$ (T\$ (1), 4)

120 IF LEN(T\$(1)) = 5 THEN T\$(1) = "0" + T\$(1)

13Ø PRINT C\$(I); TAB(15); LEFT\$(T\$(I), 2);

14Ø PRINT": "; MID\$ (T\$ (I), 3, 2); ": "; RIGHT\$ (T\$ (I), 2);

15Ø NEXT I:GOTO 6Ø

160 DATA NEW YORK, Ø, MOSCOW, 8, RIO DE JANE IRO, 2

17Ø DATA SYDNEY, 15, HONOLULU, -5, LONDON, 5, CAIRO, 7

180 DATA TOKYO, 14, SAN FRANCISCO, -3, PARIS, 6

Note

The TI\$ variable cannot be specified in an INPUT statement. Further, after the time changes from 23:59:59 to 00:00:00, the time "00:00:01" is not displayed.

2. 3. 8. 6 CURSOR (abbreviated format: CU.)

Format

CURSOR x, v

x... X coordinate (0 to 39)

y... Y coordinate (0 to 24)

Function

This command is used to move the cursor to a specified position on the TV (display) screen, and can be used together with the PRINT and INPUT statements to display characters in any desired location.

In the system of screen coordinates used, the columns of the screen are numbered from left to right, starting with 0 on the left side and ending with 39 on the right side; lines of the screen are numbered from top to bottom, with 0 indicating the top line of the screen and 24 indicating the bottom line. Thus, the cursor can be moved to any desired position in the range from (0, 0), which indicates the top left corner of the screen, to (39, 24) indicates the bottom right corner.

Example

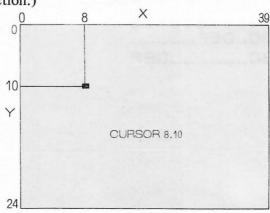
The following program moves an asterisk (*) about on the screen as the cursor keys are pressed.

```
1 Ø
   X = \emptyset : Y = \emptyset
   PRINT "C"
15
   CURSOR X, Y:PRINT " * ";
20
   GET AS: IF AS= " THEN
ЗØ
                                30
40
   CURSOR X, Y:PRINT"
50
    IF A$= "1"
                 THEN
                        Y=Y-1
                                       "UP
                                : REM
60
    IF
        A$= " I "
                 THEN
                        Y=Y+1
                                : REM
                                       " DOWN
7Ø
    IF
       A$= " - "
                 THEN
                        X=X-1
                                : REM
                                       "LEFT
80
    IF
       A$= " -
                 THEN
                       X=X+1
                                : REM
                                       "RIGHT
90
   IF X<Ø
                 THEN
                       X = \emptyset
100
     IF Y<Ø
                 THEN Y=Ø
11Ø
     IF X>38
                 THEN X=38
120
     IF Y>24
                 THEN Y=24
15Ø
     GOTO 2Ø
```

Note

If the value specified for either X or Y is other than an integer, it is converted to an integer by truncating the decimal portion before the cursor is moved.

Other methods of moving the cursor which are used together with the PRINT statement include the TAB and SPC functions. (See page 62 for a description of the SPC function.)



2. 3. 8. 7 TAB

Format

TAB(x)

x . . . A numeric expression

Function

The TAB function is used together with the PRINT statement to move the cursor to the character position which is x + 1 positions from the left side of the screen. (This is referred to as space tabulation.)

Example

PRINT TAB (5); "XYZ"; TAB (1Ø); "ABC"
0123456789012 Not actually displayed.

Not actually displayed.

Note

Tabulation can only be used to move the cursor to the right; therefore, nothing happens if this function is used together with the PRINT statement when the cursor is already to the right of the character position specified in (x).

(Example:)

PRINT TAB (5); "XYZ"; TAB (5); "ABC"
01234567890
____XYZABC

2. 3. 8. 8 SPC

Format

SPC (n)

n... A numeric expression

Function

Use together with the PRINT statement, this function outputs a string of n spaces and thus moves the cursor n character positions to the right of its current position.

Example

(Example 1)

PRINT SPC (5); "ABC"

01234567 ____ABC

(Example 2)

The following example illustrates the difference between the TAB and SPC functions.

1Ø ? TAB(2); "ABC"; TAB(6); "DEF" 2Ø ? SPC(2); "ABC"; SPC(6); "DEF"

01234567890123 ...ABC..DEF......DEF

2.3.8.9 SET, RESET

These statements are used to turn dots on or off at a specified position on the screen.

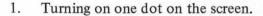
Format	Function	Range of X, Y coordinates
SET X, Y < , C > X Numeric expression specifying the X coordinate. Y Numeric expression specifying the Y coordinate. C Color code (0 to 7).	Turns on the dots at the screen coordinates specified by X and Y. (SET)	0 ≦ X ≦ 79
RESET X, Y X Numeric expression specifying the X coordinate. Y Numeric expression specifying the Y coordinate.	Turns off the dots at the screen coordinates specified by X and Y. (RESET)	0 ≤ Y ≤ 49

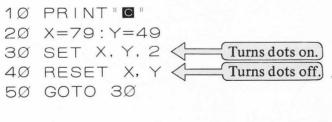
When a color code is specified, the color of the dots displayed by the SET statement is as follows.

- (0) Black
- (1) Blue
- (2) Red
- (3) Purple
- (4) Green
- (5) Light blue
- (6) Yellow
- (7) White

Since four dots are turned on simultaneously by the SET statement, changing the color of any one dot in that four dot group also causes the color of the other dots to change.

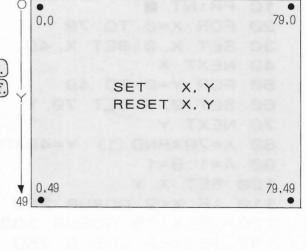
The SET and RESET statements can be use to produce a wide variety of interesting effects; some examples are introduced below.





2. Coloring the entire screen white.





3. Drawing a rectangle around the edge of the screen.

```
1Ø PRINT © **
2Ø FOR X=Ø TO 79
3Ø SET X, Ø
4Ø SET X, 49
5Ø NEXT X
6Ø FOR Y=Ø TO 49
7Ø SET Ø, Y
8Ø SET 79, Y
9Ø NEXT Y
1ØØ GOTO 1ØØ
```

4. A program which simulates the ripples produced by throwing a pebble into a pond.

```
1Ø X=4Ø:Y=25
2Ø DEF FNY (Z) = SQR (R*R-Z*Z)
3Ø PRINT " ": SET X, Y

4Ø R=R+5
5Ø FOR Z=Ø TO R
6Ø T=FNY (Z)
7Ø SET X+Z, Y+T
8Ø SET X+Z, Y-T
9Ø SET X-Z, Y+T
1ØØ SET X-Z, Y-T
11Ø NEXT Z
12Ø IF R<>25 THEN 4Ø
13Ø GOTO 13Ø
```

5. A program which simulates a ball bouncing off four walls.

10 PRINT " "

```
2Ø FOR X=Ø TO 79
3Ø SET X, Ø:SET X, 49
4Ø NEXT X
5Ø FOR Y=Ø TO 49
6Ø SET Ø, Y:SET 79, Y
7Ø NEXT Y
8\emptyset X=79*RND(1):Y=49*RND(1)
9Ø A=1:B=1
100 SET X, Y
11Ø IF X<2 GOSUB 2ØØ
   IF X>78 GOSUB 200
12Ø
13Ø IF Y<2 GOSUB 25Ø
14Ø IF Y>48 GOSUB 25Ø
15Ø RESET X.Y
16Ø X=X+A:Y=Y+B:GOTO 1ØØ
25Ø B=-B:MUSIC"AØ": RETURN
```

As to JOY command, refer to the instruction manual of Joy Stick.

Note

2.3.9 Music control statements

This section discusses the MUSIC and TEMPO statements which are used to control performance of music by the computer. As its name implies, the TEMPO statement specifies the speed with which music is performed. The notes (including half notes and upper and lower octaves) and duration of notes produced are controlled by the MUSIC statement.

Tempo:

Specified with TEMPO as a numeric variable or constant with a value from

1 (slow) to 7 (fast).

Melody:

Specified with MUSIC as a string variable consisting of a collection of

notes.

Note specification:

octave

(sharp)

note name | duration

2. 3. 9. 1 MUSIC

... (abbreviated format: MU.)

Format

MUSIC X\$

X\$... String data

Automatically performs music.

Discussion

This statement outputs the melody or sound effects specified by the character string or string variable of its argument to the speaker. The speed with which this melody is played is that which is specified with the TEMPO statement (see page 67).

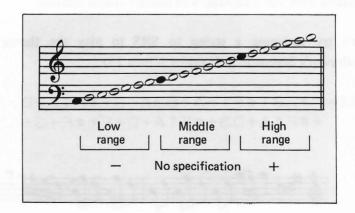
The format for specification of each note is as follows:

< octave specification > < # (sharp) > note name < duration >

The plus or minus signs are used to specify the octave. If neither is specified, the middle range is assumed.

The three ranges of sounds which can be output by the computer are as shown in the figure below. For example, the C notes ("do" on the 8-note C scale) indicated by the black dots below are differentiated from each other by the octave specification.

 $\begin{array}{cccc} Low & C & \dots & -C \\ Middle & C & \dots & C \\ High & C & \dots & +C \end{array}$

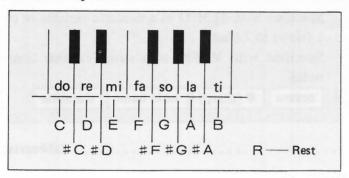


Note specification

The symbols used to specify notes within each range are as follows:

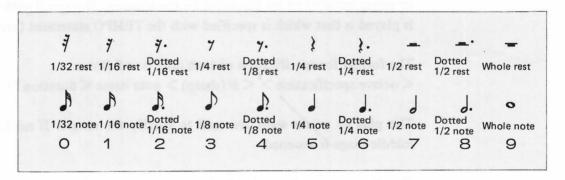
CDEFGAB # R

The relationship between the 8-note scale (do, re, mi, fa, so, la, ti, do) and these symbols are as shown below. The sharp symbol (#) is used to specify half notes. Silent intervals are specified with "R".



Duration specification

The duration specification determines the length of the specified note. The durations from 1/32 to whole are specified as numbers from 0 to 9. (When R is specified, this determines the length of the silent interval.)



When sucessive notes have the same duration, the duration specification can be omitted for the second and following notes. If no duration is specified for the first note, 1/4 notes are assumed.

Sound volume

The volume of sound produced cannot be controlled by the program, but can be adjusted with the computer's external volume control.

Example

Let's try assigning a string to SR\$ to play the theme from the beginning of Beethoven's Serenade in D major (Opus 25).



2. 3. 9. 2 TEMPO (abbreviated format: TEM.)

Format

TEMPO x

x... Numeric expression (1 to 7)

Function

This statement sets the tempo with which music is played by the music statement. If this statement is not executed, TEMPO 4 is assumed for execution of MUSIC statements.

- 30 TEMPO 1 Slowest tempo (Lento, adagio)
- 30 TEMPO 4 Medium tempo (Moderato);

four times as fast as TEMPO 1.

3Ø TEMPO 7 Fastest tempo (Motto allegro, presto);

seven times as fast as TEMPO 1.

Example

- 1Ø REM Chopin's mazourka
- 2Ø MM\$= "A3": M1\$= "A5+#C3+D+E+#F+G+#F0+G+#F4+E3+D+#CB"
- 3Ø M2\$= "A3+D2RO+D1+E2+D+#C3B+#C7+#C3"
- 4Ø M3\$= "A3+#C2RO+#C1+D2+#CB3A+D7+D3"
- 5Ø TEMPO 3
- 60 MUSIC MM\$, M1\$, M2\$, M1\$, M3\$, M1\$, M2\$, M1\$, M3\$
- 7Ø END



2.3.10 Data file input/output commands

Although the SAVE and LOAD commands can be used to write or read program text, other commands are used to record or read the various types of data which is handled by programs. These commands are described below.

	Format	Function
WOPEN (abbreviated W.)	WOPEN < file name >	Opens a data file on cassette tape prior to writing data to it. This command also assigns a name to the data file.
PRINT/T (abbreviated ?/T)	PRINT/T $d_1 < , d_2, d_3, dn >$ dn Numeric data or string data	Writes data to cassette tape in the same format as it would be displayed by the PRINT statement.
ROPEN (abbreviated RO.)	ROPEN < file name >	Searches for the data file on cassette tape with the specified name and opens that file to prepare for reading data from it.
INPUT/T (abbreviated I./T)	INPUT/T $v_1 < v_2, v_3, \dots v_n > v_1 + v_2 = v_2 = v_3 + v_2 = v_1 + v_2 = v_2 = v_3 + v_2 = v_3 + v_3 = v_1 + v_2 = v_2 = v_3 + v_2 = v_3 + v_3 = v_1 + v_2 = v_2 = v_3 + v_3 = v_1 + v_2 = v_2 = v_3 + v_3 = v_1 + v_2 = v_2 = v_3 + v_3 = v_1 + v_2 = v_2 = v_3 + v_3 = v_3 = v_1 + v_2 = v_2 = v_3 = v_$	Used to input data from a cassette file and pass it to the program (in a manner similar to that in which the INPUT statement is used to input data from the keyboard).
CLOSE (abbreviated CLO.)	CLOSE	Statement which closes cassette data files after writing or reading has been completed.

Unlike the LOAD and SAVE commands, no messages are displayed by execution of the WOPEN and ROPEN statements.

If display of a message is desired, use the PRINT statement to define one in the program.

Note: When an ordinary cassette recorder is used, it may not be possible to record data files even if no problems are encountered in storing or reading programs with the SAVE and LOAD commands.

(Example 1)

The following program writes the numbers from 1 to 99 on cassette tape.

1Ø WOPEN "DATA"

2Ø FOR X=1 TO 99

30 PRINT/T X

4Ø NEXT X

5Ø CLOSE

6Ø END

(Example 2)

The following program reads data from the data file prepared in Example 1 above. Before executing this program, be sure to rewind the cassette tape.

1Ø ROPEN "DATA"

2Ø FOR X=1 TO 99

30 INPUT/T A

4Ø PRINT A

5Ø NEXT X

6Ø CLOSE

7Ø END

(Example 3)

The following program creates a data file consisting of string data.

```
1Ø DIM N$ (5)
2Ø N$ (1) = "BACH"
3Ø N$ (2) = "MOZART"
4Ø N$ (3) = "BEETHOVEN"
5Ø N$ (4) = "CHOPIN"
6Ø N$ (5) = "BRAHMS"
7Ø WOPEN "GREAT MUSICIAN"
8Ø FOR J=1 TO 5
9Ø PRINT/T N$ (J)
1ØØ NEXT J
11Ø CLOSE
12Ø END
```

(Example 4)

The following program reads string data from the file created in Example 3. Before executing this program, be sure to rewind the cassette tape.

```
200 DIM M$ (5)
210 ROPEN "GREAT MUSICIAN"
220 FOR K=1 TO 5
230 INPUT/T M$ (K)
240 PRINT M$ (K)
250 NEXT K
260 CLOSE
270 END
```

It is also possible to create data files which include both numeric and string data. However, since an error will occur if the type of data read does not match the type of variable specified in the INPUT/T statement, it is generally best to limit files to one type of data or the other.

Note: It is possible to omit the file name when opening a sequential file with the WOPEN statement. However, this is likely to result in errors if many files are included on the same tape; therefore, it is recommended that you make a habit of assigning file names to sequential data files.

The following program records student grades in English, French, science, and mathemetics to a sequential data cassette file.

```
INPUT "ENTER NO. OF STUDENTS"; N
20 DIM N$ (N), K (N), E (N)
3Ø DIM R(N), S(N)
4Ø AS= GRADE
                IS
50 FOR X=1 TO N
6Ø PRINT: PRINT "STUDENT NO.
70 INPUT ENTER STUDENT NAME:
                                     "; N$ (X)
80 PRINT "ENG "; A$; : INPUT K (X)
90 PRINT "FREN"; A$; : INPUT E(X)
                   "; A$;: INPUT R(X)
100 PRINT "SCI
11Ø PRINT "MATH"; A$; : INPUT S(X)
12Ø NEXT X
                       Opens data file "GRADES" for output on cassette tape.
13Ø WOPEN "GRADES"
                       Writes the number of students in the class to the file.
140 PRINT/T N
15Ø FOR X=1
               TO N
                                                  Writes grades
160 PRINT/T N$(X), K(X), E(X), R(X), S(X)
                                                  I to the file.
17Ø NEXT X
             Closes the cassette file.
18Ø CLOSE
19Ø END
```

The following program reads the grade data written to the cassette file by the program shown above, then calculates displays the grade average for each student and class averages for each of the various subjects.

```
ROPEN " GRADES "
                              Opens cassette file "GRADES" for input.
10
20
    INPUT/T N
                               Reads the number of people in the class.
3Ø DIM N$ (N), K (N), E (N)
40 DIM R(N), S(N)
50 FOR X=1
              TO N
                                     Reads student names and the grades for
                                     \sqcap English.
6Ø INPUT/T N$ (X), K (X)
                                     Reads the grades for French, science
               E(X), R(X), S(X)
7Ø INPUT/T
                                      and mathematics.
80 NEXT X
                                    Closes the file.
9Ø CLOSE
100 PRINT
              TAB (10) : "ENG
11Ø PRINT
              TAB (15); FREN
12Ø PRINT
              TAB (2Ø); "SCI
              TAB (25); "MATH"
13Ø PRINT
14Ø FOR X=1 TO N
15Ø PRINT
              N$(X);TAB(1\emptyset);K(X);
16Ø PRINT
              TAB(15); E(X);
17Ø PRINT
              TAB (2Ø); R(X)
18Ø PRINT
              TAB (25); S(X);
190 PRINT TAB (30); (K(X) + E(X) + R(X) + S(X)) / 4
2\emptyset\emptyset \quad K(\emptyset) = K(\emptyset) + K(X) : E(\emptyset) = E(\emptyset) + E(X)
210 R(0) = R(0) + R(X) : S(0) = S(0) + S(X)
220 NEXT X
230 PRINT TAB (10); K (0) /N; TAB (15); E (0) /N;
24Ø PRINT TAB(2Ø);R(Ø)/N;TAB(25);S(Ø)/N
25Ø END
```

2. 4 Built-in Function

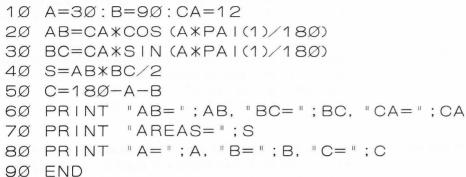
Function	BASIC symbol	Example	Description
Absolute value	ABS (X)	A = ABS(X)	Assigns the absolute value of variable X to vairable A. Example: $A = ABS (2. 9) \rightarrow A = 2. 9$ $A = ABS (-5. 5) \rightarrow A = 5. 5$
Sign	SGN (X)	A = SGN (X)	Assigns the numeric sign of variable X to variable A. If the value of X is negative, -1 is assigned to A; if X is 0, 0 is assigned to A; and if X is positive, 1 is assigned to A. $A = \begin{cases} 1 & (X > 0) & \text{Example: 1 is assigned to variable} \\ 0 & (X = 0) & \text{A when A = SGN (0.4)} \\ -1 & (X < 0) & \text{is executed.} \end{cases}$
Integer conver- sion	INT (X)	A = INT(X)	Assigns the greatest integer value to A which is less than or equal to the value of variable X. Examples: $A = INT (3.87) \rightarrow A = 3$ $A = INT (0.6) \rightarrow A = 0$ $A = INT (-3.87) \rightarrow A = -4$
Trigono- metric functions	SIN (X)	A = SIN (X) $A=SIN(30*PA(1/180))$	Assigns the sine of X (where X is in radians) to variable A. If the value of X is in degrees, it must be converted to radians before this function is used to obtain the sine. Since 1 degree equals $PI/180$ radians, the value in radians is obtained by multiplying the number of degrees by $PAI(1)/180$. For example, $30^{\circ} = 30 \times PAI(1)/180$ radians. The same applies to the COS, TAN, and ATN functions.
	COS (X)	A = COS (X) A=COS (200* PA(1)/180	Assigns the cosine of X (where X is in radians) to variable A.
	TAN (X)	A = TAN (X) $A=TAN(Y*PA(1)/180)$	Assigns the tangent of X (where X is in radians) to variable A.
	ATN (X)	A = ATN (X) $A=180/PA(1)*ATN(X)$	Assigns the arctangent in radians of X $(\tan^{-1} X)$ to variable A. The value returned will be in the range from $-PI/2$ to $PI/2$.
Square root	SQR (X)	A = SQR(X)	Calculates the square root of X and assigns the result to variable A. X must be a positive number or 0.
Exponen- tiation	EXP (X)	A = EXP(X)	Calculates the value of e ^x and assigns the result to variable A.
Common logarithm	LOG(X)	A = LOG(X)	Calculates the common logarithm of X ($\log_{10} X$) and assigns the result to variable A .
Natural logarithm	LN (X)	A = LN(X)	Calculates the natural logarithm of X (loge X) and assigns the result to variable A.
Ratio of circum- ference to diameter	PAI (X)	A = PAI(X)	Assigns the value to variable A which is X times the value of PI.
Radians	RAD (X)	A = RAD(X)	Converts the value of X (where X is in degrees) to radians and assigns the result to variable A.

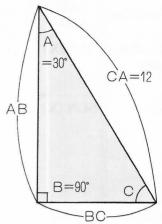
Examples of use of the built-in funcions

(Example 1)

Let's try solving the various elements of a triangle with a BASIC program.

Angle A of the triangle shown in the figure at right is 30° , angle B is a right angle, and side CA has a length of 12. The following program finds all angles of the triangle, the length of its sides, and its total area.





(Example 2)

Now let's change line 50 of the program to use ATN, the function for finding the arctangent of a number, to fine angle C from sides AB and BC.

```
1Ø A=3Ø:B=9Ø:CA=12

2Ø AB=CA*COS (A*PAI(1)/18Ø)

3Ø BC=CA*SIN (A*PAI(1)/18Ø)

4Ø S=AB*BC/2

5Ø C=ATN (AB/BC) *18Ø/PAI(1)

6Ø PRINT "AB=";AB, "BC=";BC, "CA=";CA

7Ø PRINT "AREAS=";S

8Ø PRINT "A=";A, "B=";B, "C=";C
```

RND function

Format RND (X)

X .. Numeric expression

Function The RND function returns a pseudo-random number in the range from 0.00000001 to 0.99999999.

When X is greater than 0, the random number returned is the one which follows that previously generated by the BASIC interpreter in a given pseudo-random number series.

When $X \subseteq 0$, the BASIC Interpreter's pseudo-random number generator is reinitialized to start a new series, and the pseudo-random number returned is the first one in that series. Reinitialization of the pseudo-random number series in this manner can be used to allow simulations based on random numbers to be reproduced.

The RND function is often used in game programs to produce unpredicatable numbers, as in games of chance. Let's try using the RND function to investigate the percentage of times each of the six sides of a die comes up by simulating the action of throwing it a given number of times.

Since the sides of each die are numbered from 1 to 6, we must multiply the value returned by the RND function by 6.

Then we must use the INT function to convert the value obtained to an integer.

The result will be an integer between 0 and 5; now 1 is added to obtain the numbers which correspond to the number of dots on each of the 6 sides of a die.

This sequence is performed a specified number of times for each die thrown. Now let's incorporate the sequence into a program and check the results.

Example

1Ø PRINT "ENTER NO. OF The RND function generates numbers in TIMES DIE THROWN": the range from 0.0000001 to 0.999999999. 20 INPUT 3Ø FOR J=1 TO N Here's how to obtain random integers in the 40 R = INT (6 * RND (1)) + 1range from 6 to 8! 50 IF R=1 THEN N1=N1+1 6Ø IF R=2 THEN N2=N2+1 70 IF R=3THEN N3 = N3 + 1IFR=480 THEN N4 = N4 + 1INT(BEERND(I))+6 9Ø IF R=5 THEN N5=N5+1 =6 or 7 or 8 IF R=6 THEN N6=N6+1 11Ø NEXT J 12Ø P1=N1/N:P2=N2/N:P3=N3/N 13Ø P4=N4/N:P5=N5/N:P6=N6/N 14Ø PRINT P1, P2, P3, P4, P5, P6 15Ø END

How about it? If the die is thrown enough times, the percentage of the time each number appears should be about the same. Mathematically speaking, each number should occur an average of once in six throws, or about 16.7% of the time. This mathematical ideal is approached more closely as the number of throws is increased.

Example

Now let's try using the RND function in a program which tests your ability to solve for the area of a triangle of random size. Here, the RND function is used to determine the length of each of the three sides of the triangle, then you compute the area of the triangle yourself and submit your answer to the computer for checking.

```
1Ø DIM A(3), L$(4)
20 FOR J=1 TO 4
3Ø READ L$ (J) : NEXT J
4Ø FOR J=1 TO 3
5\emptyset A(J) = INT(2\emptyset *RND(1)) + 1
60 NEXT J
70 \text{ IF A (1)} >= A (2) + A (3)
                          GOTO 4Ø
   |F|A(2)>=A(1)+A(3)
                          GOTO 4Ø
9Ø
   |F A(3)\rangle = A(1) + A(2)
                          GOTO 40
100 \text{ W} = (A(1) + A(2) + A(3))/2
110
    T=W: FOR J=1 TO 3
120 T=T*(W-A(J)):NEXT
13\emptyset SS=SQR(T):S=INT(SS)
    IF SS-S>Ø.5 THEN S=S+1
140
15Ø PRINT
            Cliff
                 SOLVE FOR THE AREA OF THE
16Ø PRINT
    FOLLOWING
                TRIANGLE"
                 ROUND YOUR ANSWER TO THE
17Ø PRINT
    NEAREST WHOLE NUMBER "
18Ø PRINT
            TAB (8); "A"
19Ø PRINT
                               ; TAB (15) ; L$ (1)
200 PRINT
            TAB (8); "ZD"
     ; A (1)
                               ; TAB (15) ; L$ (2)
            TAB (7); "□
                         Z 11
21Ø PRINT
     ; A (2)
                           ; TAB (15) ; L$ (3)
22Ø PRINT
            TAB (6); "∅
      ; A (3)
23Ø PRINT
            TAB (5); " 🗵
                              N 11
                                 DC "
24Ø PRINT
            TAB (3); "BZ
25Ø PRINT
            TAB (4); " ______ "
26Ø PRINT
            III
27Ø PRINT
            TAB (3); L$ (4);
    INPUT
28Ø
                                    OK!! ": GOTO
29Ø
    IF Y=S
              THEN PRINT
    40
                               TOO SMALL!"
3ØØ
    IF Y<S
              THEN PRINT
     : GOTO
              320
31Ø PRINT
                 TOO LARGE! "
320 PRINT
            " T T " ;
33Ø PRINT TAB (24); SPC (25): PRINT
34Ø GOTO 27Ø
    DATA LENGTH SIDE AB=, LENGTH SIDE
35Ø
360 DATA LENGTH SIDE CA=, AREAS OF TRIAN-
    GLE ABC IS AREAS OF TRIANGLE ABC IS
```

Note

Note than specifying a value for X which is less than or equal to 0 will always result in the same number for a given value of X. The reason for this is that specifying 0 or a negative number reinitializes the pseudo-random number generator to the beginning of the random number series.

2.5 String Function

2.5.1 LEN

Format

LEN (X\$)

X\$... String expression

Function

This funcion returns the number of characters included in the string expression represented by X\$. This value includes spaces which are not displayed on the screen and any control characters in the string, as well as letters, numerals, and symbols.

Example

(Example 1)

10 AS="ABCDEFG" 20 PRINT LEN (AS)

RUN 7

(Example 2) The following program uses the LEN function to draw squares on the screen.

```
10 ? " | NPUT A$

30 FOR I=1 TO LEN(A$) -2

40 PRINT TAB(2); "*"; SPC(LEN(A$) -2); "*"

50 NEXT I

60 PRINT TAB(2); A$: GOTO 20
```

(Example 3) The LEN function can also be used to produce a "parade" of characters as shown below.

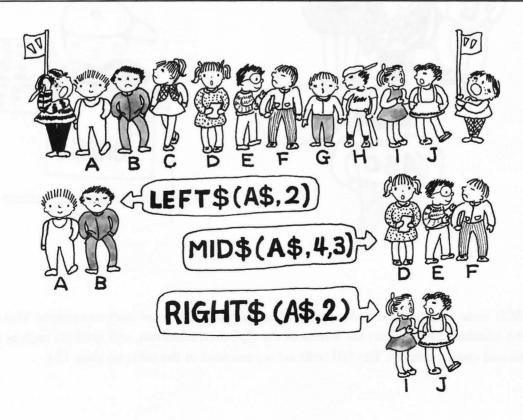
```
1Ø S$="SHARP BASIC"
2Ø FOR I=1 TO LEN(S$)
3Ø ? RIGHT$(S$, I)
4Ø NEXT I
5Ø END
RUN
C
IC
SIC
SIC
(Example 4)
PRINT LEN(STR$(PAI(1))) J
9
```

PAI (1), the function which returns the value of the ratio of the circumference of a circle to its diameter, contains the 8-digit constant 3.1415927 (approximately the value of PI). When the length of the character string produced by converting this constant with the STR\$ function is evaluated with the LEN function, a total string length of 9 is returned.

2.5.2 LEFT\$, MID\$, and RIGHT\$

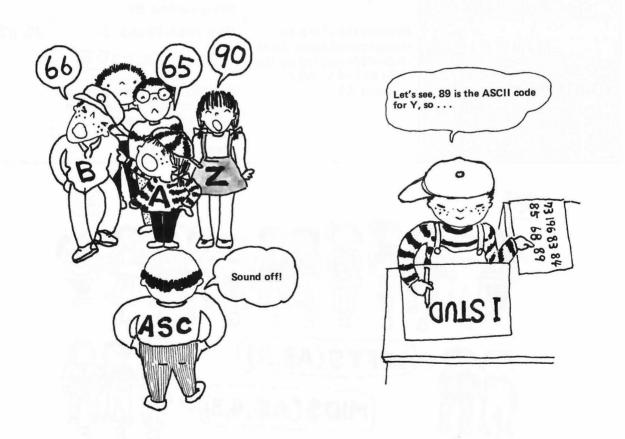
The LEFT\$, MID\$, and RIGHT\$ functions are used to extract character strings from the left end, right end, or middle of a character expression.

Format X\$: String expression m and n: Numeric expressions	Function	Example (when A\$ = "ABCDEFG")	Remarks
LEFT\$ (X\$, n)	Returns the character string consisting of the n characters making up the left of string expression X\$.	B\$= LEFT\$ (A\$, 2) B\$← ABCDEFG Substitutes 2 characters from the left end of string variable A\$ into string variable B\$. Thus, B\$ = "AB".	0≦ n≦ 255
MID\$ (X\$, m, n)	Returns the character string consisting of the n characters making up the n characters starting with the mth character in string expression X\$.	B\$=MID\$ (A\$, 3, 3) B\$ AB CDE FG Substitutes the 3 characters starting at the 3rd character in string variable A\$ into string variable B\$.	$1 \le m \le 255$ $0 \le n \le 255$
RIGHT\$ (X\$, n)	Returns the character string consisting of the n characters making up the right end of string expression X\$.	B\$ = RIGHT\$ (A\$, 2) B\$ \(\text{ABCDE} \) FG Substitutes 2 characters from the right end of string variable A\$ into string varible B\$. Thus, B\$ = "FG".	0≦ n≦ 255



2.5.3 ASC and CHR\$

Format	Function	Example
ASC (x\$) x\$: String expression	Returns the ASCII code for the first character in string expression x\$.	X=ASC ("A") Substitutes 65 (the ASCII code for the letter A) into variable X. Y=ASC ("SHARP") Substitutes 83 (the ASCII code for S, the first letter in the string "SHARP") into variable X.
CHR\$ (x) x: Numeric expression	Returns the letter whose ASCII code corresponds to the value of numeric expression X. (No character is returned if the value specified for x is less then 33; therefore, PRINT or PRINT SPC (1) should be used to obtain spaces, rather than CHR\$ (32)).	A\$=CHR\$ (65) Assigns A, the letter corresponding to ASCII code 65, to string variable A\$. This function can be used to display characters which cannot be entered from the keyboard as follows. PRINT CHR\$ (107) J This displays the graphic character \(\mathbb{H}\).



Note: ASCII code is a standard code system which is frequently used with computers. This code uses 8 bit numbers to represent the letters of the alphabet, numerals, and symbols such as the dollar sign and question mark. The full code set is presented in the table on page 154.

2.5.4 VAL and STR\$

Format	Function	Example
STR\$ (x) x: Numeric expression	Returns a string of ASCII characters representing the value of numeric expression X.	A\$=STR\$ (-12) Substitutes the character string "-12" into string variable A\$. B\$=STR\$ (70 × 33) Substitutes the character string " 2310 " into string variable B\$. C\$=STR\$ (1200000 × 5000) Substitutes the character string "6E + 09" into string variable C\$.
t orions can be specified in the saale betow	manifest in the first of the state of the st	Note: Positive numeric values are displayed with a leading space to indicate that the plus sign (+) has been omitted. However, this space is not included in the character sting returned by the STR\$ function.
VAL (x\$) x\$: String expression	Converts an ASCII character representation of a numeric value into a numeric value. This is the complement of the STR\$ function.	A=VAL ("123") Converts the character string " 123 " into the number 123 and assigns it to numeric variable A.

The following sample program illustrates use of some of the functions discussed above to display numeric values in tabular format (with the decimal points aligned).

1.23456 12.3456 1Ø 1

If the values read from DATA statements were displayed using only the PRINT statement, the result would appear as shown below.

10 FOR X=1 TO 5

20 READ A

 $3\emptyset$ L=5-LEN(STR\$(INT(A)))

40 PRINT TAB(L); A

50 NEXT: END

6Ø DATA 1.23456,12.3456

7Ø DATA 123.456,1234.56

8Ø DATA 12345.6

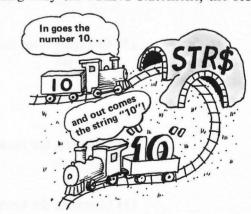
1.23456

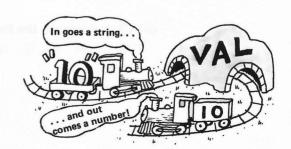
12.3456

123.456

1234.56

12345.6





2. 6 Color display statement

One of the greatest features of the MZ-700 is that it allows characters and graphics to be displayed using any of up to 8 colors.

2.6.1 COLOR (Abbreviated format: COL.)

Format

COLOR x, y, c < b >

 $x \dots X$ coordinate (0 to 39)

y Y coordinate (0 to 24)

c Character color specification (0 to 7).

b.... Background color specification (0 to 7).

Function

This statement is used to set the foreground and background colors for the character at a specific position on the screen. Any of up to 8 different colors can be specified for the character foreground (c) or background (b) as shown in the table below.

Color No.	Color
0	Black
1 1 1 1 1	Blue
2	Red
3	Purple
4	Green
5	Light blue
6	Yellow
7	White

Example

(1) Changing the background color of the entire screen

COLOR , , , 2

..... (Changes the background color used for display of characters to red.)

(2) Changing the foreground color of the entire screen (the color used for display of all characters)

COLOR ,, 3

..... (Changes the color used for display of all characters to purple.)

(3) Changing both the background and foreground colors for the entire screen

COLOR , , 1, Ø

.... (Changes the color used for display of all characters to blue and changes the background used for display of characters to black.)

(4) Changing the background color at a specific screen location

COLOR 2, 2, , 4

..... (Changes the background color at coordinates 2, 2 to green.)

(5) Changing the foreground color at a specific screen location

COLOR 3, 2, 7

..... (Changes the foreground color at coordinates 3, 2 to white.)

(6) Changing both the foreground and background color at a specific screen location COLOR 4, 2, 4, 2 (Changes the foreground color at

coordinates 4, 2 to green and changes the background color at that location

to red.)

2.6.2 Adding color specifications to the PRINT statement

PRINT [f, b] Format variable variable constant constant expression expression or USING "format string"; variable < (;) variable> **PRINT** [f, bl f Foreground (character color) specification (a number from 0 to 7) b.... Background color specification (a number from 0 to 7)

Function

Adding the color specifications to the PRINT and PRINT USING statements described on pages 37 and 38 makes it possible to display characters in a variety of colors. In the format above, f indicates the character foreground color, and b indicates the character background color. If only the foreground color is specified, the current background color is used for display of characters; this is done by specifying the foreground color, followed by a comma.

If only the background color is specified, the current foreground color is used for display of characters; in this case, a comma must precede the background color specification.

Example (1

(Example 1)

PRINT (6, 5) "ABCDE" Displays the letters "ABCDE" in yellow against a background of light blue.

PRINT (, 4) "FGHIJ" Displays the letters "FGHIJ" in yellow against a background of green.

PRINT (7,) "VWXYZ" Displays the letter "VWXYZ" in green

(Example 2) Let's try adding color to the automobile race program shown on page 46.

against a background of white.

1Ø PRINT (, 1) "C" $2\emptyset$ Q=INT (5*RND (1)) +2: X=33*RND (1) 3Ø FOR A=1 TO 5 4Ø READ M\$ 5Ø PRINT TAB (Ø); "◆"; TAB (X); 6Ø PRINT (Q, 1) M\$ TAB (37); " 7Ø PRINT (7, 1)80 NEXT A $9\emptyset Y=1\emptyset *RND (1)$ 100 FOR A=1 TO TAB (Ø) PRINT TAB (37); 12Ø PRINT NEXT 13Ø RESTORE: GOTO 140 DATA " 15Ø DATA " 16Ø DATA"

With ordinary PRINT statements (those without color specifications), the foreground and background colors used for character display are those which have been specified with the latest COLOR statement.

2. 7 Color Plotter-Printer Commands

The color plotter-printer commands described below can be used with the MZ-731 or, when the MZ1P01 color-plotter printer is connected, with the MZ-710, MZ-711, or MZ-721. The color plotter-printer can be used in either of two modes: The text mode (for printout of program lists, results of calculations, or other character data), or the graphic mode (for drawing figures and graphs).

Further, any of four colors (black, blue, green, or red) can be used for printout of characters and graphics. This capability is particularly useful when using the printer in the graphic mode.

2.7.1 General information about the color plotter-printer

- (1) The color plotter-printer operates in either of two modes: The text mode (for printout of the results of calculations, program lists, and other character data) and the graphic mode (used for drawing figures and graphs). The printer will only operate in one mode at a time. (Graphic printer commands are ignored while the printer is in the text mode, and vice versa.)
- (2) Printer parameters are reset when the printer is switched from the graphics mode to the text mode. (In other words, the pens' X and Y coordinate settings are reinitialized.)
- (3) The printer runs on power supplied from the main unit of the MZ-700, and is not equipped with a separate power switch.
- (4) The following switches are used to control operation of the printer.
 - a. Feed switch Advances the paper.
 - b. Reset switch Resets (reinitializes) the printer.
 - c. Pen change switch Used when replacing the printer's pens.
- (5) There are four pen colors: Black, blue, green, and red.
- (6) When the printer is used in the text mode, any of three different sizes of characters can be printed. The largest size permits a maximum of 26 characters to be printed on one line, medium size permits a maximum of 40 characters to be printed on one line, and the smallest size allows up to 80 characters to be printed on one line.

Characters which can be printed when using the printer in the text mode are as shown below. No other letters, symbols, or graphic characters can be output while the printer is in this mode.

In most cases, hexadecimal ASCII codes will be printed in a different color if an attempt is made to print graphic characters with the PRINT/-P statement or LIST/P command.

2.7.2 Initial Printer Settings

The initial printer settings made when the BASIC interpreter 1Z-013B is started up are as follows.

- (1) Pen color: Black
- (2) Pen position: Left side of the carriage. (top line of 1 page.)
- (3) Mode: Text mode
- (4) Print size: 40 characters/line (standard size)

66 lines/page

2.7.3 Mode Specification Commands

These commands are used to place the printer in the text mode for printout of letters and numerics. This is the mode which is effective when the power is turned on; the initial character size is 40 characters/line.

*** CHARACTER MODE ***

80 character mode
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPGRSTUUWXYE

40 character mode
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUUWXYZ

26 character mode

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

(4) MODE GR (abreviated format: M. GR)

The MODE GR command is used to switch the printer from the text mode to the graphics mode for printout of charts and graphs. When switching to this mode, it is necessary for the BASIC program being executed to make a note of the character size being used immediately before the mode change is made. The reason for this is in order to return to the text mode when the BREAK key is pressed or a STOP command is encountered.

Note: Executing MODE command, every state returns to initial state excluding pen color and print size.

2.7.4 Pen color selection commands

PCOLOR n $\begin{cases} n : 0 & black \\ n : 1 & blue \\ n : 2 & green \\ n : 3 & red \end{cases}$ (abbreviated format: PC.)

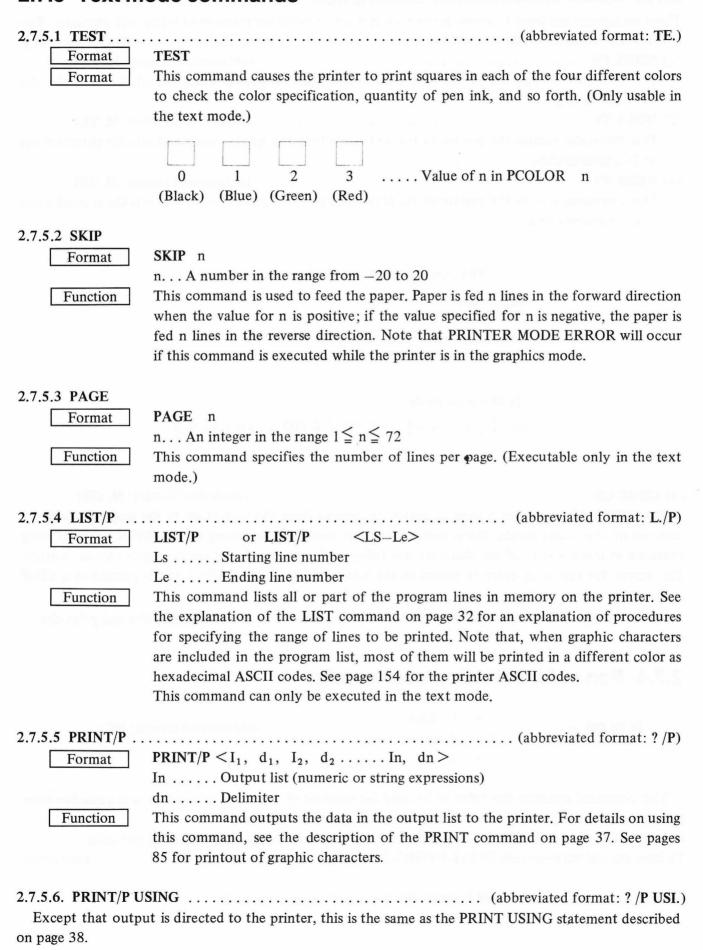
This command specifies the color to be used for printout of characters or graphics. n is a number from 0 to 3, with 0 corresponding to black, 1 to blue, 2 to green, and 3 to red.

In text mode, executing PCOLOR in text mode every state is on initial state excluding pen color.

To keep current state execute PRINT/P CHR\$(29) next color.

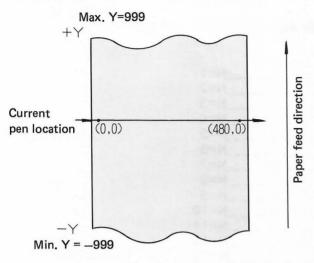
This command can be entered in either the text mode or graphics mode.

2.7.5 Text mode commands



2.7.6 Graphic mode statements

The graphic mode statements become effective after the MODE GR statement has been executed. When this statement is executed, the current pen location is set to the origin (X = 0, Y = 0). However, the origin can be set to any location. Be careful not to specify a location which is out of the print area, as this may damage the pen or cause other problems.



X—Y coordinates after MODE GR has been executed. The allowable range of X is 0 to 480 and the allowable range of Y is -999 to 999.

Max. Y = 999 + Y - X -240 240 + X Min. Y = -999

X—Y coordinates after the origin has been moved to the center of paper. (MOVE 240, —240: HSET)

Note: See page 88 for the HSET statement.

2.7.6.1 LINE

Format

LINE $x_1, y_1 <, x_2, y_2, \ldots, x_i, y_i > 0$

LINE %n, x_1 , $y_1 <$, x_2 , y_2 ,..., x_i , $y_i >$ n..... Integer from 1 to 16

xi Number indicating the X coordinate (xi = -480 to 480; the limit varies depending on the current pen location.)

yi Number indicating the Y coordinate (yi = -999 to 999)

Function

This statement draws a line from the current pen location to location (x_1, y_1) , then draws a line from (x_1, y_1) to (x_2, y_2) , and so on. n specifies the type of line drawn as shown below.

n = 1: solid line

n = 2 to 16: dotted line

If % is omitted, the previous value of n is assumed. The initial value of n is 1 (solid line).

Example

(Example 1) The following program draws a square with a side length of 240 units.

10 MODE GRSwitches to the graphic mode.

3Ø LINE 24Ø, -24Ø

4Ø LINE Ø, -24Ø

 $5\emptyset$ LINE \emptyset , \emptyset Draws a line to the origin.

60 MODE TNReturns to the text mode.

(Example 2) The following program draws the same square as the example above.

1Ø MODE GR

20 LINE 240, 0, 240, -240, 0, -240, 0, 0

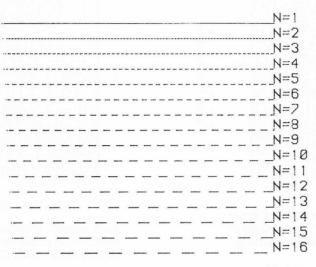
3Ø MODE TN

(Example 3) The following program draws a rectangle with a side length of 240 units.

- 1Ø MODE GR
- $2\emptyset$ SQ=INT (12 \emptyset *SQR (3))
- 3Ø LINE %2, 24Ø, Ø, 12Ø, -SQ, Ø, Ø
- 40 MODE TN

The lines indicated with n are as follows.

*** LINE 1-16 ***



2.7.6.2 RLINE

..... (abbreviated format: RL.)

Format

RLINE
$$x_1, y_1 <, x_2, y_2, \dots x_i, y_i \dots >$$

RLINE %n,
$$x_1$$
, y_1 , <, x_2 , y_2 , ..., x_i , y_i ...>

n Integer from 1 to 16

xi Number indicating the X coordinate (-480 to 480)

yi Number indicating the Y coordinate (-999 to 999)

Function

This statement draws a line from the current pen location to the location indicated by relative coordinates x_1 , y_1 , then draws a line from that point to the location indicated by relative coordinates x_2 , y_2 , and so on. n is the same as for the LINE statement.

Example

This program draws the same rectangle as example 3 above.

- 1Ø MODE GR
- $2\emptyset$ SQ=INT (120*SQR (3))
- 3Ø RLINE %1, 24Ø, Ø, -12Ø, -SQ, -12Ø, SQ
- 4Ø MODE TN

Initial pen location

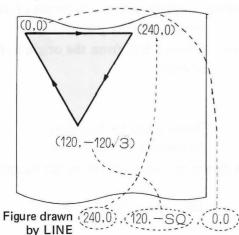


Figure drawn (240.0) (240,0) (

2.7.6.3 MOVE MOVE x, y **Format** $x \dots$ Integer indicating the X coordinate (-480 to 480) y..... Integer indicating the Y coordinate (-999 to 999) Function This statement lifts the pen and moves it to the specified location (x, y). Example The following program draws a cross with a side length of 480 units. 1Ø MODE GR 20 LINE 480.0 30 MOVE 240, 240.....Lifts the pen at (480, 0) and moves it to 240, 240). 4Ø LINE 24Ø, -24Ø 5Ø MODE TN Be sure to advance the paper before executing this program. 2.7.6.4 RMOVE (abbreviated formed: RM.) RMOVE x, y **Format** x Integer indicating relative X coordinate (-480 to 480) y Integer indicating relative Y coordinate (-999 to 999) This statement lifts the pen and moves it to the location indicated by relative **Function** coordinates ($\triangle x$, $\triangle y$) Example The following program draws the same cross as the example for the MOVE statement. 1Ø MODE GR 2Ø LINE 48Ø, Ø 30 RMOVE -240, 240.....Lifts the pen at (480, 0), then moves it -240 units in the X direction and 240 units in the Y direction. 4Ø LINE 24Ø, -24Ø 5Ø MODE TN Be sure to advance the paper before executing this program. 2.7.6.5 PHOME (abbreviated format: PH.) Format This statement returns the pen to the origin. Function The following example draws the same cross in red as the example for the MOVE Example statement. 1Ø MODE GR 20 LINE 480,0 :MOVE 240,240 3Ø LINE 24Ø, -24Ø 4Ø PHOME ······ Returns the pen to the origin.

60 LINE 0, 240, 480, 240, 480, -240, 0, -240, 0,

5Ø PCOLOR 3

7Ø MODE TN

0

2.7.6.6 HSET (abbreviated format: H.) **Format HSET** This statement sets the current pen location as the new origin. With this feature, the Function origin can be set to the location which is most appropriate for drawing figures. A MOVE statement is frequently executed before executing this command. Example 1Ø MODE GR 2Ø MOVE 24Ø, -24Ø 3Ø HSETSets the new origin. 40 FOR I=1 TO 360 STEP 30 50 LINE 240*COS (PAI(1)*I/180),240*SIN (PAI(1)*I/180) 6Ø PHOME 7Ø NEXT 80 MODE TN 2.7.6.7 **GPRINT** (abbreviated format: **GP.**) **GPRINT** [n, @], x**Format GPRINT** x\$ n..... Integer indicating the character size $(0 \sim 63)$ @ Integer indicating the direction in which lines of characters are printed. $(@ = 0 \sim 3)$ x\$ Character This statement prints the specified character using the specified size and direction. Function 80 characters can be printed on each line when n = 0; 40 characters can be printed on each line when n = 1; and 26 characters can be printed on each line when n = 2. When n and @ are omitted, the previous settings are assumed. Their initial values are n = 1 and @ = 0. 1Ø MODE GR Example 20 GPRINT "A" Prints "A" in the graphic mode. 3Ø GPRINT (2, 2), "A" ··· Prints an upside down "A" in the 26 characters/line mode. The following figures show various examples of printout. N=0

Format AXIS x, p, r x Integer specifying the axis drawn (0 or 1) p Integer specifying the scale pitch (-999 to 999) r Integer specifying the number of repetitions (1 to 255) This statement draws the X-axis when x = 0 and the Y-axis when x = 1. The of scale marks specified in r are drawn with a pitch of p. Example The following example draws the X and Y axes with scale marks from -2-at 10 unit intervals.				
	MODE GRSwitches the printer to the graphicLifts the pen and moves it to posi (240, 0).			
	BØ AXIS Ø, -1Ø, 48Draws the Y-axis from position A t tion B with scale marks included unit interval.			
	40 MOVE 0, -240 Lifts the pen and moves it to pos $(0, -240)$.	ition C		
	Draws the X-axis from position Ct tion D with scale marks included unit intervals.	_		
	SØ MODE TN			
	C			

The coordinates can be used in the same manner as ordinary Cartesian coordinates after setting the point of intersection of the X and Y axes as the new origin. (X = -240 to 240, Y = -240 to 240)

2.7.6.9 CIRCLE (abbreviated format: CI.)

Format

CIRCLE x, y, r, s, e, d

x, y Location of the center (-999 to 999)

r Radius (0 to 999)

s Starting angle (in degree)

e Ending angle (in degree)

d Step angle (in degree)

Function

This statement draws a circle or arc with a radius of r and a step of d at location (x, y), starting at angle S and ending at angle e. A complete circle is drawn when s = 0, e = 360 and d = 0.2.

Actually this statement draws a polygon; therefore, d must be as small as possible in order to draw a smooth figure.

s must be smaller than e. When d = 0, lines connecting the center and the starting point and the center and the ending point are drawn.

Example

1Ø MODE GR

20 LINE 480, 0, 480, -480, 0, -480, 0, 0

3Ø MOVE 24Ø, -24Ø

4Ø HSET

5Ø CIRCLE Ø, Ø, 24Ø, Ø, 36Ø, Ø. 2

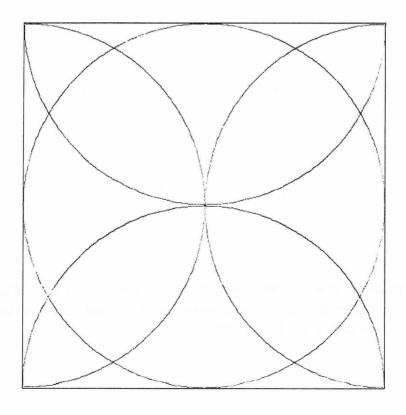
6Ø CIRCLE 24Ø, Ø, 24Ø, 9Ø, 27Ø, Ø. 2

7Ø CIRCLE Ø, 24Ø, 24Ø, 18Ø, 36Ø, Ø. 2

8Ø CIRCLE -24Ø, Ø, 24Ø, 27Ø, 45Ø, Ø. 2

9Ø CIRCLE Ø, -24Ø, 24Ø, Ø, 18Ø, Ø. 2

100 MODE TN



2. 8 Machine Language Program Control Statements

Several machine language program control statements are suported by the MZ-700 BASIC interpreter. With these statements, machine language programs can be linked with a BASIC program.

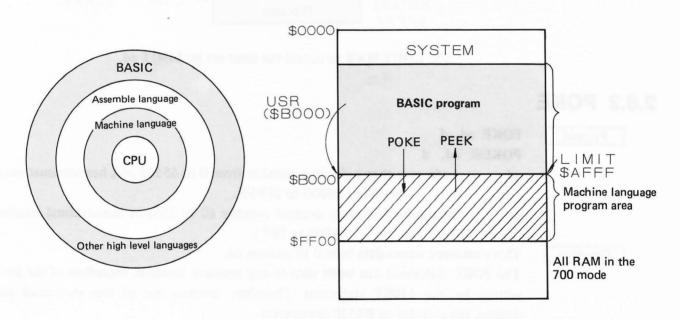
Computer programming languages form a hierarchical structure as shown below. High level languages such as BASIC automatically performs work required when lower level languages such as assembly language are used. Although high level languages are convenient and easy to use, they cannot control the CPU directly.

The lowest level language (machine language) directly controls the CPU and provides high processing speed, but considerable skill is required for coding long programs.

Machine language program control statements enable sophisticated programming techiques which make it possible to utilize the advantages of both BASIC and machine language.

Machine language programs can be generated and loaded into the machine language program area (reserved with the BASIC LIMIT statement) using the monitor or assembler and loader. Such machine language programs can be called by BASIC programs with the USR () function. Machine language programs can also be loaded into memory using a BASIC program which uses the POKE statement to write each step in machine code. The resultant machine language program can then be called by BASIC programs with the USR () function.

The memory map at bottom right outlines the concept of data access with POKE and PEEK, and of calling machine language programs with USR ().



2.8.1 LIMIT

...... (Abbreviated format: LIM.)

Format

LIMIT ad

ad Address; either a decimal number from 0 to 65279 or a 4-digit hexadecimal number from \$0000 to \$FEFF.

Function

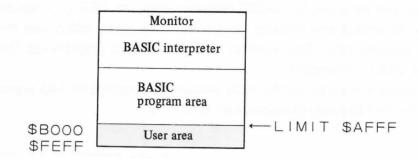
This statement limits the memory area which can be used by the BASIC interpreter. ad indicates the upper limit of the BASIC area, and the area from the following address (ad + 1) to \$FEFF (65279) can be used for machine language programs or special data.

Example

LIMIT \$AFFF

Limits the BASIC program area to \$AFFF.

Note The area from \$FF00 to \$FFFF is used by the monitor as a work area, so it cannot be used as the user area. The LIMIT statement must be used at the beginning of a BASIC program.



Use LIMIT MAX to cancel the limit set by LIMIT ad.

2.8.2 POKE

Format

POKE ad, d

POKE@ ad, d

ad Address: either a decimal number from 0 to 65535 or a hexadecimal number from \$0000 to \$FFFF.

d..... Data to be written: a decimal number (0 to 255) or hexadecimal number (\$00 to \$FF)

Function

This statement writes data byte d to address ad.

The POKE statement can write data to any memory location, regardless of the limit setting by the LIMIT statement. Therefore, careless use of this statement can destroy the monitor or BASIC interpreter.

The POKE@ format is used to write data to an address in the user RAM area following 53248 (\$D000). (See page 125.)

Example

POKE \$DØØØ, \$5F

POKE 53248, 95

The two statements above perform the same funcition.

Note A POKE statement specifying an address after \$D000 writes data into the video RAM area.

2.8.3 PEEK

Format

PEEK (ad)

PEEK@ (ad)

ad Address in decimal or hexadecimal notation (0 to 65535 or \$0000 to \$FFFF)

Function

This function returns the contents of the specified address as a decimal number from 0 to 255. Use the PEEK@ format to PEEK a user RAM area following 53248 (\$D000).

Example

The following program displays data stored in the area from 40960 (\$A000) to 40975 (\$A00F).

1Ø FOR AD= 4Ø96Ø TO 4Ø975 2Ø ? PEEK (AD) 3Ø NEXT AD

2.8.4 USR

USR(Abbreviated format: U.)

Format

USR (ad)

USR (ad, x\$)

ad Address (decimal or 4-digit hexadecimal)

x\$ String data

Function

This is a special function which transfers control to a machine language program which starts at the specified address. As with CALL ad, so control is returned to the statement following the USR function if the machine language program includes a return instruction (RET or RET_cc).

When x\$ is specified, the starting address of the memory area containing x\$ is loaded into the DE register, then the length of x\$ is loaded into the B register before the machine language program is called. This makes it possible for a BASIC program to pass string data to a machine language program.

2.8.5 Preparing machine language programs

A machine language program which fills the entire display screen with the characters supported by the MZ-700 is presented in this section as an example.

The following BASIC program loads such a machine program into memory and calls it.

```
10 LIMIT $BFFF ......Limits the BASIC area to $BFFF.
20 GOSUB 50
40 END
50 FOR I =49152 TO 49181
                                  Reads data for the machine language program from DATA
60 READ M
70 POKE I,M
                                           statements and writes it into the machine language area.
80 NEXT I
90 RETURN
100 DATA 197:REM
                                    .....Beginning of data for the machine language program.
                          PUSH BC
110 DATA 213:REM
                          PUSH DE
120 DATA 229:REM
                          PUSH HL
130 DATA 22,0:REM
                          LD D,0
140 DATA 33,0,208:REM
                          LD HL, D000H
150 DATA 1,232,3:REM
                          LD BC, 1000
160 DATA 243:REM
                          DI
                                           Switches the memory block to video RAM. (See page
170 DATA 211,227:REM
                          OUT (E3H), A .....
                                           155).
180 DATA 114:REM
                     STO:LD (HL),D .....
190 DATA 35:REM
                          INC HL
                                       E.....Sets a display code to video RAM.
200 DATA 20:REM
                          INC D
210 DATA 11:REM
                          DEC BC
220 DATA 120: REM
                          LD A, B
230 DATA 177:REM
                          OR C
240 DATA 194, 14, 192 : REM JP NZ, STO
                          OUT (E1H), 9 ...... Switches the memory block to RAM. (See page 127.)
250 DATA 211,225:REM
260 DATA 251:REM
                          EI
270 DATA 225:REM
                          POP HL
                          POP DE
280 DATA 209:REM
290 DATA 193:REM
                          POP BC
300 DATA 201:REM
                          RET ..... Returns to the BASIC program.
```

If the machine language program has been generated with the monitor and saved on cassette tape under the file name DISPLAYCODE, use the following program to call the machine language program.

```
110 LIMIT $BFFF
110 LOAD "DISPLAYCODE"
120 USR ($CØØØ)
```

2.9 I/O Statements

All external devices (including floppy disk drives) are connected to the MZ-700 through an optional interface board. The optional universal interface board makes it possible for the user to connect external devices such as an X-Y plotter, paper tape punch, and music synthesizer to the MZ-700.

A port address selection switch is provided on the universal interface card to allow any port address from 0 to 239 (00H to EFH) can be assigned to any devices. Addresses 240 to 255 are reserved for optional peripheral devices supplied by Sharp.

The INP and OUT statements allow the user to transfer data from/to external devices through the optional universal I/O card. The format of these statements is as follows.

INP #P, D Reads 8-bit data from port P, converts it into a decimal number and assigns it to variable D.

OUT #P, D Converts a decimal number in variable D to binary format and outputs it to

These statements greatly extend the range of applications of the MZ-700 series computers.

port D.

2. 10 Other Statements

2.10.1 ON ERROR GOTO (Abbreviated format: ON ERR. G.)

Format

ON ERROR GOTO Lr

Function

Lr... Destination line number (entry point of an error processing routine) This statements causes execution to branch to line number Lr if an error occurs. The IF ERN and IF ERL statement can be used in a trap routine starting at that line to control subsequent processing according to the type of error and the line number in which it occurred. Including a RESUME statement at the end of the error processing routine makes it possible to return execution to the line at which the error occurred. Executing an ON ERROR GOTO statement cancels the error trap line number definition is also cancelled by executing a CLR statement.

2.10.2 IF ERN

Format

IF relational expression using ERN THEN Lr

IF relational expression using ERN THEN statement

IF relational expression using ERN GOTO Lr

Lr Destination line number

Function

This statement branches execution to the error processing (trap) routine starting at line Lr or executes the statement following THEN when the result of <relational expression using ERN> is true.

ERN is a special function which returns a number corresponding to the type of error occurring. See page 159 for the error numbers.

Example

The following shows an error processing routine beginning on line 1000 which causes execution to branch to line 1200 if the error number is 5.

10 ON ERROR GOTO 1000......Declares the line number of the error processing routine.

1000 IF ERN=5 THEN 1200 Branches to 1200 if a string overflow error has occurred.

2.10.3 IF ERL

Format

IF relational expression using ERL THEN Lr

IF relational expression using ERL THEN statement

IF relational expression using ERL GOTO Lr

Lr Destination line number

Function

This statement branches execution to the routine starting at line Lr or executes the statement following THEN when the result of <relational expression using ERL> is true.

ERL is a special function which returns the line number at which an error occurred.

Example

The following statement causes execution to branch to line 1300 if an error has occurred on line 250.

1010 IF ERL = 250 THEN 1300

The following statement returns control to line 520 in the main routine if the error number is 43 and the error line number is other then 450.

1020 IF (ERN = 43) \times (ERL < > 450) THEN RESUME 520

2.10.4

RESUME (Abbreviated format: RESU.)

Format

RESUME <NEXT>

RESUME Lr

Lr . . . Line number or 0

Function

Discussion

This statement returns control to the main routine from an error processing routine. The system holds the number of the line on which the error occurred in memory and returns program execution to that line or to another specified line after the error is corrected.

The RESUME statement may be used in any of the following four forms:

RESUME Returns to the error line.

RESUME NEXT.... Returns to the line following the error line.

RESUME Lr....Returns to line Lr.

RESUME Ø.....Returns to the beginning of the main routine.

If the RESUME is encountered when no error has occurred, error 21 (RESUME ERROR) occurs.

If the RESUME cannot be executed, error 20 (CAN'T RESUME ERROR) occurs.

2.10.5 SIZE

Format

PRINT SIZE

Function

This is a special function which returns the number of bytes in memory which can be used for storage of BASIC programs.

For example, PRINT SIZE displays the number of free bytes of memory area.

2.10.6

PLOT ON (Abbreviated format: PL. ON)

Format

PLOT ON

Function

This statement makes it possible to use the color plotter-printer as a display unit. Thus, the MZ-700 can be used without an external display screen.

This statement is effective only when the color plotter-printer is installed and the MODE TN statement has been previously executed.

Example

PLOT ON

Note

A period "." is printed to represent any characters which are not stored in the color plotter-printer's character generator (see page 156). The INST, DEL and " keys are disabled by executing this statement. CTRL + G can be used to change the pen.

2.10.7

PLOT OFF (Abbreviated format: PL. OFF)

Format

PLOT OFF

Function

This statement cancels PLOT ON made of plotter-printer operation.

Example PLOT OFF

2.10.8

CONSOLE (Abbreviated format: CONS.)

Cn

l n

Format

CONSOLE $\langle I_s, I_n \langle C_s, C_n \rangle \rangle$

Is: Starting line of the scroll area

In: Number of lines within the scroll area

Cs: Starting column of the scroll area

Cn: Number of columns in the scroll area 1 s

Example

CONSOLE Ø, 25, Ø, 4Ø

CONSOLE 5, 15

CONSOLE Ø, 25, 5, 3Ø

CONSOLE Ø, 1Ø, Ø, 1Ø

CONSOLE

Function

This statement specifies the size of the scroll area; i. e., the area which is cleared by PRINT "C".

24

The first example specifies the entire screen as the scroll area. The second specifies the area between lines 5 and 15 as the scroll area. The third specifies the area between columns 5 and 30 as the scroll area. The fourth specifies the 10 x 10 positions at the upper left corner of the screen as the scroll area.

This statement is useful for excluding the left and/or right edges of the image from the display area. When they are hidden behind the edges of the screen.

The last example does not specify the scroll area. When the scroll area is not specified, it is possible to scroll the screen up or down.

However, this makes it harder to perform screen editing because the values of Cn and In become smaller.

2. 11 Monitor Function

The IOCS section of the BASIC Interpreter includes a monitor program to make it easy to enter machine language programs. This monitor program uses the area from FF00H to FFFFH as a stack area.

This monitor program includes the screen editor similar to that of BASIC which makes it possible to change the contents of any address within the 64K RAM area as described below.

2.11.1 Editing format

: address = data data data

: (colon) ... Indicates that the line following can be edited.

address ... Indicates the starting address of the memory area whose contents can be changed.
(4 hexadecimal digits)

= ... Separates data from the address.

data ... 2-digit hexadecimal number or a semicolon ";" plus the cahracter which is written in the specified address. A blank is used to separate adjacent data items.

2.11.2 Printer switching command (P command)

Format * P

This command switches data output with the D or F command between the printer and display. If the printer is not connected to the computer, the message "ERR?" is displayed and the monitor stands by for input of another command. Check the printer connection or execute the P command again to switch the output device to the display.

2.11.3 Dump command (D command)

This command dumps the contents of memory from the starting address to the end address. If the end address is omitted, the contents of the 128-byte block starting at the specified address are dumped. If both addresses are omitted, it dumps the contents of the 128-byte block following memory block previously dumped. The format in which data is dumped is as follows.

```
: HHHH=HH_HH_HH HH HH HH HH HH /ABCDE. G.
Starting adress 8 bytes (Hexadecimal code) 8 bytes (Characters)
```

The contents of any location can be changed by moving the cursor to the corresponding byte, entering the new data, and pressing the CR key.

Note Control codes are displayed as a period (.) in the character data field. Pressing the BREAK key stops dump output, and pressing the SHIFT and BREAK keys simultaneously returns the monitor to the command input mode.

2.11.4 Memory set command (M command) * M [starting address] **Format** This command is used to change the contents of memory. If the starting address is omitted, the address currently indicated by the program counter is assumed. Press the SHIFT and BREAK keys together to terminate this command. When this command is entered, the starting address of the memory block and its contents are dispalyed in the editing format described previously and the cursor is moved to the data to be changed. Enter the new data and press the CR key; the following address and its contents are then displayed. 2.11.5 Fin command (F command) * F [starting adress] _ [end adress] _ [data] _ [data] _ **Format** This command searches for the specified data string in the memory area from the starting address to the end address. When found, the address of the string and its contents are dumped to the screen. This command is terminated by simultaneously pressing the SHIFT and BREAK keys. 2.11,6 Subroutine call(G command) * G [call address] This command calls the subroutine starting at the specified address. The stack pointer is located at FFEEH. Transfer command (T command) 2.11.7 * T [starting address] _ [end address] _ [destination adress] **Format** This address transfers the contents of memory between the starting address and the end address to the memory area starting at the destination address. 2.11.8 Save command (S command) * S[starting address] [end adress] [execution adress] : [file name]

This command saves the contents of the memory between the starting address and the end address to cassette tape under the specified file name.

Format

2.11.9 Load command (L command)

This command loads the specified file into memory, starting at the load address. If the load address is omitted, the execution address contained in the file is assumed as the load address. If the file name is omitted, the first file encountered on the tape is loaded. The message "ERR?" is displayed if a check sum error is detected or the BREAK key is pressed during execution, then the monitor returns to the command wait state input mode. The command input mode wait state is entered when execution is wait state is entered when execution is completed.

2.11.10 Verify command (V command)

This command reads the specified file from cassette tape and compares it with the contents of memory. This makes it possible to confirm that a program has been properly recorded with the SAVE command. If any difference is found between data read from the tape and that contained in memory, the message "Err?" is displayed.

2.11.11 Return command (R command)

This command returns control to the system program which called the monitor program and restores the SP (stack pointer) and HL register to the values which they contained when the monitor program was called. Execution resumes with the command following BYE is executed.

This command cannot return control if the monitor has been called by a system program whose stack pointer is between FF00H to FFFFH, or if the stack pointer does not contain a return address. In such cases, use the G command to call the warm start entry point.

messal Loss carrentes de la company d

- see all in Camabia had and Single (California).

The common of the control of the common process of the common of the form of the form of the common of the common

The second of th

agramma in allustrop will also it transplate was the larger trade in the trape of the collection and the agramma property and the supplementary to the supplementary to the supplementary transplants and the supplementary transplants are the supplementary transplants are the supplementary transplants are the supplementary transplants and the supplementary transplants are the supp

(triuerated) Fig. 11.11.2

The second control which is an explicit of the least training to the explicit of the explicit forms of the month in the month of the least of the form of the month of programs and the least of the month of the month of the month of the least of the lea

programme mangory consuming a start or our consumination of the consumination of the constitution of the c

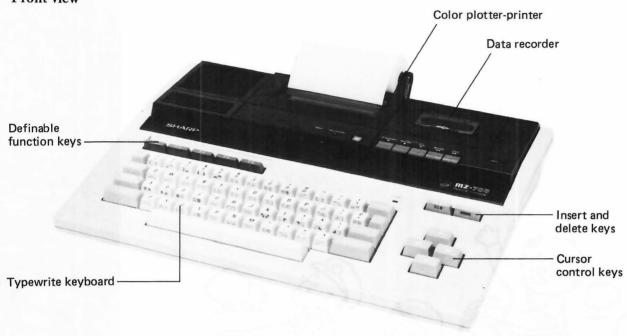
Operating the MZ-700



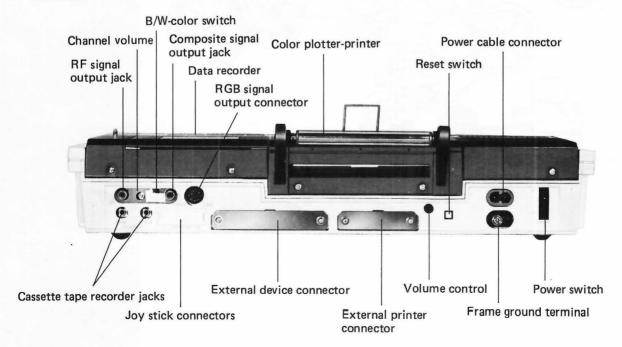
3. 1 Appearance of the MZ-700 Series Personal Computers

3.1.1 MZ-731



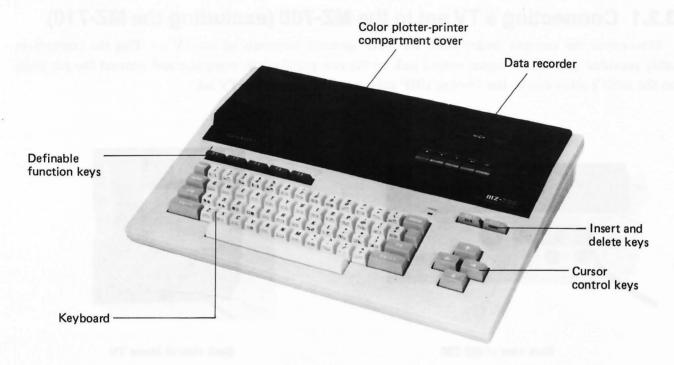


■ Rear view



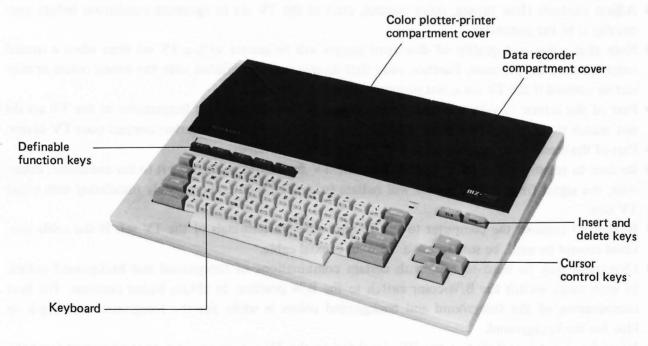
3.1.2 MZ-721

■ Front view



3.1.3 MZ-711

Front view



3.1.4 MZ-710

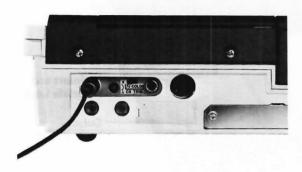
The MZ-710 is the same as the MZ-711 except that it does not include an RF signal output jack and Composite signal output jack on the rear panel.

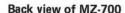
3. 2 Connection to Display Unit

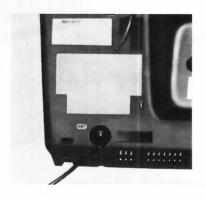
Be sure to turn off both the computer and display unit before connecting them.

3.2.1 Connecting a TV set to the MZ-700 (excluding the MZ-710)

Disconnect the antenna feeder from the UHF antenna terminals of the TV set. Plug the connection cable provided into the RF signal output jack on the rear panel of the computer and connect the pin plugs on the cable's other end to the 75-ohm UHF antenna terminals on the TV set.







Back view of Home TV

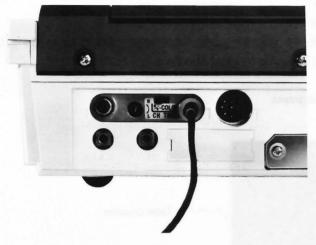
Set the channel selection switch to the 36 ± 3 ch position, depending on which is not used in your area.

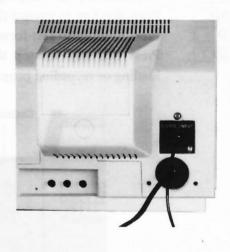
Note the following when using an ordinary TV set as a display unit.

- Adjust controls (fine tuning, color control, etc.) of the TV set to optimum conditions before connecting it to the computer.
- Note that color and quality of displayed images will be poorer with a TV set than when a special color monitor unit is used. Further, note that images may be painted with the wrong colors or may not be colored if the TV set is not properly adjusted.
- Part of the screen may be omitted if vertical and horizontal scanning frequencies of the TV set do not match those of the computer. This is not a problem with the computer; contact your TV dealer.
- Part of the screen may not be visible if the image is not centered.
- Be sure to remove the antenna feeder from the TV set before connecting it to the computer; otherwise, the signal from the computer will radiate from the TV antenna, possibly interfering with other TV sets.
- Be sure to connect the computer to the 75-ohm antenna terminals of the TV set. If the cable provided cannot be used, be sure to use a 75-ohm coaxial cable.
- Characters may be hard to read with certain combinations of foreground and background colors. In such cases, switch the B/W-color switch to the B/W position to obtain higher contrast. The best combination of the foreground and background colors is white for the foreground and black or blue for the background.
- No audio signal is included in the RF signal fed to the TV set, so sound cannot be output from the speaker of the TV set.

3.2.2 Connecting the MZ-1D04 12-inch green display to the computer (excluding the MZ-710)

Use the cable included with the MZ-1D04 green display to connect it to the computer. Plug the cable into the composite signal jack on the computer's rear panel, then set the B/W-COLOR switch to the B/W position.





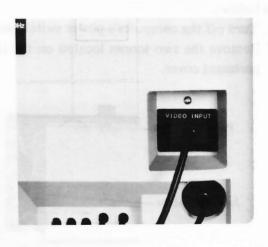
Rear panel of the MZ-700 series computer

Rear panel of the MZ-1D04

3.2.3 Connecting the MZ-1D05 14-inch color display to the computer

Use the cable included with the MZ-1D05 color display to connect it to the computer. Plug the cable's DIN connector into the RGB signal output connector on the MZ-700.

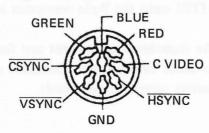




Rear panel of the MZ-700 series computer

Rear panel of the MZ-1D05

Pin assignments of the RGB signal output connector of the MZ-700 are as shown below.



RGB signal output DIN connector (viewed from the rear side)

3.3 Data Recorder

■ Data recorder built into the MZ-731 and MZ-721

The built-in data recorder can be operated in the same manner as an ordinary cassette tape recorder.

RECORD

Press this key to record programs and data.

PLAY Press th

Press this key to load programs and data.

REWIND

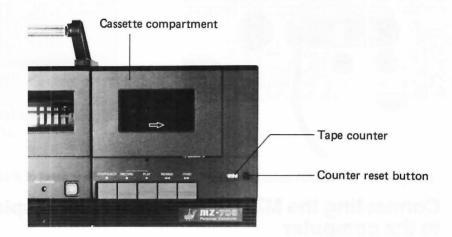
Press this key to rewind the tape.

FFWD

Press this key to fast-forward the tape.

STOP/EJECT

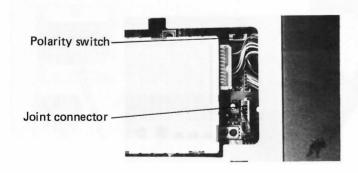
Press this key to stop the tape, to release other keys when the tape stops after loading or recording programs or data, or to eject the tape.

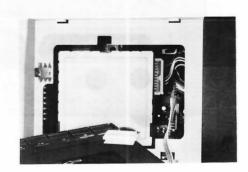


■ MZ-1T01

The MZ-1T01 data recorder unit can be installed in the MZ-711 (MZ-710). Installation procedures are as follows.

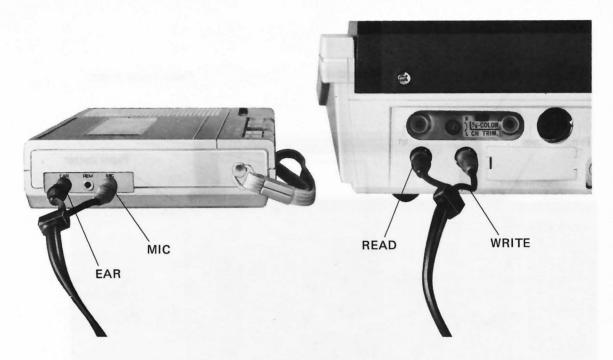
- 1. Turn off the computer's power switch and unplug the power cable from the AC outlet.
- 2. Remove the two screws located on the left side of the rear panel to remove the data recorder compartment cover.





- 3. Remove the joint connector cover.
- 4. Plug the connector of the MZ-1T01 onto the 9-pin connector located at the left rear of the recorder compartment of the MZ-711.
- 5. Position the data recorder in the recorder compartment and fasten it in place with the two screws. When doing this, be careful to avoid catching the connector cable between the data recorder and the computer, (otherwise, the screws cannot be tightened).

Ordinary cassette tape recorder

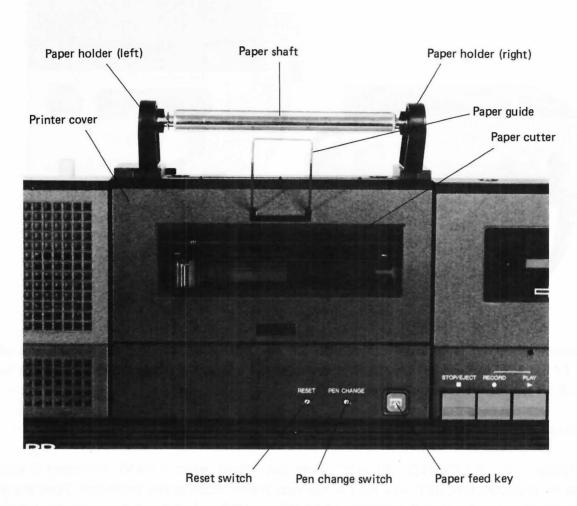


Using commercially available audio cables with 3.5 mm mini-plugs, connect the WRITE jack of the computer to the MIC jack of the cassette tape recorder and connect the computer's READ jack to the EXT SP or EAR jack of the cassette tape recorder.

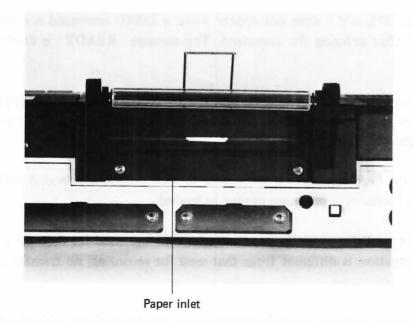
Take note of the following when using an ordinary cassette tape recorder.

- (1) The message " \(\Delta\) RECORD. PLAY" does not appear when a SAVE command is entered. Be sure to press the RECORD key on the recorder before entering this command. Press the STOP key to stop the recorder after the message " READY" is displayed. Without depressing the STOP key, the recorder is not stopped.
- (2) The message " + PLAY" does not appear when a LOAD command is entered. Be sure to start playing the tape after entering the command. The message "READY" is displayed when loading is completed.
- (3) The level and tone controls of the cassette tape reocrder must be adjusted to appropriate levels. Some cassette recorders (e.g. those with the automatic level control) may not be usable. In such cases, please purchase the MZ-1T01.
- (4) The polarity of the head can make it impossible to load programs provided with the computer. Try switching the head polarity if programs cannot be loaded.
- (5) For any transfer or collation, use the tape recorder that was used for recording. If the tape recorder for transfer or collation is different from that used for recording, no transfer nor collation may be possible.
- (6) Data written using an ordinary cassette recorder may not be readable with the data recorder. Therefore, use of the MZ-1T01 is recommended.

3.4 Color Plotter-Printer



Plotter-printer (viewed from the top)



Plotter-printer (viewed from the rear side)

■ Loading roll paper

- 1. Remove the printer cover.
- 2. Cut the end of roll paper straight across and insert the end into the paper inlet. (Be careful to avoid folding or wrinkling the end of the paper when doing this.)
- 3. Turn on MZ-731's power switch and press the (paper feed) key to feed paper until the top of paper is 3 to 5 cm above the outlet.
- 4. Insert the paper shaft into the roll and mount it to the paper holders.
- 5. Set the printer cover so that the end of paper comes out through the paper cutter.
- To remove the roll from the printer for replacement, cut straight across the paper at the paper inlet and press the paper feed key.
- Roll paper for the MZ-700 series computers is available at any Sharp dealer. Do not use paper other than that specified.

The length of the paper is 23 to 25 meters, and the maximum roll diameter which can be loaded is 50 mm. Paper will not feed properly if a roll with a greater diameter is used, resulting in poor print quality.

Procedures for loading roll paper



(A) Insert paper into the paper inlet.



(B) Press the paper feed key to feed paper.

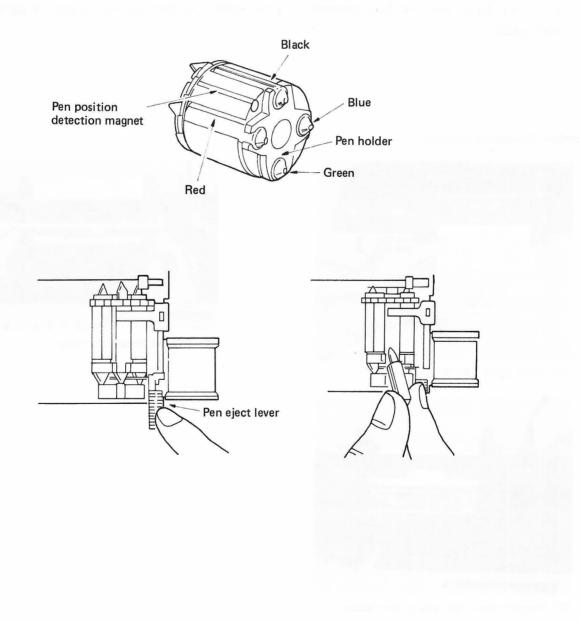


(C) Replace the printer cover.

■ Installing/replacing pens

- 1. Remove the printer cover and press the PEN CHANGE switch with a ball pen or the like; this causes the pen holder to move to the right side of the printer for pen replacement.
- 2. Depress the pen eject lever to eject the pen which is at the top of the holder. When doing this, rest your finger lightly on top of the pen while pushing the eject lever to prevent it from falling inside the printer.
- 3. Insert a new pen.
- 4. Press the PEN CHANGE switch again to bring another pen to the top of the holder.
- 5. Replace all four pens (black, blue, green and red) in the same manner. When finished, press the RESET switch to ready the printer for printing with the black pen.

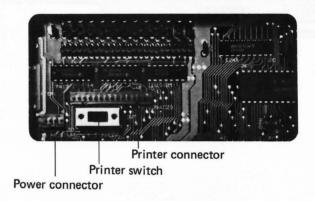
Execute the BASIC TEST command to confirm that all colors are printed correctly.



■ MZ-1P01

Installation of the MZ-1P01 color plotter printer (for models other than the MZ-731)

- 1. Turn off the computer's power switch and unplug the power cable.
- 2. Remove the two screws located at the center of the rear panel to remove the printer compartment cover.
- 3. Confirm that the printer switch on the printed circuit board is set to the INT position.
- 4. Plug the printer connector into the matching connector on the printed circuit board, then position the printer in the printer compartment and fasten it in place with the two screws. When doing this, be careful to avoid catching the connector cable between the data recorder and the computer (otherwise, the screws cannot be tightened).



ternal printer→INT (color plotter-printer)

Connection of color plotter-printer to the MZ-700

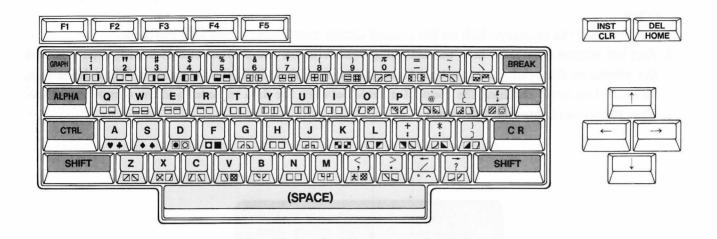
■ Connecting an external printer (MZ-80P5(K))

The MZ-80P5(K) printer for the MZ-80K series computers can be connected to the MZ-700's external printer connector (see page 104) without any special interface card. Use an optional connection cable for making the connection.

When using an external printer, the printer switch on the printed circuit board must be set to the external printer position. Therefore, the color plotter-printer and the external printer cannot be used simultaneously.

Note that if a program including color plotter-printer control statements is run with an external printer, meaningless characters (control codes for the plotter-printer) will be printed.

3.5 Key Operation



3.5.1 Typewriter keyboard

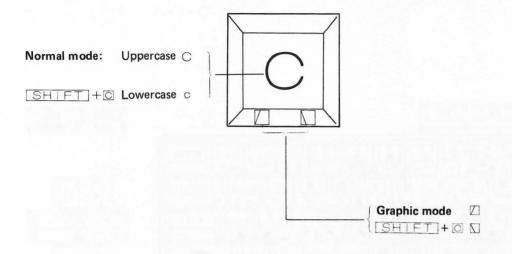
Except for the special control keys, several characters are assigned to each key on the keyboard. The character entered when a key is pressed depends on the input mode selected by the special keys.

The input modes are as follows.

- (1) Normal mode This mode is automatically entered when the BASIC interpreter is loaded. In this mode, the ASCII character (uppercase or lowercase) shown on top of each key is entered when that key is pressed.
- (2) Graphic mode This mode is entered when the GRAPH key is pressed. In this mode, the graphic pattern shown on the left front of each key is entered when that key is pressed. The graphic pattern shown on the right front of each key is entered by pressing that key together with the shift key. Pressing the ALPHA key returns input to the normal mode.

Pressing the space bar enters a space regardless of the input mode.

For example characters entered by the C key in different input modes are as follows.



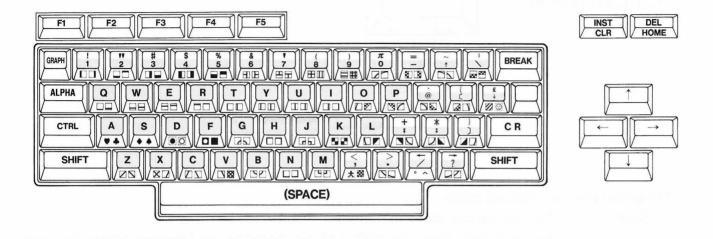
The special keys are explained below.

The special Reys	if explained below.
SHIFT	Pressing this key allows shift position characters to be entered.
	For alphabetic keys, the shift position characters are lowercase letters; for keys
	other than alphabetic keys, the shift position characters are those shown on the
	upper side of the key tops. In the GRAPH mode, the graphic pattern shown on the
	right front of each key is entered.
C R	Pressing this key enters a CR (carriage return) code, terminating the line and moving
	the cursor to the beginning of the next line.
BREAK	Pressing this key enters a BREAK code. Pressing it together with the SHIFT key
	stops execution of a program or operation of the data recorder.
GRAPH	Pressing this key changes the input mode from normal to graphic for input of
	the graphic patterns shown on the left front of keys.
ALPHA	Pressing this key changes the input mode from graphic to normal.

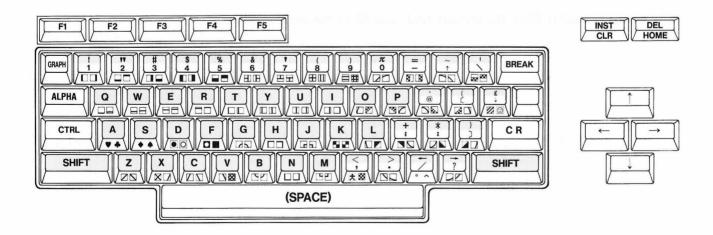
The cursor symbol is **S** in the normal mode and **I** in the graphic mode.

(1) Normal mode (alphanumeric mode)

Character entered by each key in the normal mode are as indicated by the screened areas in the figure below.

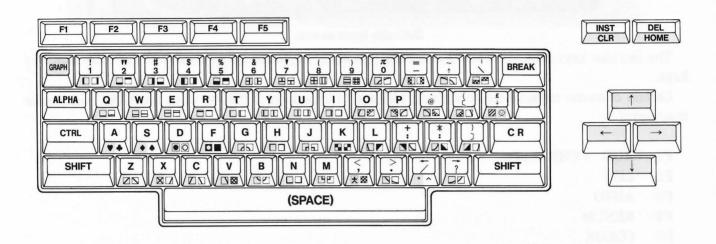


When with the SHIFT key is pressed together with other keys, lowercase letters (or other symbols indicated by the screen areas in the figure below) are entered.

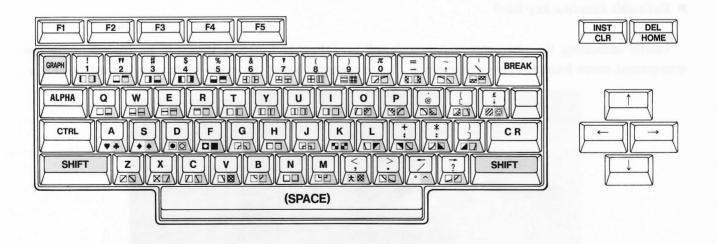


(2) Graphic mode

Pressing the GRAPH key places the computer in the graphic input mode. Characters entered by each key in the graphic mode are as indicated by the screened areas in the figure below. In this mode, pressing any of the cursor control keys, the INST/CLR key or the DEL/HOME key enters the symbols $\[\]$, $\[\]$, $\[\]$, $\[\]$, or $\[\]$, respectively.



When with the SHIFT key is pressed together with other keys, symbols indicated by the screen areas in the figure below are entered.



The cursor symbol is 🖺 in the graphic mode. To return the mode to normal, press the ALPHA key.

3.5.2 Definable function keys



Definable function keys

The five blue keys marked F1 to F5 above the typewriter keyboard are referred to as definable function keys.

Certain character strings are automatically assigned to these keys as follows when the BASIC interpreter is activated.

F1: "RUN" + CHR\$ (13)

F2: "LIST"

F3: "AUTO"

F4: "RENUM"

F5: "COLOR"

SHIFT + F1: "CHR\$ ("

SHIFT + F2: "DEF KEY ("

SHIFT + F3: "CONT"

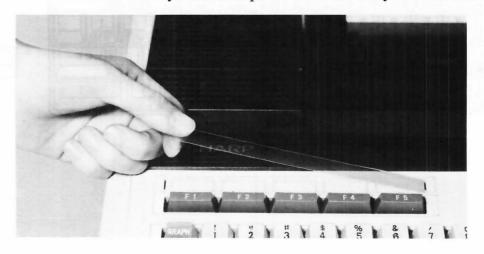
SHIFT + F4: "SAVE"

SHIFT + F5: "LOAD"

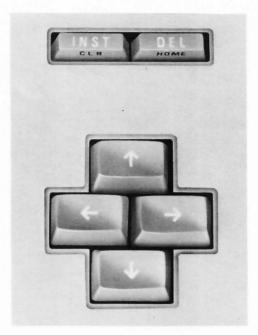
When one of these keys is pressed, the character string assigned to that key is entered; thus, statements which are frequently used can be entered just by pressing one key. The character string assigned to any of the definable function keys can be changed by the DEF KEY statement. (See page 57, DEF KEY statement.)

■ Definable function key label

Labels indicating the character strings assigned to definable function keys can be placed under the transparent cover located above these keys. The transparent sheet can easily be removed as shown below.



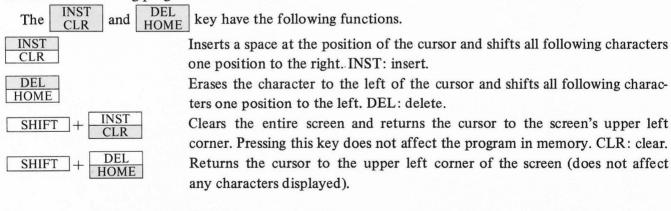
3.5.3 Cursor control keys and insert and delete keys



Cursor control keys and insert and delete keys

The cursor control keys are the four yellow keys at the right of the keyboard which are marked with arrows.

Pressing these keys moves the cursor one position in the direction indicated by the arrow. These keys are used when editing programs.



See pages 18 and 19.

event etelete best traent fins aved fertinon restudi. \$13.5



more strictly from transpirition are the transpirition of the

. The ordinal common has a draw draw pullace begin in the night of the <mark>lasgiful of this signiful and the draw the</mark> corner

Tradition than the course the concernate position in the descripts retreated by the archivillage records their final lags.

enemas So<mark>gningsleb (b. 1916). Les voeus est les semes son et les semes de la commente de l'annonce de la commente del commente de la commente de la commente del commente de la commente del commente del commente del commente de la commente de la commente de la commente del commente del commente del commente del commente de la commente del commente d</mark>

Texto list character in the 160 of the same and indicate in themselve during desired in the contract of the same contract in the last little delete.

Fines the committee and recome the chieff to the pisperty replied but the chieff of the comment of the chieff of the projects to the chieff of the chieff of the comment to the comment of the comment of

TE from \$1 strong and

Hardware

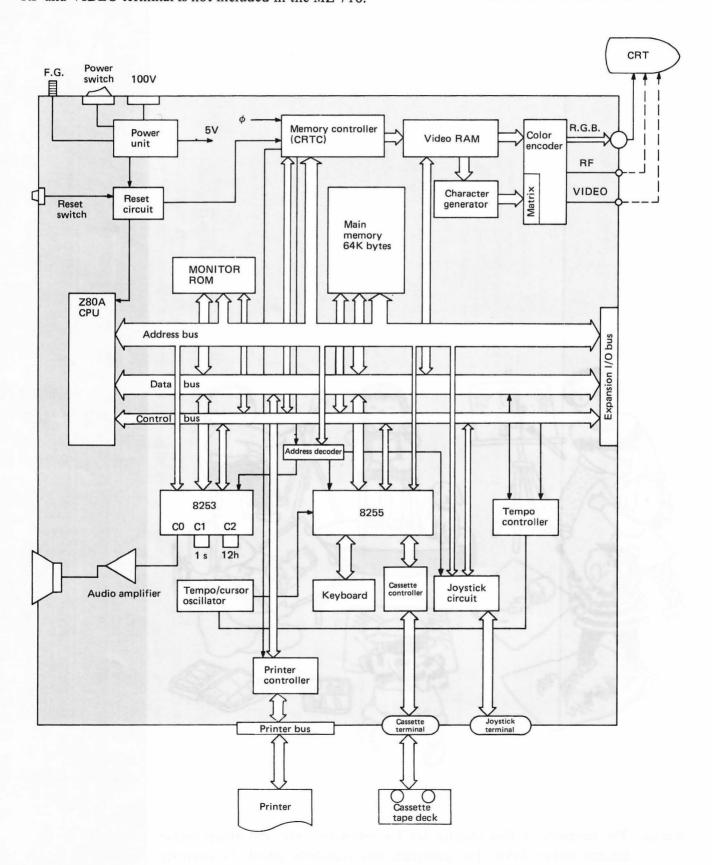


Notice: The contents of this chapter are for reference only, and Sharp cannot assume responsibility for answering any questions about its contents.

4. 1 MZ-700 System Diagram

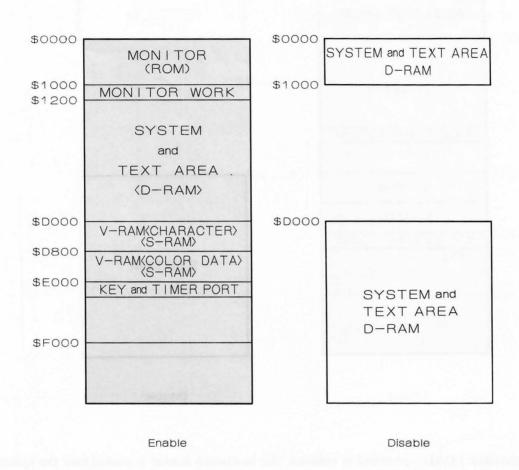
The figure below shows the system configuration of the MZ-700 series computers.

RF and VIDEO terminal is not included in the MZ-710.



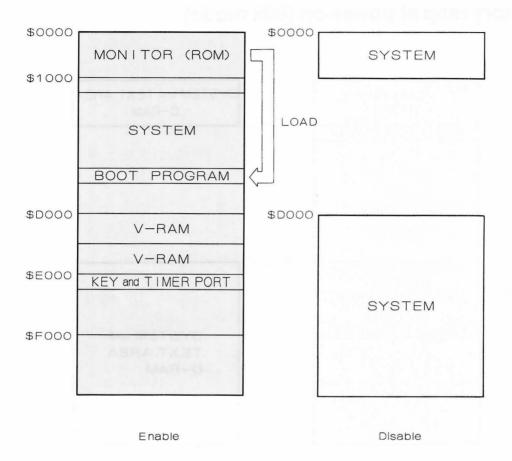
4. 2 Memory configuration

4.2.1 Memory map at power-on (80k mode)



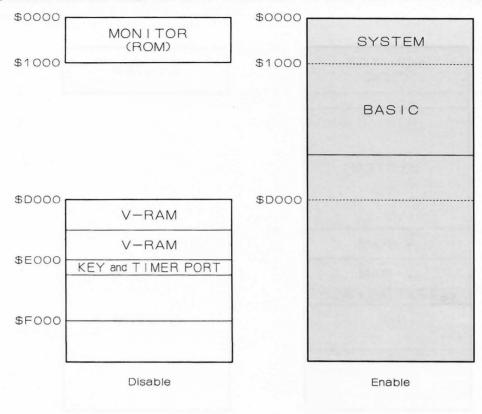
- The memory map is as shown above immediately after the power has been turned on. (The contents of the V-RAM area from \$D000 to \$DFFF are not the same as those of MZ-80K.)
- The entry point of the monitor ROM is the same as that of the MZ-80K.

4.2.2 Memory map while loading system program (BASIC)



- When the monitor LOAD command is entered, the bootstrap loader is loaded into the system RAM area from ROM and control is transferred to that program.
- BOOT COMMAND : L

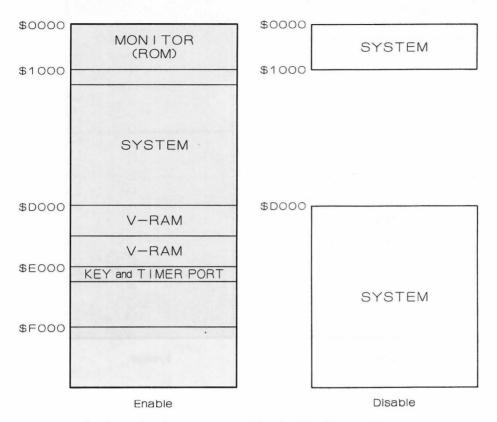
4.2.3 Memory map after the BASIC interpreter has been loaded (MZ-700 mode)



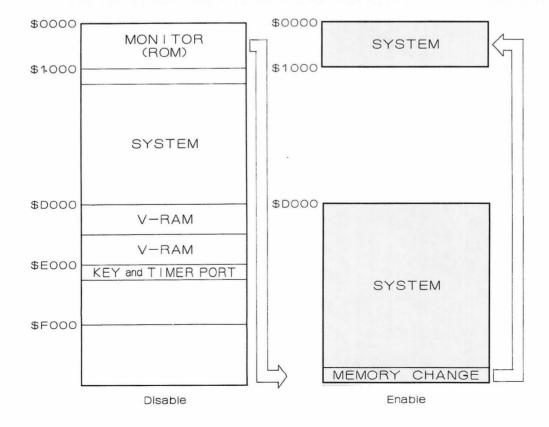
- The memory map is as shown above after the BASIC interpreter has been loaded.
- Bank switching is performed to access V-RAM or the KEY and TIMER PORT area.

4.2.4 Memory map after manual reset

The memory map is as shown below after the reset switch on the rear panel has been pressed.



After pressing the reset switch together with the CTRL key, the memory map is as shown below.



- When the reset switch is pressed together with the CTRL key, addresses \$0000 to \$0FFF and from \$D000 to \$FFFF are assigned to RAM.
- When the # command is entered after the reset switch has been pressed, the computer operates in the same manner as after the reset switch has been pressed together with the CTRL key.

4.2.5 Bank switching

a) Memory blocks can be selected by outputting data to I/O ports as shown below.

SWITCHING

I/O PORT	\$0000~\$0FFF	\$D000~\$FFFF
\$ E0	SYSTEM AREA (D-RAM)	
\$ E1		SYSTEM AREA (D-RAM)
\$ E2	MONITOR (ROM)	
\$ E3		V-RAM, KEY, TIMER
\$ E4	MONITOR (ROM)	V-RAM, KEY, TIMER
\$ E5		Inhibit
\$ E6		Return to the front of condition, where being inhibitted by \$ E5.

Note: Outputting data to I/O port \$E4 performs the same function as pressing the reset switch.

b) Examples:

OUT (\$E0), A

Assigns addresses \$0000 to \$0FFF to RAM, but does not change execution address. The contents of variable A do not affect the result.

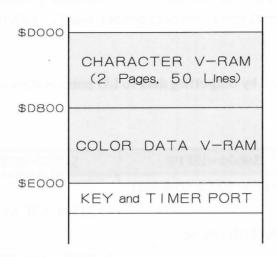
OUT (\$E4), A

Initializes memory to the state immediately after the power has been turned on.

Note: Since the program counter is not moved by the OUT statement, care must be taken when switching memory blocks if the program counter is located in the area from \$0000 to \$0FFF or from \$D000 to \$FFFF.

4.2.6 Memory map when V-RAM is accessed

i) V-RAM (Video RAM) memory map



ii) Correspondence between V-RAM address and location on the screen.

The MZ-700 has a 2K byte V-RAM area, but only 1K byte of that area can be displayed on the screen at one time. The area displayed can be changed by scrolling the screen.

a) Area displayed immediately after reset (or power-on):

00	wer	-on):		•				D000		ddress yte No.			
		1	2	3					39	40		Colum	n
	1	D000*	D001	D002		 	-		D026	D027	čky) Ledan		
	2	D028	D029 42	D02A 43		 			D04E 79	D04F 80			
		5-15			er '-		111		1				
	-	=1 (==	~ —						[1 I			
		Forgit							i I	 			
2	5	D3C0 961	D3C1 962	D3C2 963		 			D3E6 999	D3E7 1000			

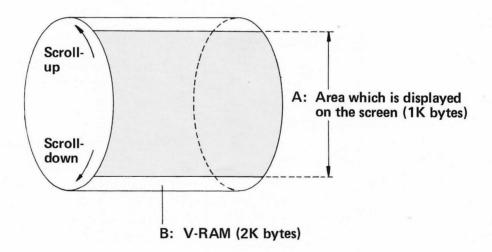
Line

b) Area displayed after the screen has been scrolled up one line from the end of V-RAM:

	1	2	3	39		40
1	D000 1041	D001 1042	D002 1043	D02 107		D027 1080
2	D028 1081	D029 1082	D02A 1083	D04		D04F 1120
				The second second second		
24	D398 1961	D399 1962	D39A 1963	D3B	E9	D3BF 2000
25	D3C0	D3C1 2	D3C2 3	D3E 39	6	D3E7 40

Note: The line consisting of bytes 1 to 40 is wrapped around to that consisting of bytes 1961 to 2000 as shown above.

- iii) Scroll-up and scroll-down
 - a) The screen is scrolled up by pressing the SHIFT and ↑ keys together, and is scrolled down by pressing the SHIFT and ↓ keys together.
 - b) Scroll-up and scroll-down



- During scrolling, the area which is displayed on the screen moves through the 2K byte V-RAM area as shown above.
- The end of the V-RAM area is warpped around to the beginning of V-RAM as shown above.
- The cursor does not move on the screen during scrolling.

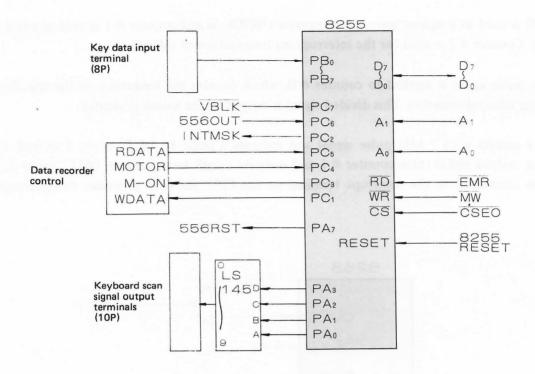
4. 3 Memory Mapped I/O (\$E000-\$E008)

Addresses \$E000 to \$E008 are assigned to the 8255 programmable peripheral interface, 8253 programmable interval timer and other I/O control ICs so that various I/O devices (including music functions using counter #0 of the 8253) can be accessed in the same manner as memory. The memory mapped I/O chart is shown below.

CPU memory address	Controller	Operation
\$E000 \$E001 \$E002 \$E003	8255	Pa: Output Pb: Input Pc: Input and output control by bit setting Mode control
\$E004 \$E005 \$E006 \$E007	8253	C ₀ : Mode 3 (square wave rate generator) C ₁ : Mode 2 (rate generator) C ₂ : Mode 0 (terminal counter) Mode control
\$E008	LS367, etc.	Tempo, joystick and HBLNK input

4.3.1 Signal system of the 8255

The 8255 outputs keyboard scan signals, input key data, and controls the cassette tape deck and cursor blink timing.



Port	Terminal	I/O	Active state	. Description of control	Name of signal
PA (\$E000)	PA ₀ PA ₁ PA ₂ PA ₃ PA ₇	OUT	H H H H L	Keyboard scan signals Resets the cursor blink timer.	556 RST
PB (\$E001)	PB ₀ PB ₁ PB ₂ PB ₃ PB ₄ PB ₅ PB ₆ PB ₇	IN	L L L L L L L	Key scanning data input signals	
PC* (\$E002)	PC ₁ PC ₂ PC ₃ PC ₄ PC ₅ PC ₆ PC ₇	OUT OUT OUT IN IN IN	- L H - -	Cassette tape write data Inhibits clock interrupts. Motor drive signal Indicates that the motor is on. Cassette tape read data Cursor blink timer input signal Vertical blanking signal	WDATA INTMSK M-ON MOTOR RDATA 556 OUT VBLK

^{*} Each output data bit can be independently set or reset.

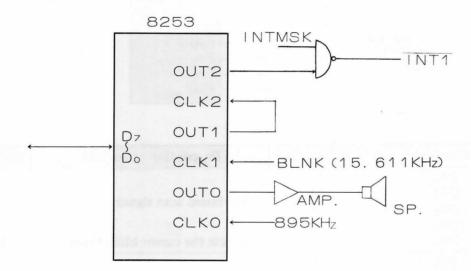
4.3.2 Signal system of the 8253

The 8253 includes three counters #0, #1 and #2. Counter #0 is used for sound generation, and counter #1 and #2 are used for the built-in clock.

Counter # 0 is used as a square wave rate generator (MODE 3) and counter # 1 is used as a rate generator (MODE 2). Counter # 2 is used for the interrupt on terminal count (MODE 0).

A 895 kHz pulse signal is applied to counter #0, which devides the frequency to the specified value according to the note information. This divided signal is output to the sound generator.

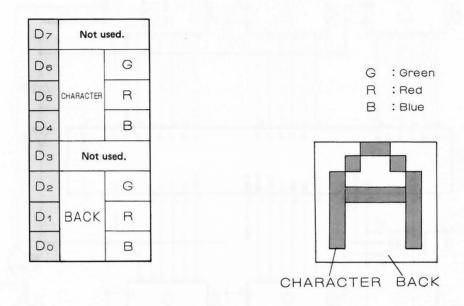
Counter #1 counts a 15.7 kHz pulse signal and outputs a pulse to OUT1 every 1 second. Counter #2 counts the output signal from counter #1 and outputs a high level pulse to OUT2 every 12 hours. Since OUT2 is connected to the interrupt terminal of the CPU, the CPU processes the interrupt every 12 hours.



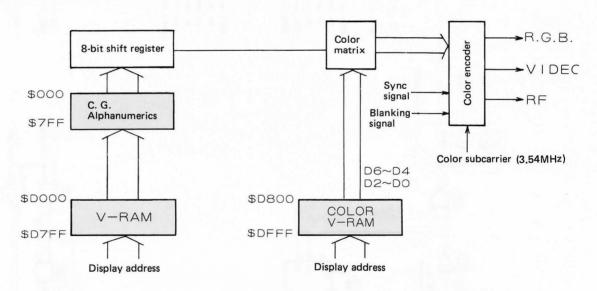
4. 4 Signal System of Color V-RAM

Color information of the MZ-700 is controlled in character units; that is, a 1-byte color information table is assigned to each character displayed on the screen.

A color information table is shown in the figure below.



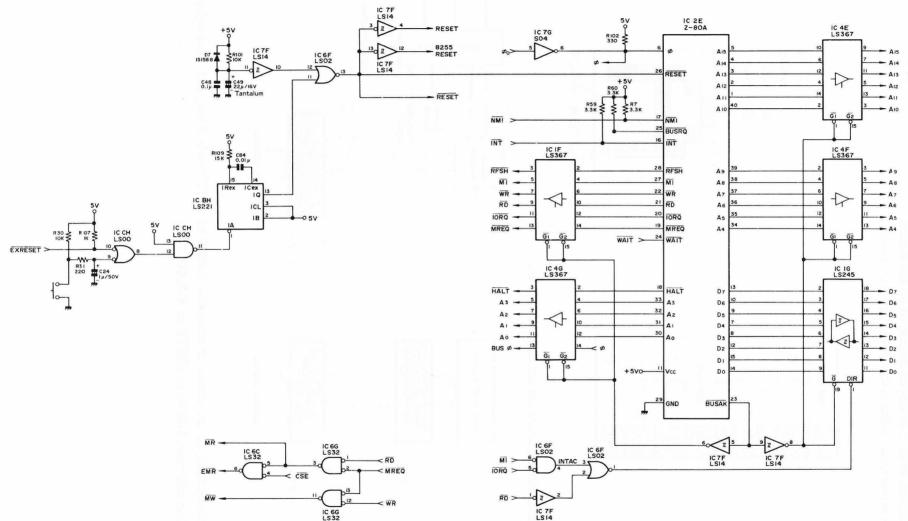
Color information tables are accessed as follows.

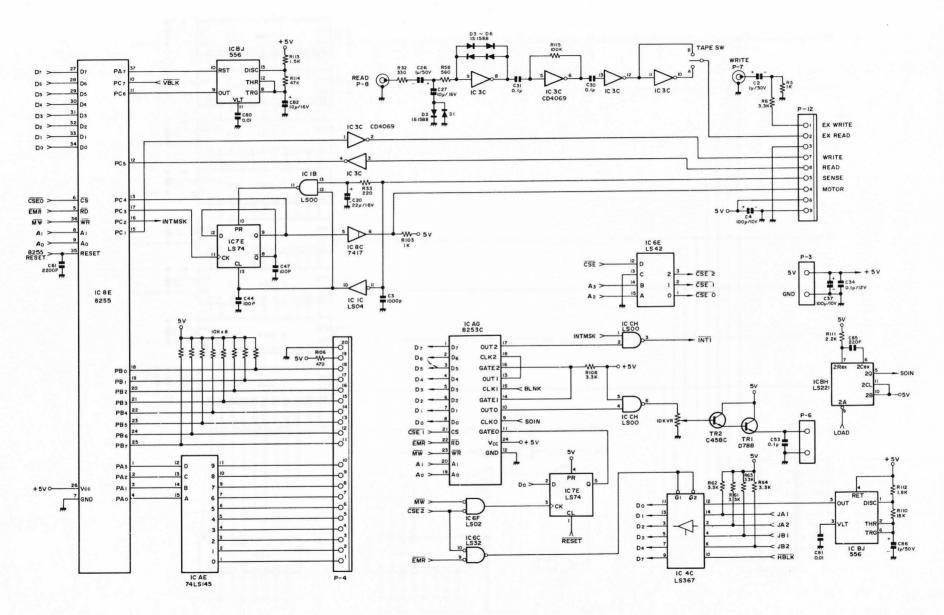


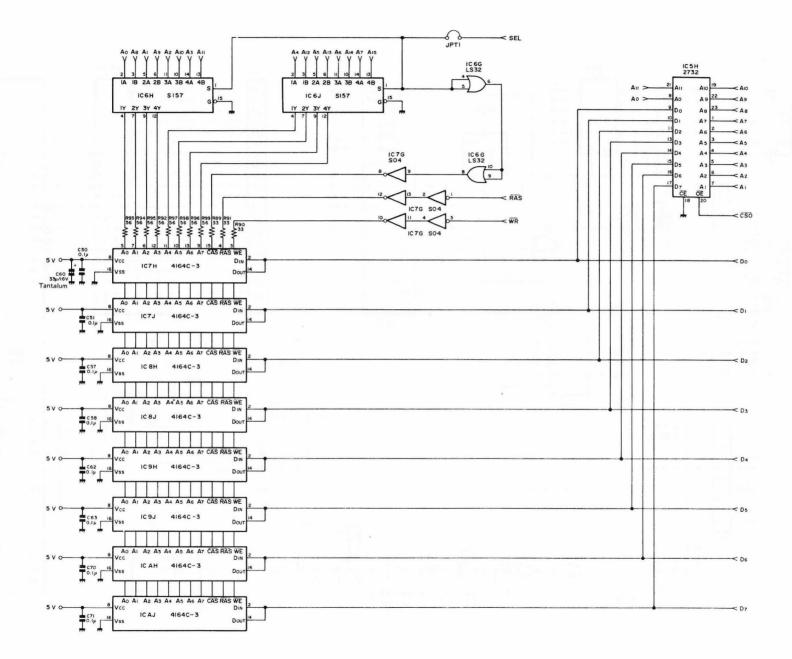
Characters displayed are stored at addresses \$D000 to \$D7FF of V-RAM, and color information tables are stored at addresses \$D800 to \$DFFF of V-RAM.

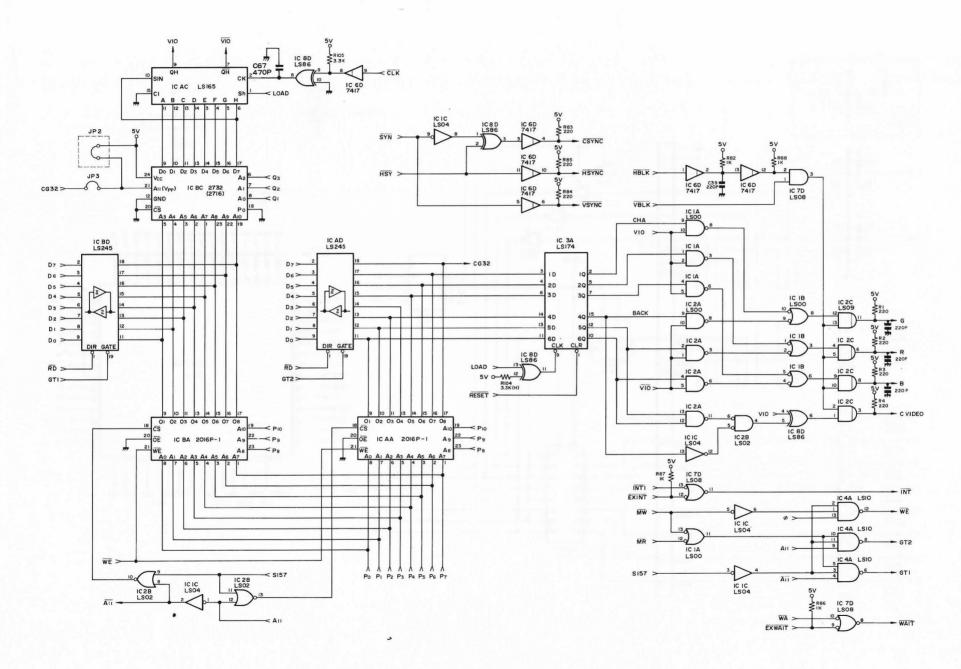
4. 5 MZ-700 Circuit Diagrams

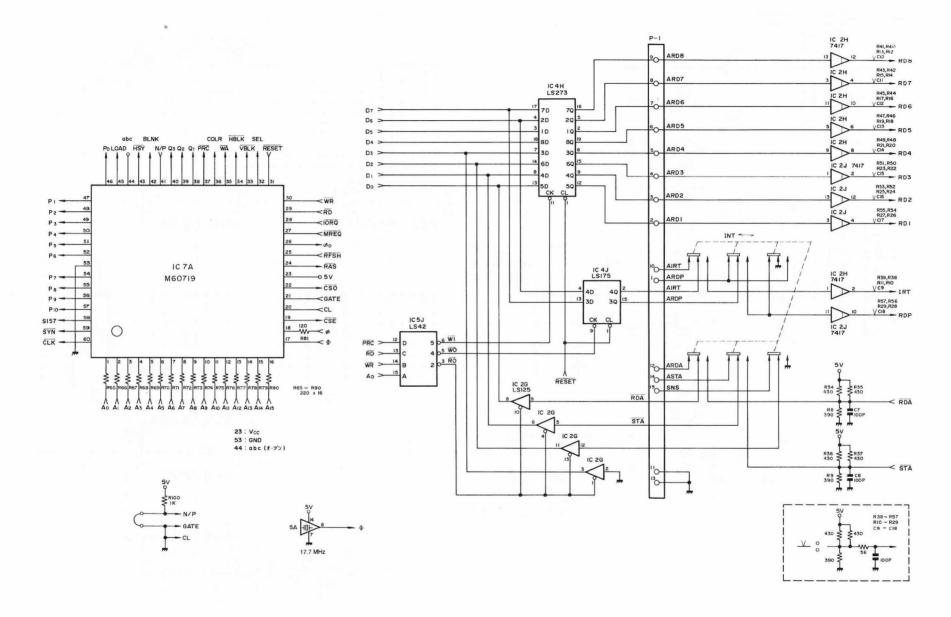
[CPU board circuit (1)]

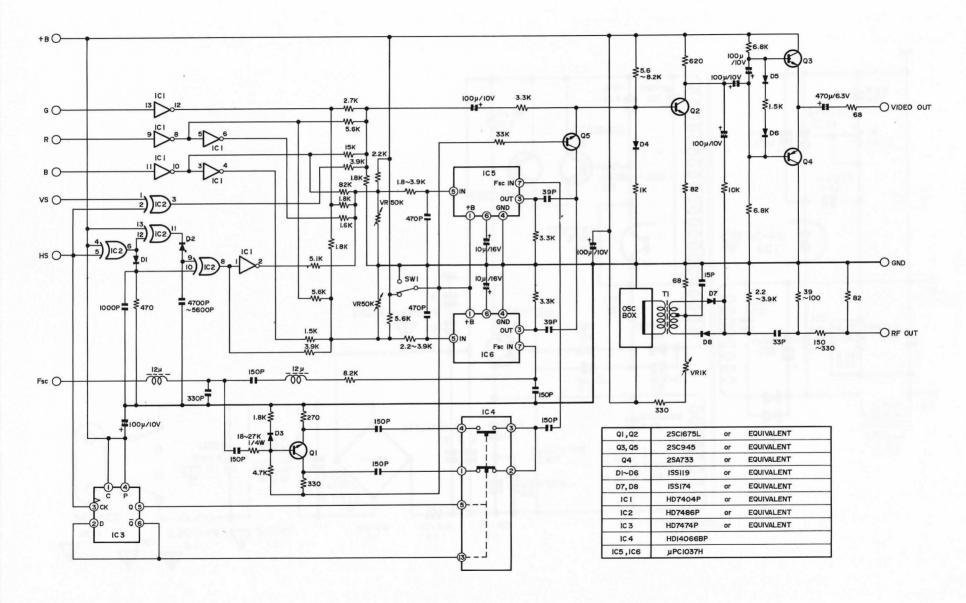


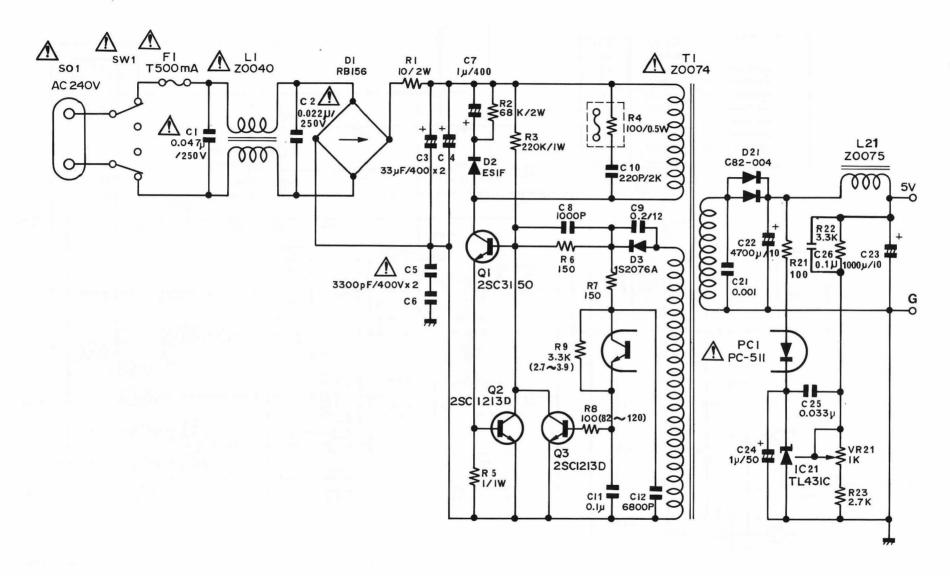












\triangleright	1	ARDP	
ark	2	ARDI	
	3	ARD2	
	4	ARD3	
	5	ARD4	
	6	ARD5	
	7	ARD6	
	8	ARD7	
	9	ARD8	
	10	AIRT	
	11	GND	
	12	ARDA	
	13	GND	
	14	ASTA	
	15	ALPS	

P-I

P-5

		, ,
>	1	+ 5 V
ırk	2	+ 5 V
	3	GND
1	4	GND

	,	-10	
-1	RDP	2	GND
3	RDı	4	GND
5	RD2	6	GND
7	RD ₃	8	GND
9	RD4	10	GND
11	RD5	12	GND
13	RD6	14	GND
15	RD7	16	GND
17	RDs	18	GND
19	IRT	20	GND
21	RDA	22	GND
23	STA	24	GND
25	FG	26	FG

P-11

			_
49	A 15	NMI	50
47	A 14	EXINT	48
45	A 13	GND	46
43	A 12	MREQ	44
41	AII	GND	42
39	A 10	IORQ	40
37	А 9	GND	38
35	As	RD	36
33	A7	GND	34
31	A 6	WR	32
29	A 5	EXWAIT	30
27	A 4	MI	28
25	Аз	GND	26
23	A 2	HALT	24
21	Αı	EXRESET	22
19	Ao	RESET	20
17	BUS Ø	GND	18
15	D 7	GND	16
13	D 6	GND	14
11	D 5	GND	12
9	D 4	GND	10
7	D 3	GND	8
5	D 2	GND	6
3	Dı	GND	4
1	Do	GND	2

P-13					
1	5 V				
2	VBLK				
3	JAI				
4	JA 2				
5	GND				

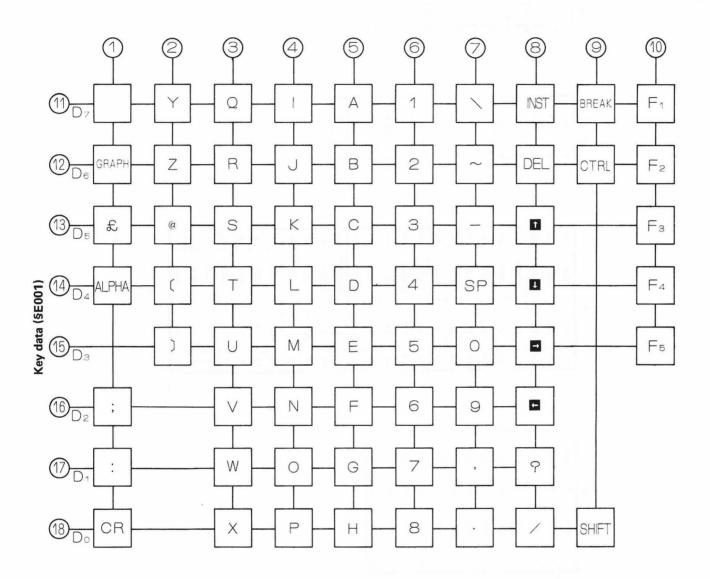
	P-14
1	5 V
2	VBLK
3	JB I
4	JB 2
5	GND

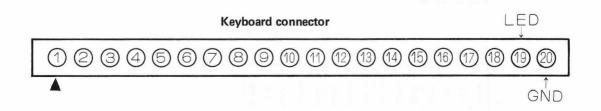
1	\neg	
1	0	GND
2	0	CSYNO
3	0	CVIDE
4	0	H SYNC
5	0	VSYN
6	0	GND
7	0	+5٧
8	0	G
9	0	В
10	0	R
11	0	COLR
12	0	GND
- 1		

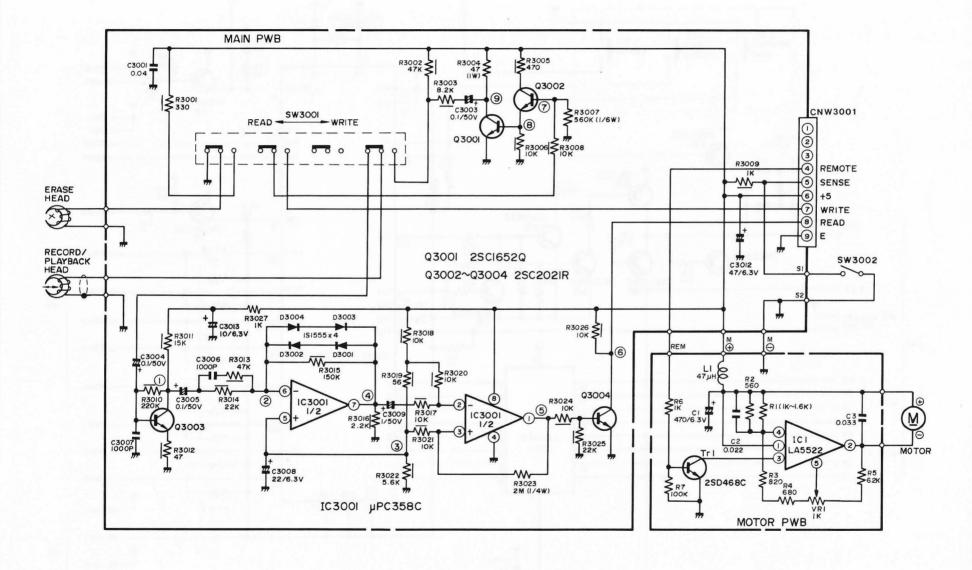
P-9

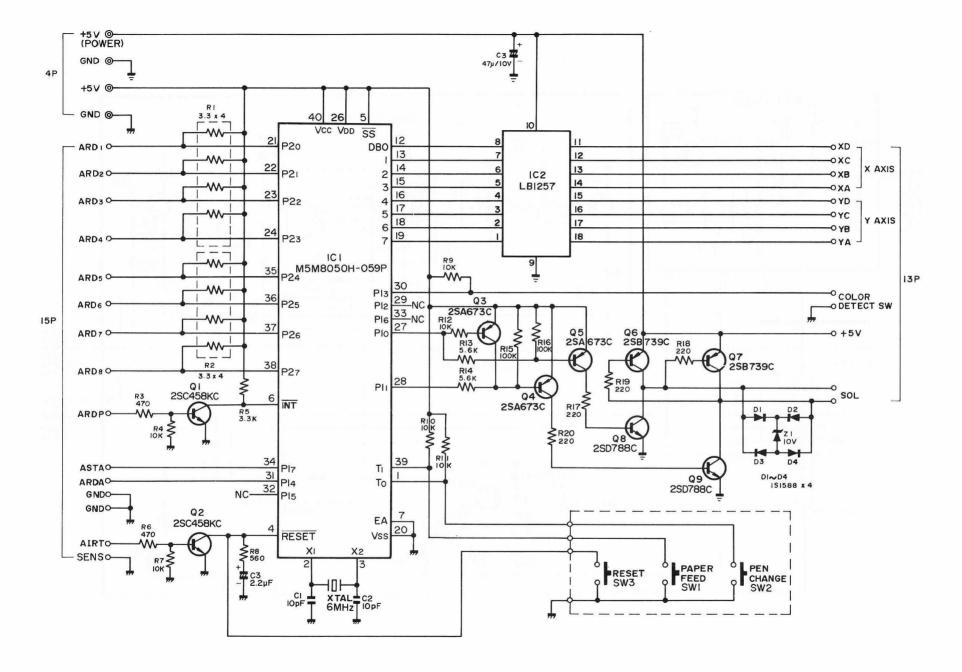
[Keyboard matrix circuit]

8255 outputs keyboard scan signals from port PA to the keyboard and reads key data from port PB. The figure below snows the key matrix.









Monitor Commands and Subroutines



5. 1 Monitor Commands

The monitor program starts immediately after the power is turned on and awaits input of a monitor command. The monitor commands are listed below. In this chapter, \overline{CR} indicates that the carriage return key is to be pressed.

L command Loads cassette tape files into memory.

P command Outputs the specified character string to the printer. (Print)

M command Changes the contents of memory. (Memory correction)

J command Transfers control to the specified address. (Jump)

S command Saves the contents of the specified memory block to cassette tape. (Save)

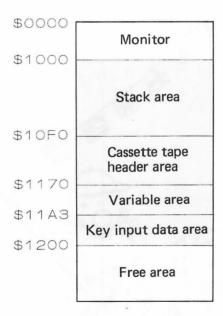
V command Compares the contents of cassette tape with the contents of memory.

command Transfers control to the RAM area.

B command Makes the bell sound every time a key is pressed. Executing this command again stops the bell.

■ Configuration of the monitor work area

The configuration of the monitor work area from \$1000 to \$11FF is shown below.



Note: The ROM monitor described in this chapter is not the same as the monitor function of the BASIC interpreter.

5. 2 Functions and Use of Monitor Commands

This section describes the functions and use of the eight monitor commands.

- Commands are executed when the CR key is pressed. Characters must be entered in the correct order. If illegal characters (such as spaces) are included in a command string, the monitor rejects the command.
- All numeric data must be entered in hexadecimal form at, and all data is displayed in hexadecimal form at. Therefore, 1-byte data is represented with two hexadecimal digits and 2-byte data is represented with a four hexadecimal digits. For example, the decimal number 21 is displayed as 15 and the decimal number 10 must be typed in as 0A. The upper digit "0" cannot be omitted.
- If the number of characters typed as an operand exceeds the specified number, excess characters are discarded.
- Each command can access any location of memory. Therefore, the monitor program may be changed if the commands are used carelessly. Since this can result in loss of control over the system, be careful to avoid changing the contents of the monitor program.

5.2.1 L command

Format Function L

This command loads the first machine language file encountered on the cassette tape into memory. After the L command is entered, the display changes as follows.

*L√ PLAY

Press the PLAY key of the data recorder. When a machine language program is found, the message "LOADING program-name" is displayed. For example, the following message is displayed during loading of the BASIC interpreter.

LOADING BASIC

5.2.2 P command (P: Printer)

Function

This command is used as follows to control the plotter printer:

*PABC >

Prints the letters "ABC".

*P&T/

Prints the test pattern.

*P&SJ

Sets the line width (character size) to 80 characters/line.

*P&LJ

Sets the line width (character size) to 40 characters/line.

*P&GJ

Switches the printer to the graphic mode.

*P&CJ

Changes the pen color.

5.2.3 M command (M : Memory modification)

Format

Mhhhh

hhhh.... starting address

Function

This command is used to change the contents of memory a byte at a time, starting at the specified address.

```
*MCØØØJ
CØØØ ØØ
         FF
CØØ1 ØØ
         FF
CØØ2 ØØ FF
C003 00 FF
CØØ4 ØØ
           SHIFT + BREAK
*MCØ1ØJ
CØ1Ø ØØ 88
CØ11 ØØ 88
CØ12 ØØ 88
CØ13 ØØ 88
CØ14 ØØ
           SHIFT + BREAK
*
```

To terminate the M command, simultaneously press the SHIFT and BREAK keys.

5.2.4 J command (J: Jump)

Format

Jhhhh

h h h h destination address

Function

This command transfers control to the specified address; i.e., it sets the specified address in the program counter.

*J12ØØ1

····· Jumps to address \$1200.

5.2.5 S command (S: Save)

Format

S h h h h h' h' h' h' h" h" h" h"

h h h hstarting address

h' h' h' h' ···· end address

h" h" h" h" ··· execution address

Function

Upon execution, this command prompts for entry of a file name, then saves the contents of memory from h h h h to h' h' h' on cassette tape under the specified file name. Assume that a machine language program in the area from \$6000 to \$60A3 whose execution address is at \$6050 is to be saved under file name "MFILE"; the command is then entered as follows.

*S600060A36050J

FILENAME? MEDDE!

* RECORD.PLAY

Confirm that a blank cassette tape is loaded in the data recorder and press the RECORD key.

If the write protect tab of the cassette tape is removed, the RECORD key cannot be pressed. Replace it with another cassette.

This command can only be used to save machine language programs.

WRITING MFILE

OK!

8

Note: To abort recording, hold down both the SHIFT and BREAK keys until the prompt " * " appeas.

5.2.6 V command (V: Verify)

Format

V

Function

Compares a machine language cassette file saved using the S command with the original program in memory.

*VJ DLAY

Press the PLAY key to read the cassette tape file when the prompt " \bot \sqcap \sqcap is displayed. The message "OK" is displayed when the contents of the cassette file matches that of the original program; otherwise, the message "CHECK SUM ER." is displayed.

It is recommended to that this command be executed immediately after recording a program with the S command.

5.2.7 # command

Format

#

Function

After pressing the RESET switch, executing this command produces the same effect as simultaneously pressing the RESET switch and the CTRL key.

*#1

5.2.8 B command (B: Bell)

Format

B

Function

*BJ

Executing this command once causes the bell to ring each time a key is pressed. Executing it again disables the bell.

5.3 Monitor Subroutines

The following subroutines are provided for Monitor 1Z-013A. Each subroutine name symbolically represents the function of the corresponding subroutine. These subroutines can be called from user programs.

Registers saved are those whose contents are restored when control is returned to the calling program. The contents of other registers are changed by execution of the subroutine.

Name and entry point (hex.)	Function	Register saved				
CALL LETNL (0006)	Moves the cursor to the beginning of the next line.	Other than AF				
CALL PRINTS (000C)	Displays a space at the cursor position.	Other than AF				
CALL PRINTS (0012)	Displays the character corresponding to the ASCII code stored in ACC at the cursor position. See Appendix A. 1 for the ASCII codes. No character is displayed when code 0D (carriage return) or 11 to 16 (the cursor control codes) is entered, but the corresponding function is performed (a carriage return for 0D and cursor movement for 11 to 16).					
CALL MSG (0015)	Displays a message, starting at the position of the cursor. The starting address of the area in which the message is stored must be set in the DE register before calling this subroutine, and the message must end with a carriage return code (0D). The carriage return is not executed. The cursor is moved if any cursor control codes (11 to 16) are included in the message.	All registers				
CALL BELL (003E)	Briefly sounds high A (about 880 Hz).	Other AF				
CALL MELDY (0030)	Plays music according to music data stored in the memory area starting at the address indicated in the DE register. The music data must be in the same format as that for the MUSIC statement of the BASIC, and must end with 0D or C8. When play is completed, control is returned to the calling program with the C flag set to 0; when play is interrupted with the BREAK key, control is returned with the C flag set to 1.	Other than AF				
CALL XTEMP (0041)	Sets the musical tempo according to the tempo data stored in the accumulator (ACC). ACC ← 01 Slowest speed ACC ← 04 Middle speed ACC ← 07 Highest speed Note that the data in the accumulator is not the ASCII code corresponding to 1 to 7 but the binary code.	All registers				
CALL MSTA (0044)	Generates a continuous sound of the specified frequency. The frequency is given by the following equation. freq. = 895 kHz/nn'. Here, nn' is a 2-byte number stored in addresses 11A1 and 11A2 (n in 11A2 and n' in 11A1).	BC and DE				

Name and entry point (hex.)		Function	olinoM	Register saved		
CALL MSTP (0047)	Stops the sound generate	ed with the CALL MSTA	subroutine.	Other than AF		
CALL TIMST (0033)	Sets and starts the built-if follows before this routin ACC ← 0 (AM), ACC DE ← 4-digit hexaded seconds.		Other than AF			
CALL TIMRD (003B)	Reads the built-in clock a ACC ← 0 (AM), ACC DE ← 4-digit hexade seconds.	Other than AF and DE				
CALL BRKEY (001E)	Checks whether the S being pressed. The Z flag simultaneoulsy; otherwise	Other than AF				
CALL GETL (0003)	Reads one line of data from the keyboard and stores it in the memory area starting at the address indicated in the DE register. This routine stops reading data when the RETURN key is pressed, then appends a carriage return code (0D) to the end of the data read. A maximum of 80 characters (including the carriage return code) can be entered in one line. Characters keyed in are echoed back to the display, and cursor control codes can be included in the line. When the SHIFT and BREAK keys are pressed simultaneously, BREAK code is stored in the address indicated in the DE register and a carriage return code is stored in the subsequent address.					
CALL GETKY (001B)	If no key is pressed, conwith 00 set in ACC. No provision is made to chatter, and characters enthe display. When any of the special subroutine returns a coding ASCII code as shown	ASCII) from the keyboard trol is returned to the call avoid data read errors due ntered are not echoed backeys (such as DEL or Ce to ACC which is different below. Here, display code cahracter generator, and an area of the code of the cahracter generator, and are trol is different below.	to key k to R) are pressent from the coes are used to	rrespond- address		
el becom stab o	Special key	Code set in ACC	Display	code		
Special key read with GETKY	DEL 60 C INST 61 C8 ALPHA 62 C9 BREAK 64 CI CR 66 CI 11 C 12 C 13 C 14 C HOME 15					
ad bestAlle	HOME 15 CLR 16					

Name and entry point (hex.)	Function	Register saved					
CALL ASC (03DA)	Sets the ASCII character corresponding to the hexadecimal number represented by the lower 4 bits of data in ACC.	Other than AF					
CALL HEX (03F9)	Converts the 8 data bits stored in ACC into a hexadecimal number (assuming that the data is an ASCII character), then sets the hexadecimal number in the lower 4 bits of ACC. The C flag is set to 0 when a hexadecimal number is set in ACC; otherwise, it is set to 1.	Other than AF					
CALL HLHEX (0410)	Converts a string of 4 ASCII characters into a hexadecimal number and sets it in the HL register. The call and return conditions are as follows. DE Starting address of the memory area which contains the ASCII character string (e.g., "3" "1" "A" "5") CALL HLHEX DE CF = 0 HL hexadecimal number (e.g., HL = 31A5 H) CF = 1 The contents of HL are not assured.						
CALL 2HEX (041F)	Converts a string of 2 ASCII characters into a hexadecimal number and sets it in ACC. The call and return conditions are as follows. DE Starting address of the memory area which contains the ASCII character string. (e.g., "3" "A") CALL 2HEX CF = 0 ACC hexadecimal number (e.g., ACC = 3Ah) CF = 1 The contents of the ACC are not assured.						
CALL ??KEY (09B3)	Blinks the cursor to prompt for key input. When a key is pressed, the corresponding display code is set in ACC and control is returned to the calling program.						
CALL ?ADCN (0BB9)	Converts ASCII codes into display codes. The call and return conditions are as follows. ACC ← ASCII code CALL ? ADCN ACC ← Display code						
CALL ?DACN (0BCE)	Converts display codes into ASCII codes. The call and return conditions are as follows. ACC ← Display code CALL ? DACN ACC ← ASCII code	Other than AF					
CALL ?BLNK (0DA6)	Detects the vertical blanking period. Control is returned to the calling program when the vertical blanking period is entered.	All registers					
	Controls display as follows.						
CALL ?DPCT (0DDC)	ACC Control COH Scrolling C1 H Same as the key. C2 H Same as the key. C3 H Same as the key. C4 H Same as the key. C5 H Same as the key. C5 H Same as the key. C6 H Same as the ALPHA key. C7 H Same as the ALPHA key. C8 H Same as the ALPHA key. C9 H Same as the CR key. C9 H Same as the CR key.	All registers					
CALL ?PONT (0FB1)	Sets the current cursor location in the HL register. The return conditions are as follows. CALL ? PONT HL Cursor location (binary)	Other than AF and HL					

A. 1 Code Tables

■ ASCII code table

MSD is an abbreviation for most significant digit, and represents the upper 4 bits of each code; LSD is an abbreviation for least significant digit, and represents the lower 4 bits of each code. Codes 11^h to 16^h are cursor control codes. For example, executing CALL PRNT (a monitor subroutine) with 15^h set in ACC returns the cursor to the home position. (III III is not displayed.)

	MSD	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С	D	E	F
LSD		0000	0001	0010	0011	0100	0101	0110	0111	1000	1001	1010	1011	1100	1101	1110	1111
0	0000			SP	0	@	Р	*	**	}		q	n				
1	0001		1	!		Α	Q	H			#	a					
2	0010		1	11	2	В	R	工			е	Z	Ü				
3	0011		\rightarrow	#	3	С	S	大			•	w	m		\mathbf{H}		
4	0100		←	\$	4	D	T	*		D	~	s				日	
5	0101			%	5	E	U	*	32		X	а					
6	0110		C	&	6	F	V	¥	73		t	i		→			\boxtimes
7	0111				7	G	W	•			g		0				0
8	1000				8	H	X	(<u>·</u>	A	7	h	Ö					4
9	1001				9		Y	n		ノ		$\left[\mathbf{k}\right]$	Ä				
A	1010			*		J	Z	大			b	f	Ö				$\color{red} \blacklozenge$
В	1011			+	;	K		M	0	^	x	V	ä	Œ		2	£
. C	1100			9	<	L			X		d						1
D	1101	CR				M		K			r	ü	У	4			
Е	1110			•	>	N	1	H	\mathbb{Z}		p	ß	1	a		Z	
F	1111		n		?	0	-	士	₹		С	j					π

■ Display code table

The display codes are used to address character patterns stored in the character generator. These codes must be transferred to video-RAM to display characters.

Monitor subroutines PRNT (0012H) and MSG (0015H) convert ASCII codes into display codes and transfer them to the V-RAM location indicated for the cursor.

Codes Cl_H to C6_H are for controlling the cursor.

	MSD	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	В	С	D	Е	F
LSD		0000	0001	0010	0011	0100	0101	0110	0111	1000	1001	1010	1011	1100	1101	1110	1111
0	0000	SP	P	0		}	1	π			p			1	**		SP
1	0001	Α	Q			•	<	!		а	q			1			
2	0010	В	R	2				11		b	r		7	1			
3	0011	C	S	3			V	#		С	S	#		→		~	••
4	0100	D	T	4		•		\$		d	t	•		←		~	
5	0101	E	U	5		←	@	%		е	u	~	V	Н			
6	0110	F	V	6		•		&		f	V	X	J	C	7	<u>></u>	•
7	0111	G	W	7			>			g	w			*		大	
8	1000	Н	X	8		0	1			h	X		Z	H	A	K	
9	1001		Y	9		?)		i	У			I	\mathbf{Z}	K	
A	1010	J	Z				→	+		j	Z	ß		大		K	
В	1011	K	£					*		k	ä	ü		+	0	>	•
С	1100	L		;								ö	{	*	X	HH	
D	1101	M					a	X		m		Ü		¥		Ŧ	
E	1110	N	B	•			H	2		n		Ä	^	9		5	
F	1111	0	<u>H</u>	,						0		Ö		\odot	r	8	

■ ASCII code table for color plotter-printer

Graphic characters other than those shown above cannot be printed, but the corresponding hexadecimal code is printed in a different pen color.

LSD MSD	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	В	С	D	Е	F
0			SP	0	0	P			}		\Box	<u>n</u>				
1			Q A	1	A	Q					a					
2		\uparrow	! !	2	B	R				e	Z	Ū		145		
3			#	3	C	S				1	W	m				
4		(+)	\$	4		T				~	S		3			
5	4.4	H	7	5	E						U	3				
6	3.4-1	C	&	6	F	V				t	[T	\rightarrow			
7	N		1	7	G	W				9		0	-			
8				8	Н	X		1 70		h	Ō					
9	- 33 :			9		Y					K	Ā				
A			*	0	J	2				b	f	Ō				
В			+	9	K			0	^	X	V	a				24
С	JF i		9	<		1				9						\leftarrow
D				=	M					<u></u>	ū	y				
Е			۵	>	N	\uparrow				P	B	{				
F			/	?	0	\leftarrow				C	j					兀

MZ-700 Series Computer Specifications

A.2.1 MZ-700

CPU:

SHARP LH0080A (Z80A)

Clock:

3.5 MHz

Memory:

ROM 4K bytes (ROM)

2K bytes (character generator)

RAM

64K bytes (program area)

4K bytes (video RAM)

Video output:

(Except MZ-710)

PAL system

RGB signal

Composite signal (B/W)

RF signal (UHF 36 ± 3 CH, B/W)

MZ-710 is available only for connecting with RGB signal.

Screen size:

40 characters x 25 lines

8 x 8 dot character matrix

Colors:

8 colors for characters

8 colors for background

Music function:

Built in (500 mW max. output)

Clock:

Built in (24 hour clock, no backup)

Keys:

69 keys

ASCII standard

Definable function keys, cursor control keys

Editing function:

Screen editor

(cursor control, home, clear, insert, and delete)

Temperature:

Operating; $0 \sim 35^{\circ}$ C

Storage; $-20 \sim 60^{\circ} \text{C}$

Humidity:

Operating; 85% or less

Storage:

85% or less

Dimensions:

MZ-731; 400 (W) x 305 (D) x 102 (H) mm

MZ-721; 440 (W) x 305 (D) x 86 (H) mm MZ-711; 440 (W) x 305 (D) x 86 (H) mm

Weight:

MZ-731; 4.6 kg

MZ-721; 4.0 kg

MZ-711; 3.6 kg

Accessories:

Cassette tape (BASIC (side A) Application programs (side B))

Owners manual, function labels, power cable, TV connection cable (except MZ-710)

Attachments for the color plotter-printer are listed later.

A.2.2 CPU board specifications

LH0080A (Z80A) 1 CPU: PPI: PIT: Memory controller (CRTC): ROM: Monitor 4K byte ROM 1 Character generator 2K byte ROM 1 RAM: 64K bits 2K byte Expansion I/O bus 1 I/O bus:

A.2.3 Color plotter-printer specifications

Printing system: 4 selectable colors using ball point pens

Colors: 1. Black, 2. Blue, 3. Green, 4. Red

Printing speed; Average 10 characters/second when printing with the smallest size characters.

Line width: 80 columns, 40 columns, or 26 columns (selected by software)

Number of

characters: 115 (including ASCII characters)

Resolution: 0.2 mm

Accessories: Roll paper (1), Ball pens (black, blue, green red) Paper holders (left and right)

Roll shaft (1), Paper guide (1)

A.2.4 Data recorder specifications

Type: IEC standard compact cassette mechanism

Recording/

playback system: 2 track, 1 channel monophonic

Rated speed: $4.8 \text{ cm/s} \pm 3.5\%$

Type of control

switches: Piano type

Control switches: PLAY, FF, REW, STOP/EJECT, and REC keys and counter reset button

Data transfer

method: Sharp PWM method

Data transfer

rate: 1200 bps (typ.)

Tape: Ordinary audio cassette tape

A.2.5 Power supply specifications

(Supplies power to the color plotter-printer and data recorder, as well as to the main unit.)

Input: 240/220 V ±10%, 50/60 Hz, 20 W

Output: 5 V

A. 3 BASIC Error Message List

The BASIC interpreter displays an error message in one of the following formats when an error occurs during operation.

1. < error type > error (Direct mode error)
2. < error type > error in line number (Run mode error)

Error messages in format 1 are issued when an error is detected during execution of a direct command or entry of a program. Error messages in format 2 are issued when an error is detected during program execution.

Error messages which may be displayed are shown below.

SYNTAX

Error No.	Message displayed	Description					
1	SYNTAX ERROR	Syntax error					
2	OVER FLOW ERROR	Numeric data used is out of the specified range, or an overflow occurred.					
3	ILLEGAL DATA ERROR	Illegal constant or variable was used.					
5	STRING LENGTH ERROR	String length exceeded 255 characters.					
6	MEMORY CAPACITY ERROR	Memory capacity is insufficient.					
7	ARRAY DEF. ERROR	An attempt was made to redefine an array to a size greater than that defined previously.					
8	LINELENGTH ERROR	The length of a line was too long.					
10	GOSUB NESTING ERROR	The number of levels of GOSUB nesting exceeded					
10	GOSOB NESTING ERROR	the limit determined by the usable memory space.					
11	FOR~NEXT ERROR	The number of levels of FOR~NEXT loops exceed-					
111	TOR NEXT ERROR	ed the limit determined by the usable memory area.					
12	DEF FN NESTING ERROR	The number of levels of DEF FN nesting exceeded					
DEI TIV NESTING ERROR		the limit.					
13	NEXT ERROR	NEXT was used without a corresponding FOR.					
14	RETURN ERROR	RETURN was used without a corresponding GOSUB.					
15	UN DEF. FUNCTION ERROR	An undefined function was called.					
16	UN DEF. LINE NUM. ERROR	An unused line number was referenced.					
17	CAN'T CONTINUE	CONT command cannot be executed.					
18	MEMORY PROTECTION	An attempt was made to write data to the BASIC control area.					
19	INSTRUCTION ERROR	Direct mode commands and statements are mixed					
	INSTRUCTION ERROR	together.					
20	CAN'T RESUME ERROR	RESUME cannot be executed.					
21	RESUME ERROR	An attempt was made to execute RESUME when no					
	TESONIE SITTOIT	error had occurred.					
24	READ ERROR	READ was used without a corresponding DATA					
	112112 2111011	statement.					
43	ALREADY OPEN ERROR	An OPEN statement was issued to a file which was					
		already open.					
63	OUT OF FILE ERROR	Out of file during file read.					
65	PRINTER IS NOT READY	Printer is not connected.					
68	PRINTER MODE ERROR	Color plotter-printer mode error.					
70	CHECK SUM ERROR	Check sum error (during tape read).					

A. 4 Z80A Instruction Set

A summary of the Z80A instructions are given below for reference.

Mnemonic	Symbolic operation	Op-code	Mnemonic	Symbolic operation	Op-code
	8-bit load group		LD HL, (nn)	H←(nn+1)	00 101 010
LD r,r'	r←r′	l 01 r r'		L←(nn)	← n → ← n →
LD r,n	r←n	00 r 110	LD dd, (nn)	$dd_{H} \leftarrow (nn+1)$	11 101 101
	at the gave and a par	← n →	25 44, (111)	dd _L ←(nn)	01 dd1 011
LD r, (HL)	r←(HL)	01 r 110			← n →
LD r, (IX+d)	r←(IX+d)	11 011 101			← n →
		01 r 110	LD IX, (nn)	$IX_H \leftarrow (nn+1)$	11 011 101
		← d →		IX _L ←(nn)	00 101 010
LD r, (IY+d)	r←(IY+d)	11 111 101			← n →
		01 r 110			← n →
10 (111) 5	(111)	← d →	LD IY, (nn)	$ Y_{H} \leftarrow (nn+1)$	11 111 101
LD (HL), r LD (IX+d), r	(HL)←r (IX+d)←r	01 110 r		IY _L ←(nn)	00 101 010
LU (IX+U), I	(1×+4)-1	11 011 101 01 110 r			← n → ← n →
	- 44 Feb. 175	← d →	LD (nn), HL	(nn+1)←H	← n → 00 100 010
LD(IY+d), r	(IY+d)←r	11 111 101	LD (III), I'IL	(nn)←L	← n →
		01 110 r			← n →
	Althought all the Lab at	← d →	LD (nn), dd	(nn+1)←dd _H	11 101 101
LD (HL), n	(HL)←n	00 110 110		(nn)←ddL	01 dd0 011
	Communication of Street	← n →	I-In ma	Photograph Law	← n →
LD(IX+d), n	(IX+d)←n	11 011 101			← n →
		00 110 110	LD (nn), IX	(nn+1)←IX _H	11 011 101
	2 halode grown and	← d →		(nn)←IX _L	00 100 010
. = (0)		← n →		11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	← n →
LD (IY+d), n	(IY+d)←n	11 111 101			← n →
	2004 500 500	00 110 110	LD (nn), IY	(nn+1)←IY _H	11 111 101
		← d →		(nn)←-IYL	00 100 010
LD A, (BC)	A. (DC)	← n →			← n →
LD A, (BC)	A←(BC) A←(DE)	00 001 010	LD SP, HL	SP←HL	← n →
LD A, (nn)	A←(nn)	00 011 010	LD SP, IX	SP←IX	11 111 001
LD A, (III)	A. CIII)	← n →	LU SP, IX	SPEIN	11 011 101 11 111 001
		← n →	LD SP, IY	SP←IY	11 111 101
LD (BC), A	(BC)←A	00 000 010	25 61 ,11	01-11	11 111 001
LD (DE), A	(DE)←A	00 010 010	PUSH qq	(SP-2)←qq,	11 qq0 101
LD (nn), A	(nn)←A	00 110 010		(SP-1)←qq _H	1 440 101
	Adle wores	← n →	PUSH IX	(SP-2)←IXL	11 011 101
	Charles of the property of	← n →		(SP-1)←IX _H	11 100 101
LD A, I	A←I	11 101 101	PUSH IY	(SP-2)←IYL	11 111 101
		01 010 111		(SP-1)←IY _H	11 100 101
LD A, R	A←R	11 101 101	POP aa	qq _H ←(SP+1)	11 qq0 001
1014	16—A	01 011 111	DOD IV	qq_←(SP)	44 044 101
LD I, A	I←A	11 101 101	POP IX	IX _H ←(SP+1)	11 011 101
LD R.A	R←A	01 000 111 11 101 101	POP IY	IX _L ←(SP)	11 100 001
LU II, A	The A	01 001 111	POP II	$ Y_H \leftarrow (SP+1) $ $ Y_L \leftarrow (SP) $	11 111 101 11 100 001
		1 01 001 111	1	TITLE (SP)	11 100 001
	16-bit load group	.bemsuop bad,	Exchange group	and block transfer a	nd search group
LD dd, nn	dd←nn	00 dd0 001	EX DE, HL	DE↔HL	11 101 011
	of the second	← n →	EX AF, AF'	AF↔AF'	00 001 000
LD IX, nn	ıx←nn	← n →	EXX	(BC)↔(BC')	11 011 001
LU IA, IIII	IV-IIII	11 011 101 00 100 001		(DE)↔(DE')	
		← n →	EX (SP), HL	(HL)↔(HL') H↔(SP+1)	11 100 011
	. 23.11	← n →	EX (SF), TL	H → (SP+1) L → (SP)	11 100 011
	lY←nn	11 111 101	EX (SP), IX	$ X_H \leftrightarrow (SP+1) $	11 011 101
LD IY. nn	1 4 4 10 10 10 11	04045	-		11 011 101
LD IY, nn		00 100 001		$IX. \leftrightarrow (SP)$	11 100 011
LD IY, nn	Lanca salas titas	00 100 001 ← n →	EX (SP), IY	$ X_L \leftrightarrow (SP) $ $ Y_H \leftrightarrow (SP+1) $	11 100 011 11 111 101

Mnemonic	Symbolic operation	Op-code				
LDI	(DE)←(HL)	11 101 101				
	DE←DE+1	10 100 000				
	HL←HL+1					
	BC←BC-1					
LDIR	(DE)←(HL)	11 101 101				
	DE←DE+1	10 110 000				
	HL←HL+1					
	BC←BC-1					
	Repeat until BC=0					
LDD	(DE)←(HL)	11 101 101				
	DE←DE-1	10 101 000				
	HL←HL-1					
	BC←BC-1					
LDDR	(DE)←(HL)	11 101 101				
	DE←DE-1	10 111 000				
	HL←HL-1					
	BC←BC-1					
	Repeat until BC=0					
CPI	A-(HL)	11 101 101				
	HL←HL+1	10 100 001				
	BC←BC-1					
CPIR	A-(HL)	11 101 101				
	HL←HL+1	10 110 001				
	BC←BC-1					
	Repeat until A=					
	(HL) or BC=0					
CPD	A-(HL)	11 101 101				
	HL←HL-1	10 101 001				
	BC←BC-1					
CPDR	A-(HL)	11 101 001				
	HL←HL-1	10 111 001				
	BC←BC-1					
	Repeat until A=					
	(HL) or BC=0					
8-bit	arithmetic and logical (group				
ADD A,r	A←A+r	10 000 r				
AD A, n	A←A+n	11 000 110				
		← <u>n</u> →				
ADD A, (HL)	A←A+(HL)	10 000 110				

8-bit arithmetic and logical group								
ADD A,r	A←A+r	10 000 r						
AD A, n	A←A+n	11 000 110						
	10 10 Page 5 111 11	← n →						
ADD A, (HL)	A←A+(HL)	10 000 110						
ADD A, (IX+d)	A←A, (IX+d)	11 011 101						
		10 000 110						
	A A ((() () - ()	← d →						
ADD A, (IY+d)	A←A+(IY+d)	11 111 101 10 000 110						
		← d →						
ADC A,s	A←A+s+CY	001						
SUB s	A←A-s	010						
SBC A, s	A←A-s-CY	011						
AND s	$A = A \land s$	100						
OR s	A←AVs	110						
XOR s	A←A⊕s	101						
CP s	A-s	111						
INC r	r←r+1	00 r 100						
INC (HL)	(HL)←(HL)+1	00 110 100						
INC(IX+d)	(IX + d)	11 011 101						
	←(IX+d)+1	00 110 100 ← d →						
INC (IY+d)	(IY+d)	11 111 101						
ino (ii ra)	←(IY+d)+1	00 110 100						

Mnemonic	Symbolic operation	Op-code
DEC m	m←m−1	← d → 101

General purpose arithmetic and control group							
DAA	Decimal adjustment upon contents of A after add or subtract	00 100 111					
CPL	A←Ā	00 101 111					
NEG	A←A+1	11 101 101					
		01 000 100					
CCF	CY←CY	00 111 111					
SCF	CY←1	00 110 111					
NOP	No operation, but PC is incremented.	00 000 000					
HALT	CPU halted	01 110 110					
DI	IFF←0	11 110 011					
EI	IFF←1	11 111 011					
IMO	Set interrupt	11 101 101					
	mode 0	01 000 110					
IM1	Set interrupt	11 101 101					
	mode 1	01 010 110					
IM2	Set interrupt	11 101 101					
	mode-2	01 011 110					

	16-bit arithmetic group						
ADD HL, ss	HL←HL+ss	00 ss1 001					
ADC HL, ss	HL←HL+ss+CY	11 101 101					
		01 ss1 010					
SBC HL, ss	HL←HL-ss-CY	11 101 101					
		01 ss0 010					
ADD IX, pp	IX←IX+pp	11 011 101					
		00 pp1 001					
ADD IY, rr	IY←IY+rr	11 111 101					
		00 rr1 001					
INC ss	ss←ss+1	00 ss0 011					
INC IX	X ← X + 1	11 011 101					
		00 100 011					
INC IY	Y ← Y + 1	11 111 101					
		00 100 011					
DEC ss	ss←ss-1	00 ss1 011					
DEC IX	IX←IX − 1	11 011 101					
		00 101 011					
DEC IY	Y ← Y − 1	11 111 101					
		00 101 011					

Rotate and shift group					
RLCA	OY A 7+O+	00 000 111			
RLA	A 7+0	00 010 111			
RRCA	7-0-CY	00 001 111			
RRA	A 7-0 CY	00 011 111			
RLC r		11 001 011 00 000 r			
RLC (HL)	CY 7+0	11 001 011 00 000 110			

Mnemonic	Symbolic operation	Op-code
RLC (IX+d)		11 011 101 11 001 011
RLC (IY+d)		← d → 00 000 110 11 111 011 11 001 011 ← d →
		00 000 110
RL m	M CY = 7←0	010
RRC m	m 7→0 •CY	001
RR m	m 7→0 •CY	011
SLA _, m		100
SRA m	7-0-CY	101
SRL m	0 - 7-0 - CY	111
RLD	A 7 43 0 7 43 0	11 101 101 01 101 111
RRD	A (HL) 7 43 0 7 43 0	11 101 101 01 100 111
Bit se	et, reset and test gro	oup

Mnemonic	Symbolic operation	Op-code
	Jump group	
JP nn	PC←nn	11 000 011 ← n → ← n →
JP cc, nn	If condition cc is true, PC < -nn; otherwise, continue	11 cc 010 ← n → ← n →
JR e	PC←PC+e	00 011 000 ← e-2 →
JR C, e	If C=0, continue. If C=1, PC←PC+e	00 111 000 ← e-2 →
JR Z, e	If Z=0, continue. If C=1, PC←PC+e	00 101 000 ← e-2 →
JR NC, e	If C=1, continue. If C=0, PC←PC+e	00 110 000 ← e-2 →
JR NZ, e	If Z=1, continue. If Z=0, PC←PC+e	00 100 000 ← e-2 →
JP (HL) JP (IX)	PC←HL PC←IX	11 101 001 11 011 101 11 101 001
JP (IY)	PC←IY	11 111 101 11 101 001
DJNZ e	B←B-1 If B=0, continue; otherwise, PC←PC+e	00 010 000 ← e-2 →

Bit set, reset and test group							
BIT b, r	z←rb	11 001 011					
BIT b, (HL)	Z←(HL)b	01 b r 11 011 011					
BIT b, (IX+d)	Z ← (IX+d)b	01 b 110 11 011 101 11 001 011					
17 791		← d → 01 b 110					
BIT b, (IY+d)	$Z \leftarrow \overline{(Y+a)b}$	11 111 101 11 001 011					
		← d → 01 b 110					
SET b,r	rb←1	11 001 011 11 b r					
SET b, (HL)	(HL)b←1	11 001 011 11 b 110					
SET b, (IX+d)	(IX+d)b←1	11 001 101 11 001 011 ← d →					
SET b, (IY+d)	(IY+d)b←1	11 b 110 11 111 101 11 001 011 c d					
RES b, m	mb←0	11 b 110					
	d d						

Call and return group					
CALL nn	(SP-1)←PC _H	11 001 101			
	(SP-2)←PCL	← n →			
	PC←nn	← n →			
CALL cc, nn	If condition cc is	11 cc 100			
	false, continue;	← n →			
46	otherwise same	← n →			
	as CALL nn.				
RET	PCL←(SP)	11 001 001			
	PC _H ←(SP+1)				
RET CC	If condition cc is	11 cc 000			
	false, continue;				
	otherwise same				
	as RET.				
RETI	Return from	11 101 101			
	interrupt	01 001 101			
RETN	Return from NMI.	11 101 101			
		01 000 101			
RST p	(SP-1)←PCH	11 t 111			
	(SP-2)←PCL				
	PC _H ←0				
	PCL←p				

Mnemonic Symbolic operation		Op-code	Mnemonic	Symbolic operation	Op-code
li	nput and output group	of mistic	OUT (n), A	(n)←A	11 010 011 ← n →
IN A, (n)	A←(n)	11 011 011 ← n →	OUT (C),r	(C)←r	11 101 101 01 r 001
IN r, (C)	r←(C)	11 101 101 01 r 000	OUTI	(C)←(HL) B←B−1	11 101 101 10 100 011
INI	(HL)←(C) B←B−1	11 101 101 10 100 010	OTIR	HL←HL+1 (C)←(HL)	11 101 101
INIR	HL←HL+1 (HL)←(C)	11 101 101		B←B−1 HL←HL+1	10 110 011
	B←B−1 HL←HL+1	10 110 010	OUTD	Repeat until B=0 (C)←(HL)	11 101 101
IND	Repeat until B=0 (HL)←(C)	11 101 101		B←B−1 HL←HL−1	10 101 011
	B←B−1 HL←HL−1	10 101 010	OTDR	(C)←(HL) B←B-1	11 101 101 10 111 011
INDR	(HL)←(C) B←B-1 HL←HL-1 Repeat until B=0	11 101 101 10 111 010		HL←HL−1 Repeat until B=0	

(Note) The meanings of symbols used in the above table are as follows.

r, r'	Register	dd, ss	Register pair	qq	Register pair	pp	Register pair
000	В	00	BC	00	ВС	00	ВС
001	С	01	DE	01	DE	01	DE
010	D	10	HL	10	HL	10	IX
011	E	11	SP	11	AF	11	SP
100	Н						
101	L						
111	A						

rr	Register pair	b	Bit set	cc		Condition	t	a
00	ВС	000	0	000	ΝZ	non zero	000	00 H
01	DE	001	1	001	Z	zero	001	08 H
10	IY	010	2	010	NC	non carry	010	10 H
11	SP	011	3	011	С	carry	011	18 H
		100	4	100	PO	parity odd	100	20 H
$\wedge : I$	AND operation	101	5	101	PE	parity even	101	28 H
V: (OR operation	110	6	110	P	sign positive	110	30 H
⊕: l	Exclusive OR operation	on 111	7	111	М	sign negative	111	38 H

s: r, n, (HL), (IX + d), (IY + d)

CY: Carry flip-flop

(register pair)н: Upper 8 bits of register pair

m : r, (HL), (IX + d), (IY + d)

mь: Bit b or location m

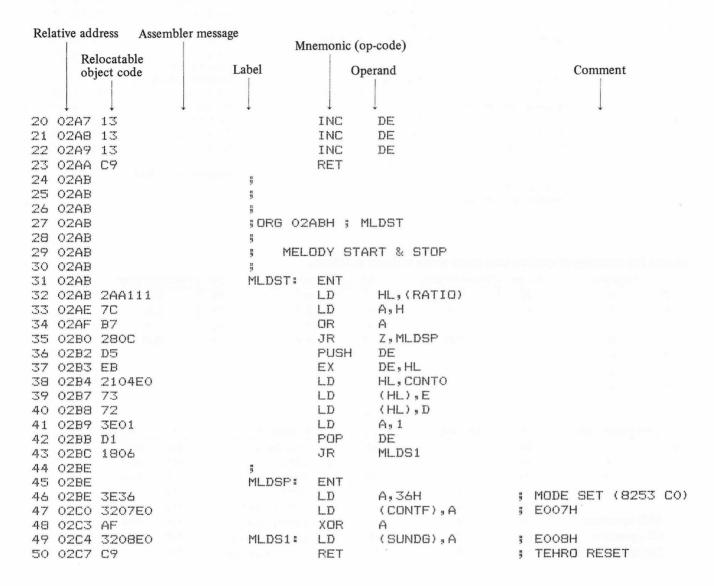
(register pair)L: Lower 8 bits of register pair

For op-codes ADC, SUB, SBC, AND, OR, XOR and CP, the bits in replace in the ADD se	t
For op-code DEC, replaces in the INC set.	
Similar operations apply to op-codes of the rotate and shift group and bit set, reset and test group.	

A. 5 Monitor Program Assembly List

An assembly listing of the MONITOR 1Z-013A is provided on the following pages.

This assembly list was produced with the Z80 assembler contained in the floppy DOS. The meanings of symbols in the list are as follows.



Since the starting address of Monitor 1Z-013A is set to \$0000, relocatable addresses and object codes in the assembly list can be assumed as absolute addresses and object code, respectively.

This assembly list is provided for reference, only and the Sharp Corporation can assume no responsibility for answering any question about it.

Note that this monitor differs from the monitor program included in the BASIC interpreter.

** Z80 ASSEMBLER	SB-7201 <	IZ-013A	> PAGE 01	04.07.83	** Z80 ASSEMBLER	SB-7201 <1	Z-013A	PAGE 02	04.07.83
01 0000	,				01 004A	;			
02 0000	;				02 004A	START:	ENT		
0000	; MON	VITOR P	ROGRAM 1Z-013A		03 004A 31F010		LD	SP,SP	; STACK SET (10F0H)
4 0000	,				04 004D ED56		IM	1	; IM 1 SET
5 0000	;	(MZ-700) FOR PAL		05 004F CD3E07		CALL	?MODE	; 8255,8253 MODE SET
6 0000	;				06 0052 CD320A		CALL	?BRK	; CTRL ?
7 0000	;	RE	V. 83.4.7		07 0055 3019		JR	NC,STO	
0000	;				08 0057 FE20		CP	20H	; KEY IS CTRL KEY
9 0000					09 0059 2015		JR	NZ,STO	
0 0000	MONIT:	ENT			10 005B	CMYO:	ENT		
1 0000 C34A00		JP	START	; MONITOR ON	11 005B D3E1		OUT	(E1H),A	; DOOOH-FFFFH IS DRAM
12 0003	GETL:	ENT			12 005D 11F0FF		LD	DE, FFFOH	; TRANS. ADR.
13 0003 C3E607		JP	?GETL	; GET LINE (END'CR')	13 0060 216B00		LD	HL, \$MCP	; MEMORY CHANG PROGRAM
14 0006	LETNL:				14 0063 010500		LD	BC,05	; BYTE SIZE
15 0006 C30E09		JP	?LTNL	; NEW LINE	15 0066 EDB0		LDIR		
16 0009	NL:	ENT			16 0068 C3F0FF		JP	FFFOH	; JUMP \$FFFO
17 0009 C31809		JP	?NL		17 006B				
1B 000C	PRNTS:	ENT			18 006B	\$MCP:	ENT		; OOOOH-OFFFH IS DRAM
19 000C C32009	111110	JP	?PRTS	; PRINT SPACE	19 006B D3E0		DEFW	EOD3H	; DUT (EOH),A
20 000F	PRNTT:			,	20 006D C300		DEFW	00C3H	; JP 0000H
20 000F 21 000F C32409	1 1/1/11 1 -	JP	?PRTT	; PRINT TAB	21 006F 00		DEFB	ООН	
22 0012	PRNT:	ENT		,	22 0070	ş			
23 0012 C33509	LIMIT.	JP	?PRNT	; 1 CHARACTER PRINT	23 0070	STO:	ENT		
23 0012 C33307 24 0015	MSG:	ENT	:1 13141	y I diministrative	24 0070 06FF	0.0	LD	B.FFH	; BUFFER CLEAR
	1150	JP	?MSG	; 1 LINE PRINT (END/ODH/	25 0072 21F110		LD	HL, NAME	; 10F1H-11F0H CLEAR
25 0015 C39308		OF.	:1130	, I LINE I HIM TEND VAN	26 0075 CDD80F		CALL	?CLER	,
)	MSGX:	ENT			27 0078 3E16		LD	A, 16H	; LASTER CLR.
26 0018	11367	JP	?MSGX	RST 3	28 007A CD1200		CALL	PRNT	, בווטובוו טבווו
27 0018 C3A108	CCTIVY.	ENT	MOOX	, 1.51 5	29 007D 3E71		LD	A. 71H	; BACK: BLUE CHA.: WRITE
28 001B	GETKY:		OCET	; GET KEY	30 007F 2100D8		LD	HL, D800H	COLOR ADDRESS
29 001B C3BD0B	TO LATE VA	JP ENT	?GET	, bei kei	31 0082 CDD509		CALL	#CLR8	, COLON HDDINESS
30 001E	BRKEY:	JP	?BRK	; GET BREAK	32 0082 CDD307 32 0085 218D03		LD	HL, TIMIN	; INTERRUPT JUMP ROUTIN
31 001E C3320A	LIDTNIC -		CDEN	, GET BREAK			LD	A, C3H	i INTERNAL I VALLE KOOTIN
32 0021	WRINF:		?WRI	WRITE INFORMATION	33 0088 3EC3 34 008A 323810		LD	(1038H),A	
33 0021 C33604	UED AT-	JP	PWKI	, WILL THE CHIEFTED			LD	(1039H),HL	
34 0024	WRDAT:		GUED	WRITE DATA	35 008D 223910				NORMAL TEMPO
35 0024 C37504		JP	?WRD	WRITE DATA	36 0090 3E04		LD	A, 04	3 NORMAL TENEO
36 0027	RDINF:		ann.	READ INFORMATION	37 0092 329E11		LD	(TEMPW),A	: MELODY STOP
37 0027 C3D804		JP	?RDI	; READ INFURMATION	38 0095 CDBE02		CALL	MLDSP	; MELODY STOP
38 002A	RDDAT:		menn.	- DEAD DATA	39 0098 CD0900		CALL	NL NL	- ## MONITOD 17 0170 ##
39 002A C3F804		JP	?RDD	; READ DATA	40 009B 11E706		LD	DE,MSG?3	; ** MONITOR 1Z-013A **
40 002D	VERFY:	ENT		- HERTETHE OHT	41 009E DF		RST	3	; CALL MGX
41 002D C38805		JP	?VRFY	; VERIFING CMT	42 009F CD7705		CALL	?BEL	
42 0030	MELDY:	ENT			43 00A2	SS:	ENT		
43 0030 C3C701		JP	?MLDY	; RST 6	44 00A2 3E01		LD	A,01H	
44 0033	TIMST:				45 00A4 329D11		LD	(SWRK),A	; KEY IN SILENT
45 0033 C30803		JP	?TMST	; TIME SET	46 00A7 2100E8		LD	HL,E800H	; USR ROM ?
46 0036 00		NOP			47 OOAA 77		LD	(HL),A	; ROM CHECK
47 0037 00		NOP			48 OOAB 1855		JR	FD2	
48 0038 C33810		JP	1038H	; INTERRUPT ROUTINE	49 OOAD	ST1:	ENT		
49 003B	TIMRD:	ENT			50 00AD CD0900		CALL	NL	
50 003B C35803		JP	?TMRD	; TIME READ	51 00B0 3E2A		LD	A,2AH	; '*' PRINT
51 003E	BELL:	ENT			52 00B2 CD1200		CALL	PRNT	
52 003E C37705		JP	?BEL	; BELL ON	53 00B5 11A311		LD	DE, BUFER	; GET LINE WORK (11A3H)
53 0041	XTEMP:	ENT			54 00B8 CD0300		CALL	GETL	
54 0041 C3E502		JP	?TEMP	; TEMPO SET (1+7)	55 OOBB 1A	ST2:	LD	A, (DE)	
55 0044	MSTA:	ENT			56 OOBC 13		INC	DE	
56 0044 C3AB02		JP	MLDST	; MELODY START	57 OOBD FEOD		CP	ODH	
57 0047	MSTP:	ENT			58 OOBF 28EC		JR	Z,ST1	
58 0047 C3BE02		JP	MLDSP	; MELODY STOP	59 OOC1 FE4A		CP	737	; JUMP
59 004A					60 00C3 282E		JR	Z,GOTO	
60 004A									

		3A> PAGE 03	04.07.83	** Z80 ASSEMBLER	DD 7201 (12 0.	I3A> PAGE 04	04.07.83
01 00C5 FE4C	CP	/L /	; LOAD PROGRAM	01 0116 CD0900	LOAO: CAL		
02 00C7 2848	JR	Z,LOAD		02 0119 11A009	LD	DE,MSG?2	; LOADING
03 00 C9 FE46	CP	∕F ′	; FLOPPY ACCESS	03 011C DF	RS*	г з	; CALL MSGX
04 OOCB 2832	JR	Z,FD		04 011D 11F110	LD	DE, NAME	; FILE NAME
05 00CD FE42	CP	'B'	; KEY IN BELL	05 0120 DF	RS ²	7 3	; CALL MSGX
06 00CF 2826	JR	Z,SG	A Monday 1991 Market Market	06 0121 CDF804	CAL	L ?RDD	,
07 00D1 FE23	CP	/# /	; CHANG MEMORY	07 0124 38E1	JR	C,?ER	
08 00D3 2886	JR	Z, CMYO		08 0126 2A0611	LD	HL, (EXADR)	: EXECUTE ADDRESS
09 00D5 FE50	CP	/P/	; PRINTER TEST	09 0129 70	LD	A,H	,
10 00D7 287C	JR	Z, PTEST		10 012A FE12	CP	12H	; EXECUTE CHECK
11 OOD9 FE4D	CP	/M /	; MEMORY CORRECTION	11 012C 38E1	JR	C,LOAD-2	,
12 OODB CAA807	JP	Z, MCOR	, HERBIT CONTECTION	12 012E E9	JP	(HL)	
13 OODE FE53	CP	'S'	; SAVED DATA	13 012F		1112	
14 OOEO CASEOF	JP	Z, SAVE	, SHVED DATA	14 012F	:		
15 00E3 FE56	CP	2V 2	; VERIFYING DATA	15 012F	:		
16 OOE5 CACBOF	JP	Z, VRFY	, VERTITING DATA	16 012F	, GETI	NE AND BREAK IN	CHECK
17 00E8 FE44	CP	'D'	DUMP DATA	17 012F	, UE1E.	THE HIND BREAK IN	CHECK
18 OOEA CA290D	JP		A DOUL DHIH	18 012F		DEAK THE THEN THE	ID /CT1)
19 OOED CA290D		Z, DUMP		19 012F		BREAK IN THEN JUM	
20 OOED				20 012F	, Al	CC=TOP OF LINE DA	II H
	;	3 44		20 012F 21 012F	DOCTI - CHI		
21 00ED	DEF	3 +4			BGETL: ENT		
22 00F1	,	272	- NOT CONNAID	22 012F E3	EX	(SP),HL	. color rote
23 00F1 18C8	JR	ST2	; NOT COMMAND	23 0130 C1	P ^O F		; STACK LOAD
24 00F3	;			24 0131 11A311	LD	DE, BUFER	; MONITOR GETLINE BUFF
25 00F3	; JUMP CON	MAND		25 0134 CD0300	CAL		
26 00F3	;			26 0137 1A	LD	A,(DE)	
27 OOF3 CD3D01	GOTO: CALI			27 0138 FE1B	CP	1BH	; BREAK CODE
28 00F6 E9	JP	(HL)		28 013A 28D3	JR	Z,LOAD-2	; JP Z,ST1
29 00F7	;			29 013C E9	JP	(HL)	
30 00F7	; KEY SOU	ND ON OFF		30 013D	•		
31 00F7	;			31 013D	; ASCII	O HEX CONVERT	
32 00F7 3A9D11	SG: LD	A, (SWRK)	; DO = SOUND WORK	32 013D	; INPU	(DE)=ASCII	
33 00FA 1F	RRA			33 013D	; CY=1	THEN JUMP (ST1)	
34 OOFB 3F	CCF		; CHENGE MODE	34 013D	;		
35 OOFC 17	RLA			35 013D	HEXIY: ENT		
36 OOFD 18A5	JR	SS+2		36 013D FDE3	EX	(SP), IY	
37 OOFF	;			37 013F F1	POF	AF.	
38 OOFF	; FLOPPY			38 0140 CD1004	CAL	L HLHEX	
39 OOFF	;			39 0143 38CA	JR	C.LOAD-2	; JP C,ST1
40 OOFF 2100F0	FD: LD	HL, FOOOH	; FLOPPY I/O CHECK	40 0145 FDE9	JP	(IY)	
41 0102 7E	FD2: LD	A, (HL)		41 0147	;		
42 0103 B7	OR	A		42 0147	;		
43 0104 20A7	JR	NZ,ST1		43 0147	;		
44 0106 E9	FD1: JP	(HL)		44 0147	MSGE1: ENT		
45 0107	;			45 0147 43484543	DEF		R. ′
46 0107	,			46 014B 4B205355			
47 0107	ERROR (L	_DADING)		47 014F 4D204552			
48 0107				48 0153 2E			
49 0107	?ER: ENT			49 0154 OD	DEF	B ODH	
50 0107 FE02	CP	02H	; A=O2H : BREAK IN	50 0155	j.		
51 0109 28A2	JR	Z,ST1	A STATE OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE PART	51 0155			
52 010B 114701	LD	DE, MSGE1	; CHECK SUM ERROR	52 0155		PRINTER TEST CO	ММДМП
53 010E DF	RST	3	; CALL MSGX	53 0155	:	(DPG23)	
54 010F 189C	JR	ST1	, with Indust	54 0155	2 0	CONTROL COMMANDS	CECUE
55 0111	1			55 0155	, 0	C=PEN CHENGE	GNOO!
				56 0155		G=GRAPH MODE	
SIC STILL	. Loan con	MAND		57 0155	·		LINE
56 0111 57 0111					•	S=80 CHA. IN 1	
57 0111	LOAD CO	II IFII ID			4		
	; LOAD COI ; LOAD: CALL			58 0155 59 0155	•	L=40 CHA. IN 1 T=PLOTTER TEST	

O	** Z80 ASSEMBLER SB	-7201 <1 7- 013	A> PAGE 05	04.07.83	*	* Z80 ASS	EMBLER SB-7	7201 <1	Z-013A>	PAGE 06	04.07.83
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10					01.0	105 DE		PMCG:	PUSH	DE	
03 0185 1A		;						rnao.			
04 0185 FE22			0 (DE)								
Second S								PMSG1:			: ACC=DATA
1								111001-			, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
07 0198 16					37377 370						
Company Comp											
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10				. GO IN 1 LINE							: END ?
10 012 FESS				, at IN I LINE							
11 0122 2817 12 0164 F845 13 0166 2823 13 0166 2823 13 0166 2823 13 0166 2823 13 0166 2823 13 0166 2823 13 0166 2823 14 016 2824 15 0168 2810 16 0166 2823 16 0167 17 0168 2810 17 0168 2810 18 0167 17 0168 2810 18 0168 1				. GO THE SET THE							
12 0144 FEAS 12 0146 FEAS 13 0165 223				, 80 IN ILINE							
13 0146 2923				• DEN CHENCE					C. STORY		
14 0148 FEAT				, ren Chende							
15 16 28 38 38 38 38 38 38 38				· CDADH MODE							
1			The second secon	, GRAPH MODE				: RDA	CHECK		
17 164 2810				· TEST				:			
19 170				, 1231				í	BRKEY	IN TO MONITO	R RETURN
19 170 CLASOI		JK.	Z, FIRM					· T			
20 180 190		DICTIA COLL	DMCC	• BLOT MESSAGE				í -			
22 0176 117004				, PLUT MESSHOE				RDA:	IN	A. (FE)	
1700 1700			211					1,2,1,-			
23 0199 18PS JR PTST1 JR PTST1 SO OS		,	DE LI DE	• 01 00 00 0D 0D							
24 0186 CD1EOO				; 01-04-04-0B-0D							
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		JR .	PISII								
24 0107 18F0		, interior	DE CLET	. 01 00 00 00 00							
27 0164 160				; 01-09-09-00							
28 01E0 SE04 PTRN: LD A, O4H ; TEST PATTERN 28 01C7 ; 10F0 10F0 10F0 10F0 10F0 10F0 10F0 10		JR	PISII								
182 1802 1806 1807 1807 1808 1		;		- TOOT DATTEDN					0.	0,1	
Second				; IEST PATTERN							
31 0184 SEO2		JR	PLUI+2						CZH		
32 0184 DD8F01		;		- CDASH CODE							
32 0180 UBC				; GRAPH CUDE				. MEI	ODY		
34 0108								, ,,,,,,,			
35 0183 SEID PEN: LD A, 1DH ; 1 CHENGE CODE (TEXT MO 35 01C7 ; EXIT CF=1 BREAK February Februar		JR	PISIO					: DE	=DATA I	OW ADR-	
Second S		SENT LD	0.4011	. 1 CHENCE CODE / TEXT MO							
36 018D 18F7		PEN: LD	A, IDA	; I CHENGE CODE (TEXT NO							
37 018F		75	EL CT. C					:	J		
39 018F		JK .	FLU1+2					2ML DY:	FNT		
37 OLBF										BC	
40 018F			INT TO ALDT								
41 018F		, ICHA. FR	INI IU DEFI								
42 018F ;		, This AC	C BEINT DATA								
43 018F		, IN HC	C PRINT DHIH								
44 018F 0E00		:								No. To and the state of the sta	
## HANDN ## 10		LOONE LD	6.0	. BDA TEST				MLD1:			
46 0192 CDB601											; CR
47 0195 78 LD A,B 48 0196 D3FF QUT (FFH),A ; DATA QUT 49 01DB 2837 JR Z,MLD4 49 0198 3E80 LD A,80H ; RDP HIGH 50 01DA FECF CP CFH ; UNDER QCTAVE 50 0194 D3FE QUT (FEH),A 51 01DC 2827 JR Z,MLD2 51 019C 0E01 LD C,01H ; RDA TEST 52 01DE FE2D CP 2DH ; '-' 52 019E CDB601 CALL RDA 53 01E0 2823 JR Z,MLD2 53 01A1 AF XOR A ; RDP LOW 54 01E2 FE2B CP 2BH ; '+' 54 01A2 D3FE QUT (FEH),A 55 01E4 2827 JR Z,MLD3 55 01A4 C9 RET 56 01E6 FED7 CP D7H ; UPPER QCTAVE 56 01A5 ; \$LPT MSG. 59 01EC 216C02 LD HL,MTBL 59 01A5 ; ODH MSG. END 60 01EF 2004 JR NZ,+6				, INTINI DATA STOKE					JR	Z.MLD4	
48 0196 D3FF											; END MARK
49 0198 3EBO				* DATA GUT							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
50 019A D3FE OUT (FEH),A 51 010C 2827 JR Z,MLD2 51 019C 0E01 LD C,01H ; RDA TEST 52 01DE FE2D CP 2DH ; '-' 52 019E CDB601 CALL RDA 53 01E0 2823 JR Z,MLD2 53 01A1 AF XDR A ; RDP LOW 54 01E2 FE2B CP 2BH ; '+' 54 01A2 D3FE OUT (FEH),A 55 01E4 2827 JR Z,MLD3 55 01A4 C9 RET 56 01E6 FED7 CP D7H ; UPPER OCTAVE 56 01A5 ; SLPT MSG. 58 01EA FE23 JR Z,MLD3 57 01A5 ; SLPT MSG. 58 01EA FE23 CP 23H ; "#" HANON 58 01A5 ; IN: DE DATA LOW ADR. 59 01EC 216C02 LD HL,MTBL 59 01A5 ; ODH MSG. END		770 (770)									; UNDER OCTAVE
51 019C 0E01				, KDF HIGH	170.00						
52 019E CDB601				· PDA TEST							1 /-/
53 01A1 AF XOR A ; RDP LOW 54 01E2 FE2B CP 2BH ; '+' 54 01A2 D3FE OUT (FEH), A 55 01E4 2827 JR Z, MLD3 55 01A4 C9 RET 56 01E6 FED7 CP D7H ; UPPER OCTAVE 56 01A5 ; SLPT MSG. 58 01EA FE23 JR Z, MLD3 57 01A5 ; \$LPT MSG. 58 01EA FE23 CP 23H ; "#" HANON 58 01A5 ; IN: DE DATA LOW ADR. 59 01EC 216C02 LD HL, MTBL 59 01A5 ; ODH MSG. END 60 01EF 2004 JR NZ, +6				, RDA TEST							
54 01A2 D3FE OUT (FEH),A 55 01E4 2827 JR Z,MLD3 55 01A4 C9 RET 56 01E6 FED7 CP D7H ; UPPER OCTAVE 56 01A5 ; 57 01E8 2823 JR Z,MLD3 57 01A5 ; \$LPT MSG. 58 01EA FE23 CP 23H ; "#" HANON 58 01A5 ; IN: DE DATA LOW ADR. 59 01EC 216C02 LD HL,MTBL 59 01A5 ; ODH MSG. END 60 01EF 2004 JR NZ,+6				• PDP I ON							; /+/
55 0144 C7 RET 56 01E6 FED7 CP D7H ; UPPER OCTAVE 55 01A5 ; 57 01A5 57 01A5 58 01A5 58 01A5 59				3 NDC LUW							
56 01A5 ; 57 01E8 2823 JR Z,MLD3 57 01A5 ; \$LPT MSG. 58 01EA FE23 CP 23H ; "#" HANON 58 01A5 ; IN: DE DATA LOW ADR. 59 01EC 216C02 LD HL,MTBL 59 01A5 ; ODH MSG. END 60 01EF 2004 JR NZ,+6			(FED);H								; UPPER OCTAVE
57 01A5 ; \$LPT MSG. 58 01EA FE23 CP 23H ; "#" HANON 58 01A5 ; IN: DE DATA LOW ADR. 59 01EC 216C02 LD HL,MTBL 59 01A5 ; ODH MSG. END 60 01EF 2004 JR NZ,+6		. KEI								The state of the s	As action attends that with the
58 01A5 ; IN: DE DATA LOW ADR. 59 01EC 216C02 LD HL, MTBL 59 01A5 ; ODH MSG. END 60 01EF 2004 JR NZ, +6		. LIDT MC	G								; "#" HANON
57 01A5 ; ODH MSG. END 60 01EF 2004 JR NZ,+6											
of other than the second of th											
		; ODA	IIIU. LIIU								

** Z80 ASSEMBLER SB-	7201 <	1Z-013A>	PAGE 07	04.07.83		**	Z80	ASSEMBLER SB-	7201 <	1Z-013A>	PAGE 08		04.07.83
01 01F1 218402 02 01F4 13		LD	HL,M#TBL			0246				LD	A, (DE)		
03 01F5 CD1C02		INC	DE			024E				LD	B, A		
		CALL	ONPU	; ONTYO SET		0240				AND	FOH	;	ONTYO ?
04 01F8 38D7		JR	C,MLD1			0246		30		CP	30H		
05 01FA CDC802		CALL	RYTHM	•		0250		03		JR	Z,+5		
06 01FD 3815		JR	C, MLD5			0252				LD	A, (HL)	5	HL=ONTYO
07 01FF CDAB02		CALL	MLDST	; MELODY START		0253		05		JR	+7		
08 0202 41		L.D	B, C			0255				TINC	DE		
09 0203 18CC		JR	MLD1			0256				LD	A, B		
	MLD2:	LD	A,+3			0257				AND	OFH		
11 0207 32A011		LD	(OCTV),A			0259				LD	(HL),A	5	HL=ONTYO
12 020A 13		INC	DE			0256				LD	HL, OPTBL		
13 0208 18C4		JR	MLD1			0251				ADD	A,L		
	MLD3:	LD	A, 1			025E				LD	L,A		
15 020F 18F6	MI DA-	JR	MLD2+2			025F				LD	C,(HL)		
	MLD4:	CALL	RYTHM			0260				LD	A, (TEMPW)		
17 0214 F5	MLD5:	PUSH	AF			0263				LD	B, A		
18 0215 CDBE02		CALL	MLDSP			0264				XOR	A		
19 0218 F1		POP	AF			0265			ONP3:	ADD	A, C		
20 0219 C39B06		JP	RET3			0266				DJNZ	-1		
21 0210		DI 200 DA	TTO COLUM			0268				POP	BC		
22 0210	; ONF	-U 10 RA	ATIO CONV			0269				LD	C, A		
23 0210	3					0266				XOR	A		
			(IO)=RATIO VALUE			026E				RET			
	3	C=UN	NTYO*TEMPO			0260			;				
	;					0260			;	ALC: 10277			
27 021C	ONPU:					0260			MTBL:	ENT			
28 021C C5		PUSH	BC			0260				DEFB	43H	,	C
29 021D 060B		LD	B,8			0261				DEFW	0846H		
	ONP1:	LD	A, (DE)			026F				DEFB	44H	5	D
31 0220 BE		CP	(HL)			0270				DEFW	075FH		
32 0221 2809		JR	Z, ONP2			0272				DEFB	45H	5	E
33 0223 23		INC	HL			0273				DEFW	0691H		
34 0224 23		INC	HL			0275				DEFB	46H	5	F
35 0225 23		INC	HL.			0276				DEFW	0633H		
36 0226 10F8		DJNZ	-6			0278				DEFB	47H	9	G
37 0228 37		SCF				0279				DEFW	0586H		
38 0229 13		INC	DE			027E				DEFB	41H	ş	A
39 022A C1		POP	BC			0270				DEFW	04ECH		
40 022B C9	-	RET				027E				DEFB	42H	9	B
	ONP2:	INC	HL			027F		04		DEFW	0464H		
42 022D D5		PUSH	DE			0281		Section 2		DEFB	52H	;	R
43 022E 5E		LD	E, (HL)			0282		00	M#TBL:	DEFW	0		
44 022F 23		INC	HL			0284			M#TBL:	ENT			
45 0230 56		LD	D, (HL)			0284				DEFB	43H	;	#C
46 0231 EB		EX	DE, HL			0285				DEFW	07CFH		
47 0232 7C		L.D	A, H			0287				DEFB	44H	5	#D
48 0233 B7		OR	A			0288				DEFW	06F5H		
49 0234 2809		JR	Z,+11			0286				DEFB	45H	5	#E
50 0236 3AA011		L.D		: 11AOH OCTAVE WORK		0281				DEFW	0633H		
51 0239 3D		DEC	Α			0281				DEFB	46H	5	#F
52 023A 2803		JR	Z,+5			0288				DEFW	OSDAH .		
53 0230 29		ADD	HL, HL			0290				DEFB	47H	9	#G
54 023D 18FA		JR	-4			0291				DEFW	0537H		
55 023F 22A111		LD	(RATIO),HL	; 11A1H ONPU RATIO		0293				DEFB	41H	3	#A
55 0242 21A011		LD	HL,OCTV			0294				DEFW	04A5H		
57 0245 3602		LD	(HL),2			0298				DEFB	42H	5	#B
58 0247 2B		DEC	HL			0297				DEFW	0423H		
59 0248 D1		POP	DE			0299				DEFB	52H	5	#R
60 0249 13		INC	DE		60	0296	4						

```
** Z80 ASSEMBLER SB-7201 <1Z-013A> PAGE 10
                                                                                                                                                   04.07.83
   ** Z80 ASSEMBLER SB-7201 <1Z-013A> PAGE 09
                                                            04.07.83
                                                                                      01 02CB 36F8
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                                (HL), FBH
01 029A 0000
                                  DEFW
                                                                                      02 02CD 23
                                                                                                                        INC
                                                                                                                               HL
02 0290
                         OPTBL:
                                 ENT
                                                                                                                               A. (HL)
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                      03 02CE 7E
03 0290 01
                                  DEFB
                                                                                      04 02CF E681
                                                                                                                        AND
                                                                                                                               81H
                                                                                                                                                : BREAK IN CHECK
04 029D 02
                                  DEFB
                                         2
                                                                                                                               NZ,+4
                                                                                      05 02D1 2002
                                                                                                                        JR
05 029E 03
                                  DEFB
                                         3
                                                                                      06 02D3 37
                                                                                                                        SCF
06 029F 04
                                  DEFB
                                                                                      07 02D4 C9
                                                                                                                        RET
07 02A0 06
                                  DEFB
                                         6
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                               A. (TEMP)
                                                                                                                                                : E008H
                                                                                      08 02D5 3A08E0
08 02A1 08
                                  DEFB
                                                                                      09 02D8 OF
                                                                                                                        RRCA
                                                                                                                                                ; TEMPO OUT
09 02A2 0C
                                  DEFB
                                         OCH
                                                                                                                               C,-4
                                                                                      10 02D9 38FA
                                                                                                                        JR
                                  DEFB
                                         10H
10 02A3 10
                                                                                                                               A, (TEMP)
                                                                                      11 02DB 3A08E0
                                                                                                                        LD
                                  DEFB
                                         18H
11 02A4 18
                                                                                      12 02DE OF
                                                                                                                        RRCA
                                         20H
12 02A5 20
                                  DEFB
                                                                                                                                NC -4
                                                                                      13 02DF 30FA
                                                                                                                        JR
13 02A6
                                                                                      14 02E1 10F2
                                                                                                                        DJNZ
                                                                                                                               -12
14 02A6
                                                                                      15 02E3 AF
                                                                                                                        XOR
15 02A6
                                                                                      16 02E4 C9
                                                                                                                        RET
                                 INCREMENT DE REG.
16 02A6
                                                                                      17 02E5
17 0246
                                                                                      18 02E5
                          . 4DE:
                                 ENT
18 02A6
                                                                                                                    TEMPO SET
                                                                                      19 02E5
                                         DE
19 02A6 13
                                  INC
                                                                                      20 02E5
20 02A7 13
                                  INC
                                         DE
                                                                                                                      ACC=VALUE (1-7)
                                                                                      21 02E5
                                  INC
                                         DE
21 02A8 13
                                                                                      22 02E5
22 02A9 13
                                  INC
                                         DE
                                                                                                                ?TEMP: ENT
                                                                                      23 02E5
23 02AA C9
                                  RET
                                                                                      24 02E5 F5
                                                                                                                        PUSH
                                                                                                                               AF
24 02AB
                                                                                                                        PUSH
                                                                                                                               BC
                                                                                      25 02E6 C5
25 02AB
                                                                                      26 02E7 E60F
                                                                                                                        AND
                                                                                                                               OFH
26 02AB
                                                                                      27 02E9 47
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                               B,A
                          ; ORG OZABH ; MLDST
27 02AB
                                                                                                                               A,8
                                                                                      28 02EA 3E08
                                                                                                                        LD
28 02AB
                                                                                      29 02EC 90
                                                                                                                        SUB
                                                                                                                               B
                              MELODY START & STOP
29 02AB
                                                                                      30 02ED 329E11
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                                (TEMPW), A
30 02AB
                                                                                                                        POP
                                                                                      31 02F0 C1
                                                                                                                               BC
                          MLDST: ENT
31 02AB
                                                                                      32 02F1 F1
                                                                                                                        POP
                                         HL, (RATIO)
32 02AB 2AA111
                                  LD
                                                                                                                        RET
                                                                                      33 02F2 C9
33 02AE 7C
                                  LD
                                         A,H
                                                                                      34 02F3
34 02AF B7
                                  OR
                                                                                      35 02F3
                                                                                                                           CRT MANAGMENT
                                         Z, MLDSP
35 02B0 280C
                                  JR
                                                                                      36 02F3
36 02B2 D5
                                  PUSH
                                         DE
                                                                                      37 02F3
                                                                                                                      EXIT HL: DSPXY H=Y.L=X
37 02B3 EB
                                         DE, HL
                                                                                      38 02F3
                                                                                                                            DE: MANG ADR. (ON DSPXY)
                                         HL, CONTO
38 02B4 2104E0
                                  LD
                                                                                                                            A : MANG DATA
                                                                                      39 02F3
                                  LD
                                         (HL),E
39 02B7 73
                                                                                      40 02F3
                                                                                                                            CY: MANG=1
                                         (HL),D
                                  LD
40 02B8 72
                                                                                       41 02F3
                                  LD
                                         A-1
41 02B9 3E01
                                                                                      42 02F3
                                                                                                                . MANG:
                                                                                                                       ENT
                                  POP
42 02BB D1
                                                                                                                                                ; CRT MANG. POINTER
                                                                                      43 02F3 217311
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                                HL, MANG
                                  JR
                                         MLDS1
43 02BC 1806
                                                                                                                                A, (1172H)
                                                                                                                                                : DSPXY+1
                                                                                      44 02F6 3A7211
                                                                                                                        LD
44 02BE
                                                                                      45 02F9 85
                                                                                                                        ADD
                                                                                                                               A,L
45 02BE
                          MLDSP:
                                 ENT
                                                                                      46 02FA 6F
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                               L.A
                                         A. 36H
                                                         : MODE SET (8253 CO)
46 02BE 3E36
                                  LD
                                                                                                                                A, (HL)
                                                                                      47 02FB 7E
                                                                                                                        LD
                                         (CONTF),A
                                                         ; E007H
47 02C0 3207E0
                                  LD
                                                                                                                        INC
                                                                                                                               HL
                                                                                      48 02FC 23
48 02C3 AF
                                  XOR
                                                                                       49 02FD CB16
                                                                                                                        RL
                                                                                                                                (HL)
49 02C4 3208E0
                         MLDS1: LD
                                         (SUNDG), A
                                                         : E008H
                                                                                                                        OR
                                                                                                                                (HL)
                                                                                      50 02FF B6
                                                         ; TEHRO RESET
50 0207 09
                                  RET
                                                                                      51 0300 CB1E
                                                                                                                        RR
                                                                                                                                (HL)
51 0208
                                                                                       52 0302 OF
                                                                                                                        RRCA
52 0208
                             RHYTHM
                                                                                                                        EX
                                                                                                                                DE, HL
                                                                                      53 0303 EB
53 0208
                                                                                                                               HL. (DSPXY)
                                                                                      54 0304 2A7111
                                                                                                                        LD
                               B=COUNT DATA
54 0208
                                                                                       55 0307 C9
                                                                                                                        RET
55 0208
                                   IN
                                                                                      56 0308
56 0208
                               EXIT CF=1 BREAK
                                                                                      57 0308
57 02CB
                                   CF=0 OK
                                                                                      58 0308
58 0208
                                                                                                                : ORG 0308H
                                                                                      59 0308
59 0208
                          RYTHM: ENT
                                                                                      60 0308
                                         HL, KEYPA
60 02C8 2100E0
                                  LD
                                                         : E000H
```

** ZOU HOSEMBLE	R SB-7201 <:	IZ-013A	PAGE 11	04.07.83	** Z80 ASSE	MBLER SB-7201 <1Z-	-013A> PAGE 12	04.07.83
01 0308	; TIN	1E SET			01 0352	į – lei		
02 0308	;				02 0352	;		
03 0308	; 6	ACC=0 :			03 0352	; BELL	DATA	
04 0308	;	=1:			04 0352	ţ		
5 0308	; I	E=SEC:	BINARY		05 0352	?BELD: E		
96 0308	ş				06 0352 D7		DEFB D7H	
7 0308	?TMST:				07 0353 4130		DEFM 'AO'	
08 0308 F3		DI			08 0355 OD	1	DEFB ODH	
9 0309 C5		PUSH	BC		09 0356	ţ		
.O 030A D5		PUSH	DE		10 0356	;		
1 030B E5		PUSH	HL		11 0356	ţ		
2 030C 329B11		LD	(AMPM) A	; AMPM DATA	12 0356	1	DEFS +2	
3 030F 3EF0		LD	A, FOH	,	13 0358	;ORG 0358		
4 0311 329C11		LD	(TIMFG),A	; TIME FLAG	14 0358	;		
5 0314 21C0AB		LD	HL, ABCOH	; 12H	15 0358	; TIME	READ	
6 0317 AF		XOR	A	,	16 0358			
7 0318 ED52		SBC	HL, DE	; COUNT DATA = 12H-IN DA	17 0358		IT ACC=0 :AM	
A COLD LEGIL		OL-C	1 IL. 3 L/L.	, COUNT DATA - 12h IN DA	18 0358	:	=1 :PM	
8 031A E5		PUSH	HL		19 0358	:	DE=SEC. BINAR	v
9 031B 00		NOP	nc .		20 0358	•	DE-SEC. BINA	
0 031C EB		EX	777 111		21 0358	?TMRD: I	ENT	
20 031C EB 21 031D 2107E0			DE, HL	- 500711			PUSH HL	
		LD	HL, CONTF	; E007H	22 0358 E5 23 0359 2107E0			
22 0320 3674		LD	(HL),74H					
3 0322 36B0		LD	(HL),BOH	. Eventede	24 035C 3680		LD (HL),80H	
4 0324 2B		DEC	HL	; CONT2	25 035E 2B		DEC HL	; CONT2
5 0325 73		LD	(HL),E		26 035F F3		DI	
6 0326 72		LD	(HL),D		27 0360 5E		LD E, (HL)	
27 0327 2B		DEC	HL	; CONT1	28 0361 56		LD D,(HL)	
28 0328 360A		LD	(HL),OAH		29 0362 FB	1	EI	
29 032A 3600		LD	(HL),0		30 03 6 3 7B	1	LD A,E	
30 032C 23		INC	HL		31 0364 B2		DR D	
31 032D 23		INC	HL	; CONTF	32 03 6 5 280E		JR Z,?TMR1	
32 032E 3680		LD	(HL),80H		33 03 67 AF		XOR A	
33 0330 2B		DEC	HL	; CONT2	34 0368 21C0A8	ı	LD HL,ASCOH	
34 0331 4E	?TMS1:	LD	C, (HL)		35 036B ED52	9	SBC HL.DE	
55 0332 7E		LD	A, (HL)		36 036D 3810		JR C,?TMR2	
36 0333 BA		CP	D		37 036F EB		EX DE, HL	
57 0334 20FB		JR	NZ, ?TMS1		38 0370 3A9B11		LD A, (AMPM)	
88 0336 79		LD	A,C		39 0373 E1		POP HL	
9 0337 BB		CP	E		40 0374 C9		RET	
0 0338 20F7		JR	NZ, ?TMS1		41 0375 11C0AB	?TMR1: i		; 12H
1 033A 2B		DEC	HL.		42 0378 3A9B11		LD A, (AMPM)	, 1211
12 033B 00		NOP	T IL.		43 037B EE01		XOR 1	
13 033C 00		NOP			44 037D E1			
4 033D 00					45 037E C9			
15 033E 36FB		NOP	ALIE A FIRM				RET	
		LD	(HL), FBH	; 1SEC	46 037F F3	?TMR2: 1		
6 0340 363C		LD	(HL),3CH		47 0380 2106E0		LD HL,CONT2	
7 0342 23		INC	HL.		48 0383 7E		LD A, (HL)	
18 0343 D1		POP	DE		49 0384 2F		CPL	
9 0344 4E	?TMS2:	LD	C, (HL)		50 03 8 5 5F		LD E,A	
60 03 4 5 7E		LD	A, (HL)		51 0386 7E		LD A, (HL)	
1 0346 BA		CP	D		52 0387 2F		CPL	
52 0347 20FB		JR	NZ, ?TMS2		53 0388 57		LD D,A	
3 0349 79		LD	A, C		54 0389 FB	1	EI	
64 034A BB		CP	E		55 038A 13		INC DE	
5 034B 20F7		JR	NZ, ?TMS2		56 038B 18EB		JR ?TMR1+3	
6 034D E1		POP	HL		57 038D	1		
7 034E D1		POP	DE		58 038D	; TIME	INTERRUPT	
58 034F C1		POP	BC		59 038D	, , , , , , , ,	and the state of t	
9 0350 FB		EI			40 038D	TIMIN: I	FNT	
		the state of			men (m) that had had deaf	1 ALLAINE I	to 1 7 1	

```
04.07.83
                                                                                         ** Z80 ASSEMBLER SB-7201 <1Z-013A> PAGE 14
                                                             04.07.83
   ** Z80 ASSEMBLER SB-7201 <1Z-013A> PAGE 13
                                                                                                                        RRCA
                                         AF
                                                                                      01 03C5 OF
01 038D F5
                                                                                       02 03C6 OF
                                                                                                                         RRCA
02 038E C5
                                  PUSH
                                         BC
                                                                                                                         RRCA
03 038F D5
                                         DE
                                                                                       03 03C7 OF
                                  PUSH
                                                                                                                        CALL
                                                                                                                                ASC
                                                                                      04 03C8 CDDA03
04 0390 E5
                                  PUSH
                                         HL
                                                                                       05 03CB CD1200
                                                                                                                         CALL
                                                                                                                                PRNT
05 0391 219B11
                                  LD
                                         HL, AMPM
                                                                                                                                AF
                                                                                                                        POP
                                                                                       06 03CE F1
                                  LD
                                         A, (HL)
06 0394 7E
                                                                                                                         CALL
                                                                                                                               ASC
                                                                                       07 03CF CDDA03
07 0395 EE01
                                  XOR
                                                                                                                                PRNT
                                                                                       08 03D2 C31200
                                                                                                                         JP
08 0397 77
                                  LD
                                         (HL),A
                                                                                      09 03D5
                                         HL, CONTE
09 0398 2107E0
                                  LD
                                                                                      10 03D5
10 039B 3680
                                  LD
                                         (HL),80H
                                                                                       11 03D5
11 039D 2B
                                  DEC
                                         HL
                                                         ; CONT2
                                                                                       12 03D5
                                         HL
12 039E E5
                                  PUSH
                                                                                                                     80 CHA. 1 LINE CODE (DATA)
                                                                                       13 03D5
13 039F 5E
                                  LD
                                         E, (HL)
                                                                                       14 03D5
14 03A0 56
                                  LD
                                         D, (HL)
                                                                                                                SLPT:
                                                                                                                        ENT
                                         HL. ABCOH
                                                                                       15 03D5
15 03A1 21C0A8
                                  LD
                                                                                                                                                : TEXT MODE
                                                                                       16 03D5 01
                                                                                                                        DEFB
                                                                                                                               01H
16 03A4 19
                                  ADD
                                         HL, DE
                                                                                                                               09H
                                                                                       17 03D6 09
                                                                                                                        DEFB
17 03A5 2B
                                  DEC
                                         HL
                                                                                       18 03D7 09
                                                                                                                        DEFB
                                                                                                                                09H
18 03A6 2B
                                  DEC
                                         HL
                                                                                       19 03D8 09
                                                                                                                        DEFB
                                                                                                                               09H
19 03A7 EB
                                  EX
                                         DE, HL
                                                                                                                               ODH
                                                                                       20 03D9 OD
                                                                                                                        DEFB
20 03AB E1
                                  POP
                                         HL
                                                                                       21 03DA
21 0349 73
                                  LD
                                         (HL) .E
                                                                                                                 ; ORG 03DAH; ASC
                                                                                       22 03DA
                                  LD
22 03AA 72
                                         (HL),D
                                                                                       23 03DA
23 03AB E1
                                  POP
                                         HL
                                                                                       24 03DA
                                                                                                                   HEXADECIMAL TO ASCII
24 03AC D1
                                  POP
                                         DE
                                                                                                                     IN : ACC (D3-D0)=HEXADECIMAL
                                                                                       25 03DA
25 03AD C1
                                  POP
                                         BC
                                                                                                                    EXIT: ACC = ASCII
                                         AF
                                                                                       26 03DA
                                  POP
26 03AE F1
                                                                                       27 03DA
27 03AF FB
                                  EI
                                                                                                                 ASC:
                                                                                       28 03DA
                                                                                                                        ENT
28 03B0 C9
                                  RET
                                                                                                                         AND
                                                                                                                                OFH
                                                                                       29 03DA E60F
29 03B1
                                                                                       30 O3DC FEOA
                                                                                                                         CP
                                                                                                                                OAH
30 03B1
                                 SPACE PRINT AND DISP ACC
                                                                                                                         JR
                                                                                                                                C, NOADD
                                                                                       31 03DE 3802
31 03B1
                                                                                                                         ADD
                                                                                                                                A. 7
                                                                                       32 03E0 C607
32 03B1
                                    INPUT: HL=DISP. ADR.
                                                                                       33 03E2
                                                                                                                NOADD: ENT
33 03B1
                                                                                                                         ADD
                                                                                                                                A, 30H
                                                                                       34 03E2 C630
34 03B1
                          SPHEX:
                                 ENT
                                                                                       35 03E4 C9
                                                                                                                        RET
35 03B1 CD2009
                                  CALL
                                         ?PRTS
                                                         : SP.PRINT
                                                                                       36 03E5
36 03B4 7E
                                  LD
                                         A, (HL)
                                                                                                                   ASCII TO HEXADECIMAL
                                                                                       37 03E5
                                  CALL
                                         PRTHX
                                                         ; DSP OF ACC (ASCII)
37 03B5 CDC303
                                                                                                                : IN : ACC = ASCII
                                                                                       38 03E5
38 03B8 7E
                                  LD
                                         A, (HL)
                                                                                                                  EXIT : ACC = HEXADECIMAL
                                                                                       39 03E5
39 03B9 C9
                                  RET
                                                                                       40 03E5
                                                                                                                          CY = 1 ERROR
40 03BA
                                                                                       41 03E5
41 03BA
                                                                                       42 03E5
                                                                                                                HEXJ:
                                                                                                                        ENT
42 03BA
                                                                                                                         SUB
                                                                                                                                30H
                                                                                       43 03E5 D630
43 03BA
                          ORG O3BAH
                                                                                       44 03E7 D8
                                                                                                                         RET
                                                                                                                               C
44 03BA
                                                                                                                         CP
                                                                                                                                OAH
                                                                                       45 03E8 FE0A
                            (ASCII PRINT) FOR HL
45 03BA
                                                                                       46 03EA 3F
                                                                                                                         CCF
46 03BA
                                                                                       47 03EB DO
                                                                                                                         RET
                                                                                                                                NC
47 03BA
                          PRTHL: ENT
                                                                                       48 03EC D607
                                                                                                                         SUB
                                                                                                                                7
48 03BA 7C
                                  ID
                                         A,H
                                                                                                                         CP
                                                                                                                                10H
                                                                                       49 03EE FE10
49 03BB CDC303
                                  CALL
                                         PRTHX
                                                                                       50 03F0 3F
                                                                                                                         CCF
50 03BE 7D
                                  LD
                                         A,L
                                                                                       51 03F1 D8
                                                                                                                        RET
                                                                                                                               C
                                         PRTHX
51 03BF 1802
                                  JR
                                                                                       52 03F2 FE0A
                                                                                                                         CP
                                                                                                                                OAH
52 0301
                                                                                                                        RET
                                  DEFS +2
                                                                                       53 03F4 C9
53 03C1
                                                                                       54 03F5
54 0303
                          : ORG 03C3H: PRTHX
                                                                                       55 03F5
55 03C3
                             (ASCII PRINT) FOR ACC
                                                                                       56 03F5
                                                                                                                         DEFS
                                                                                                                               +4
56 03C3
                                                                                       57 03F9
                                                                                                                ; ORG 03F9H; HEX
57 0303
                                                                                       58 03F9
                                                                                                                HEX:
                                                                                                                        ENT
58 0303
                          PRTHX: ENT
                                                                                                                                HEXJ
59 03C3 F5
                                  PUSH
                                         AF
                                                                                       59 03F9 18EA
                                                                                                                         JR
                                                                                       60 03FB
40 03C4 OF
                                  RRCA
```

```
** Z80 ASSEMBLER SB-7201 <1Z-013A> PAGE 15
                                                            04.07.83
                                                                                         ** Z80 ASSEMBLER SB-7201 <1Z-013A> PAGE 16
                                                                                                                                                  04.07.83
01 03FB
                               PRASS PLAY MESSAGE
                                                                                      01 0433 B1
02 03FB
                                                                                      02 0434 C1
                                                                                                                2HE1:
                                                                                                                        POP
                                                                                                                               BC
03 03FB
                         MSG#1: ENT
                                                                                      03 0435 C9
                                                                                                                        RET
04 03FB 7F20
                                  DEFW
                                        207FH
                                                                                      04 0436
05 03FD
                         MSG#2:
                                 ENT
                                                                                      05 0436
06 03FD 504C4159
                                         PLAY 
                                  DEFM
                                                                                      06 0436
                                                                                                                    WRITE INFORMATION
07 0401 OD
                                  DEFB
                                         ODH
                                                                                      07 0436
08 0402
                         MSG#3:
                                 ENT
                                                                                      08 0436
                                                                                                                ?WRI:
                                                                                                                      ENT
09 0402 7F20
                                  DEFW
                                         207FH
                                                                                      09 0436 F3
                                                                                                                        DI
10 0404 5245434F
                                  DEFM
                                         'RECORD. '
                                                         : PRESS RECORD
                                                                                      10 0437 D5
                                                                                                                        PHSH
                                                                                                                               DE
11 0408 52442E
                                                                                      11 0438 C5
                                                                                                                        PUSH
                                                                                                                               BC
12 040B OD
                                  DEFB
                                        ODH
                                                                                      12 0439 E5
                                                                                                                        PUSH
                                                                                                                               HL
13 040C
                                                                                      13 043A 16D7
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                               D, D7H
                                                                                                                                               ; 'W'
14 040C
                                                                                      14 043C 1ECC
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                               E.CCH
                                                                                                                                               ; 1L1
15 040C
                                  DEFS +4
                                                                                      15 043E 21F010
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                               HL, IBUFE
                                                                                                                                               : 10FOH
16 0410
                          ; ORG 0410H; HLHEX
                                                                                      16 0441 018000
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                               BC,80H
                                                                                                                                               ; WRITE BYTE SIZE
17 0410
                                                                                      17 0444 CD1A07
                                                                                                                WRI1:
                                                                                                                        CALL
                                                                                                                               CKSUM
                                                                                                                                               ; CHECK SUM
18 0410
                                                                                      18 0447 CD9F06
                                                                                                                        CALL
                                                                                                                               MOTOR
                                                                                                                                               ; MOTOR ON
19 0410
                            4 ASCII TO (HL)
                                                                                      19 044A 3818
                                                                                                                        JR
                                                                                                                               C, WRI3
20 0410
                                                                                      20 044C 7B
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                               A.E
21 0410
                            IN DE=DATA LOW ADR.
                                                                                      21 044D FECC
                                                                                                                        CF
                                                                                                                               CCH
                                                                                                                                               5 1L1
22 0410
                            EXIT CF=0 : OK
                                                                                      22 044F 200D
                                                                                                                        JR
                                                                                                                               NZ, WRI2
23 0410
                                    =1 : OUT
                                                                                      23 0451 CD0900
                                                                                                                        CALL
                                                                                                                               NL
24 0410
                                                                                      24 0454 D5
                                                                                                                        PUSH
                                                                                                                               DE
25 0410
                          HLHEX: ENT
                                                                                      25 0455 116704
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                               DE, MSG#7
                                                                                                                                               : WRITING
26 0410 D5
                                  PUSH
                                        DE
                                                                                      26 0458 DF
                                                                                                                        RST
                                                                                                                                               : CALL MSGX
27 0411 CD1F04
                                  CALL
                                         2HEX
                                                                                      27 0459 11F110
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                               DE, NAME
                                                                                                                                               ; FILE NAME
28 0414 3807
                                  JR
                                         C, +9
                                                                                      28 045C DF
                                                                                                                        RST
                                                                                                                               3
                                                                                                                                               ; CALL MSGX
                                                                                      29 045D D1
29 0416 67
                                  LD
                                         H.A
                                                                                                                               DE
                                                                                                                        POP
30 0417 CD1F04
                                  CALL
                                         2HEX
                                                                                      30 045E CD7A07
                                                                                                                WRIZ:
                                                                                                                        CALL
                                                                                                                               GAP
31 041A 3801
                                  JR
                                         C. +3
                                                                                      31 0461 CD8A04
                                                                                                                        CALL
                                                                                                                               WTAPE
32 041C 6F
                                  LD
                                         L.A
                                                                                      32 0464 C35405
                                                                                                                WRIJ:
                                                                                                                        JP
                                                                                                                               RET2
33 041D D1
                         HL1:
                                 POP
                                         DE
                                                                                      33 0467
34 041E C9
                                  RET
                                                                                      34 0467
                                                                                                                MSG#7:
                                                                                                                        ENT
35 041F
                                                                                      35 0467 57524954
                                                                                                                               WRITING /
                                                                                                                        DEFM
36 041F
                          ; ORG 041FH; 2HEX
                                                                                      36 046B 494E4720
37 041F
                                                                                      37 046F OD
                                                                                                                        DEFB
                                                                                                                               ODH
38 041F
                                                                                      38 0470
39 041F
                             2 ASCII TO (ACC)
                                                                                      39 0470
40 041F
                                                                                      40 0470
41 041F
                             IN DE=DATA LOW ADR.
                                                                                      41 0470
                                                                                                                     40 CHA. IN 1 LINE CODE (DATA)
42 041F
                                                                                      42 0470
43 041F
                             EXIT CF=0 : OK
                                                                                      43 0470
                                                                                                               LLPT: ENT
44 041F
                                      =1 : OUT
                                                                                      44 0470 01
                                                                                                                        DEEB
                                                                                                                               01H
                                                                                                                                               : TEXT MODE
45 041F
                                                                                      45 0471 09
                                                                                                                        DEFB
                                                                                                                               09H
46 041F
                         2HEX:
                                 ENT
                                                                                      46 0472 09
                                                                                                                        DEFB
                                                                                                                               09H
47 041F C5
                                  PUSH
                                        BC
                                                                                      47 0473 OB
                                                                                                                        DEFB
                                                                                                                               OBH
48 0420 1A
                                  LD
                                         A. (DE)
                                                                                      48 0474 OD
                                                                                                                        DEFB
                                                                                                                              ODH
49 0421 13
                                  INC
                                         DE
                                                                                      49 0475
50 0422 CDF903
                                  CALL
                                        HEX
                                                                                      50 0475
                                                                                                                ; ORG 0475H
51 0425 380D
                                  JR
                                         C,+15
                                                                                      51 0475
52 0427 OF
                                  RRCA
                                                                                      52 0475
53 0428 OF
                                  RRCA
                                                                                      53 0475
                                                                                                                    WRITE DATA
54 0429 OF
                                  RRCA
                                                                                      54 0475
55 042A OF
                                  RRCA
                                                                                      55 0475
                                                                                                                    EXIT CF=0 : OK
56 042B 4F
                                  L.D
                                         C, A
                                                                                      56 0475
                                                                                                                           =1 : BREAK
57 042C 1A
                                  LD
                                         A, (DE)
                                                                                      57 0475
58 042D 13
                                  TNC
                                         DE
                                                                                      58 0475
                                                                                                                       ENT
                                                                                                                ?WRD:
59 042E CDF903
                                  CALL
                                        HEX
                                                                                      59 0475 F3
                                                                                                                        DI
60 0431 3801
                                  JR
                                         C. +3
                                                                                      60 0476 D5
                                                                                                                        PUSH DE
```

** Z80 ASSEMBLER S	B-7201 <13	Z-013A>	PAGE 17	04.07.83	** Z80 ASSEMBLER	3B-7201 \			04.0
0477 C5		PUSH	BC		01 04D3 Ç1		POP	BC	
0478 E5		PUSH	HL		O2 O4D4 D1		POP	DE	
0479 16D7		LD	D, D7H	; 'W'	03 04 D5 C9		RET		
047B 1E53		LD	E,53H	; 'S'	04 04D6	3			
047D ED4B0211		LD	BC, (SIZE)	; WRITE DATA BYTE SIZE	05 04D6	;			
0481 2A0411		LD	HL, (DTADR)	; WRITE DATA ADDRESS	06 04D6	,			
0484 78		LD	A, B		07 04D6	;			
0485 B1		OR	C		08 04D6	;			
0486 284A		JR	Z,RET1		09 04D8		ORG	04DBH	
0488 18BA		JR	WRI1		10 04D8	;			
048A	5				11 04D8	;			
2 048A					12 04D8	; RE	EAD INFO	RMATION (FROM \$	CMT)
048A	TAPI	E WRITE			13 04D8	;			
048A					14 04D8	; E		=0 : OK CF=0	
048A	; B(C=BYTE	SIZE		15 04D8	;		=1 : ER CF=1	
048A			LOW ADR.		16 04D8	,		=2 : BREAK CF=1	
048A					17 04D8	;			
048A	EX	IT CF=	:O : OK		18 04D8	?RDI:	ENT		
048A			1 : BREAK		19 04D8 F3		DI		
048A	í				20 04D9 D5		PUSH	DE	
048A D5	WTAPE:	PUSH	DE		21 04DA C5		PUSH	BC	
048B C5	300.00	PUSH	BC		22 04DB E5		PUSH	HL.	
048C E5		PUSH	HL		23 O4DC 16D2		LD	D, D2H	; 'R'
048D 1602		LD	D, 2		24 04DE 1ECC		LD	E,CCH	; 'L'
048F 3EF8		LD	A, F8H		25 04E0 018000		LD	BC, BOH	
0491 3200E0		LD	(KEYPA),A	; E000H	26 04E3 21F010		LD	HL, IBUFE	
0494 7E	WTAP1:	LD	A, (HL)		27 04E6	RD1:	ENT		
0495 CD6707	******	CALL	WBYTE	; 1 BYTE WRITE	28 04E6 CD9F06		CALL	MOTOR	
0498 3A01E0		LD	A, (KEYPB)	; E001H	29 04E9 DA7205		JP	C, RTP6	
049B E681		AND	81H	; SHIFT & BREAK	30 04EC CD5B06		CALL	TMARK	
049D C2A504		JP	NZ,WTAP2	y differ to briefly	31 04EF DA7205		JP	C,RTP6	
04A0 3E02		LD	A, 02H	; BREAK IN CODE	32 04F2 CD0E05		CALL	RTAPE	
04A2 37		SCF	11, 0211	y Dittering and Guaran	33 04F5 C35405		JP	RTP4	
04A3 182D		JR	WTAP3		34 04F8	;			
04A5 23	WTAP2:	INC	HL		35 04F8				
04A6 OB	VV 11-11 22.5	DEC	BC		36 04F8	,			
04A7 78		LD	A, B		37 04F8	; ORG C	94F8H		
04A8 B1		OR	C		38 04F8	;			
04A9 C29404		JP	NZ,WTAP1		39 04F8				
04AC 2A9711		LD	HL, (SUMDT)	; SUM DATA SET	40 04F8	; RE	AD DATA	(FROM \$CMT)	
04AF 7C		LD	A, H	, ddir britin de i	41 04F8				
04B0 CD6707		CALL	WBYTE		42 04F8		EXIT S	AME UP	
04B0 CDB707		LD	A.L		43 04F8				
04B4 CD6707		CALL	WBYTE		44 04F8	?RDD:	ENT		
04B4 CD1A0A		CALL	LONG		45 04F8 F3		DI		
04BA 15		DEC	D		46 04F9 D5		PUSH	DE	
04BB C2C2O4		JP	NZ,+7		47 04FA C5		PUSH	BC	
		OR	A		48 04FB E5		PUSH	HL	
04BE B7 04BF C3D2O4		JP	WTAP3		49 04FC 16D2		LD	D, D2H	; 'R'
			55.5 5 5 5 5 5		50 04FE 1E53		LD	E,53H	; 'S'
0402 0600		LD	B,O SHORT		51 0500 ED4B0211		LD	BC, (SIZE)	
04C4 CD010A		DEC	B		52 0504 2A0411		LD	HL, (DTADR)	
0407 05					53 0507 78		LD	A.B	
04C8 C2C4O4		JP	NZ , -4		54 0508 B1		OR	C	
04CB E1		POP	HL		55 0509 CA5405		JP	Z,RTP4	
04CC C1		POP	BC		56 050C 18D8		JR	RD1	
04CD C5		PUSH	BC		57 050E		· · · ·		
04CE E5		PUSH	HL		58 050E	:			
		JP	WTAP1		59 050E		AD TAPE		
04CF C39404 0 04D2	WTAP3:								

TT 200 HODELIDEEL	(SB-7201 (12-013A	PAGE 19	04.07.83		* *	Z80 ASSEMBLER S	6B-7201	< 1 Z-	·013A>	PAGE 20	04.07.83
01 050E	; I	N BC=S	IZE				2001			R	NZ,+3	
02 050E	,	DE:	=LOAD ADR.		02	0542	FB		E	Ι		
03 050E	;					0563				OP	AF	
04 050E	; E	XIT AC	C=0 : OK CF=0			0564			R	ET		
05 050E	;		=1 : ER =1			0545		3				
06 050E	;		=2 : BREAK=1			0545		RTP5		NT		
07 050E	;					0565				EC	D	
08 050E	RTAPE:	ENT					2806			R	Z,RTP7	
09 050E D5		PUSH	DE			0568				.D	H, D	
10 050F C5		PUSH	BC				CDE20F			ALL	GAPCK	
11 0510 E5		PUSH	HL				18A5	-		R	RTP1	
12 0511 2602		LD	H, 2	; TWICE WRITE		056E		RTP7		NT		
13 0513	RTP1:	ENT					3E01			.D	A, 1	
14 0513 0101E0		LD	BC, KEYPB				1802			R	RTP9	
15 0516 1102E0		LD	DE, CSTR			0572		RTP6		NT		
16 0519	RTP2:	ENT	NAMES AND POST OF	- William Providence to the Commission of the Co			3E02			.D	A, 2	
17 0519 CD0106		CALL	EDGE	; 1+0 EDGE DETECT		0574		RTP9		NT		
18 051C 3854		JR	C,RTP6			0574				CF	DTD4	
19 051E CD4A0A		CALL	DLY3	; CALL DLY2*3			18DD	_	J	R	RTP4	
20 0521 1A		LD	A, (DE)	; DATA (1BIT) READ		0577						
21 0522 E620		AND	20H			0577		3	men i			
22 0524 CA1905		JP	Z,RTP2			0577			BELL			
23 0527 54		LD	D, H			0577		j		NIT		
24 0528 210000		LD	HL,O			0577 0577		?BEL		NT	DE	
25 052B 229711		LD	(SUMDT), HL							,nsh		
26 052E E1		POP	HL	,			115203			.D	DE,?BELD	• CALL MELDY
27 052F C1		POP	BC ,			057B				RST POP	6 DE	; CALL MELDY
28 0530 C5		PUSH	BC			0570				ET	DE	
29 0531 E5	DTD7-	PUSH	HL			057E		;		(E)		
30 0532 31 0532 CD2406	RTP3:	ENT	DDVTE	- ARVIE DEAR		057E		,	ELAC	TNG A	AND KEYIN	
32 0535 383B		CALL	RBYTE C. DTD4	; 1BYTE READ		057E		,			ACC INPUT KEY D	ATAINSE CODE
32 0535 3 8 3 8		JR	C,RTP6			057E		;	-		OH THEN NO KEY	
34 0538 23		LD INC	(HL),A HL			057E		;		11-1	OH THEN NO ME	TIAL PEDE
35 0539 0B		DEC	BC			057E			Y: E	NT		
36 053A 78		LD					CDFF09	,		ALL	?FLAS	
37 053B B1		OR	A,B C				CDCAOB			ALL	?KEY	
38 053C 20F4		JR	NZ,RTP3				FEFO			P	FOH	
39 053E 2A9711		LD	HL, (SUMDT)	; CHECK SUM		0586				ET		
40 0541 CD2406		CALL	RBYTE	CHECK SUM DATA		0587		;				
41 0544 382C		JR	C,RTP6	, Check Son Barra		0587		;				
42 0546 5F		LD	E,A		42	0587	•	,				
43 0547 CD2406		CALL	RBYTE	; CHECK SUM DATA		0587		;				
44 054A 3826		JR	C,RTP6	, diedit doi! ziii!!	44	0587	•	,				
45 054C BD		CP	L		45	0587	•		Г	EFS	+1	
46 054D 2016		JR	NZ,RTP5		46	0588	}	; ORG	0588	3H		
47 054F 7B		LD	A,E		47	0588	}	;				
48 0550 BC		CP	Н			0588		;				
49 0551 2012		JR	NZ,RTP5		49	0588	}	,	VERIF	Y (FF	ROM \$CMT)_	
50 0553	RTP8:	ENT			50	0588	}	5				
51 0553 AF		XOR	A		51	0588	}	5	EXIT	ACC	=0 : OK CF=0	
52 0554	RTP4:	ENT				0588		;			=1 : ER CF=1	
53 0554	RET2:	ENT				0588		,			=2 : BREAK CF=	1
54 0554 E1		POP	HL			0588		;				
55 0555 C1		POP	BC			0588		?VRF	Y: E			
56 0556 D1		POP	DE			0588				Ι		
57 0557 CD0007		CALL	MSTOP			0589				PUSH	DE	
58 055A F5		PUSH	AF			058A				PUSH	BC	
59 055B 3A9C11		LD	A, (TIMFG)	; INT. CHECK		058E				USH	HL	
60 055E FEF0		CP	FOH		40	OSAC	ED4B0211		1	.D	BC, (SIZE)	

```
** Z80 ASSEMBLER SB-7201 <1Z-013A> PAGE 22
                                                                                                                                                   04.07.83
   ** 780 ASSEMBLER SB-7201 <1Z-013A> PAGE 21
                                                            04.07.83
                                                                                      01 05E6 BD
                                                                                                                        CP
                                                                                                                               1
01 0590 2A0411
                                 1 D
                                         HL. (DTADR)
                                                                                      02 05E7 2085
                                                                                                                        JR
                                                                                                                               NZ, RTP7
                                                         : 'R'
02 0593 16D2
                                  LD
                                         D, D2H
                                                                                      03 05E9 15
                                                                                                                        DEC
                                                                                                                               D
                                                         ; 'S'
03 0595 1E53
                                         E,53H
                                 LD
                                                                                      04 05EA CA5305
                                                                                                                        J.TP
                                                                                                                               Z,RTP8
04 0597 78
                                 LD
                                         A.B
                                                                                      05 05ED 62
                                                                                                                       LD
                                                                                                                               H.D
05 0598 B1
                                  OR
                                         C
                                                                                                                               TVF1
                                                                                      06 05EE 18C2
                                         Z.RTP4
                                  JR
06 0599 28B9
                                                                                      07 05F0
                                  CALL
                                         CKSUM
07 059B CD1A07
                                                                                                                   FLASHING DATA LOAD
                                                                                      08 05F0
08 059E CD9F06
                                 CALL
                                         MOTOR
                                                                                      09 05F0
                                         C.RTP6
                                  JR
09 05A1 38CF
                                                                                                                ?LOAD: ENT
                                                                                      10 05F0
                                  CALL
                                         TMARK
                                                         ; TAPE MARK DETECT
10 05A3 CD5B06
                                                                                                                        PUSH
                                                                                                                               AF
                                                                                      11 05F0 F5
                                  JR
                                         C, RTP6
11 05A6 38CA
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                               A, (FLASH)
                                                                                      12 05F1 3A8E11
12 05A8 CDAD05
                                 CALL
                                        TVRFY
                                                                                                                        CALL
                                                                                                                               ?PONT
                                                                                      13 05F4 CDB10F
13 05AB 18A7
                                  JR
                                         RTP4
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                               (HL) . A
                                                                                      14 05F7 77
14 05AD
                                                                                      15 05F8 F1
                                                                                                                        POP
                                                                                                                               ΔF
15 05AD
                                                                                                                        RET
                                                                                      16 05F9 C9
14 05AD
                             DATA VERIFY
                                                                                      17 05FA
17 05AD
                                                                                      18 05FA
18 05AD
                                BC=SIZE
                                                                                                                   NEW LINE AND PRINT HL REG. (ASCII)
                                                                                      19 05FA
19 05AD
                                HL=DATA LOW ADR
                                                                                      20 05FA
                                CSMDT=CHECK SUM
20 05AD
                                                                                                                NLPHL: ENT
                                                                                      21 05FA
                               EXIT ACC=0 : OK CF=0
21 05AD
                                                                                      22 05FA CD0900
                                                                                                                              NL
                                                                                                                        CALL
22 05AD
                                       =1 : ER =1
                                                                                      23 05FD CDBA03
                                                                                                                        CALL PRITHL
                                       =2 : BREAK=1
23 05AD
                                                                                                                        RET
                                                                                      24 0600 C9
24 05AD
                                                                                      25 0601
25 05AD
                                                                                      26 0601
                          TVRFY: ENT
26 05AD
                                                                                      27 0601
                                                                                                                : ORG 0601H; EDGE
27 05AD D5
                                  PUSH
                                        DE
                                                                                      28 0601
28 05AE C5
                                  PUSH
                                         BC
                                                                                      29.0601
29 05AF E5
                                  PUSH
                                         HL
                                                                                                                              (TAPE DATA EDGE DETECT)
                                                                                      30 0601
                                                                                                                    EDGE
30 05B0 2602
                                  LD
                                         H, 2
                                                                                      31 0601
                         TVF1:
31 05B2
                                 ENT
                                                                                                                    BC=KEYPB ($E001)
                                                                                      32 0601
32 05B2 0101E0
                                         BC. KEYPB
                                  LD
                                                                                                                    DE=CSTR ($E002)
                                                                                      33 0601
                                         DE, CSTR
                                  LD
33 05B5 1102E0
                                                                                                                    EXIT CF=0 OK : CF=1 BREAK
                                                                                      34 0601
34 05B8
                         TVF2:
                                 ENT
                                                                                      35 0601
35 05B8 CD0106
                                  CALL
                                         EDGE
                                                                                                                EDGE:
                                                                                                                       ENT
                                                                                      36 0601
                                  JP
                                         C.RTP6
36 05BB DA7205
                                                                                                                               A. FBH
                                                                                                                                               ; BREAK KEY IN
                                                                                      37 0601 3EF8
                                                                                                                        LD
37 05BE CD4A0A
                                  CALL
                                         DLY3
                                                         ; CALL DLY2*3
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                               (KEYPA) A
                                                                                      38 0603 3200E0
38 05C1 1A
                                  1 D
                                         A, (DE)
                                                                                      39 0606 00
                                                                                                                        NOP
39 05C2 E620
                                  AND
                                         20H
                                                                                                                       ENT
                                                                                      40 0607
                                                                                                                EDG1:
40 05C4 CAB805
                                  JP
                                         Z.TVF2
                                                                                      41 0607 OA
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                               A. (BC)
41 05C7 54
                                  LD
                                        .D,H
                                                                                      42 0608 E681
                                                                                                                        AND
                                                                                                                               81H
                                                                                                                                               ; SHIFT & BREAK
                                  POP
                                         HL
42 05C8 E1
                                                                                      43 060A 2002
                                                                                                                        JR
                                                                                                                               NZ,+4
43 05C9 C1
                                  POP
                                         BC
                                                                                      44 060C 37
                                                                                                                        SCF
                                  PUSH
                                        BC
44 05CA C5
                                                                                      45 060D C9
                                                                                                                        RET
45 05CB E5
                                  PUSH
                                         HL
                                                                                                                               A. (DE)
                                                                                                                        I D
                                                                                      46 060E 1A
46 05CC
                         TVF3:
                                 ENT
                                                                                      47 060F E620
                                                                                                                        AND
                                 CALL
                                         RBYTE
47 05CC CD2406
                                                                                                                                               ; CSTR D5 = 0
                                                                                                                               NZ, EDG1
                                                                                      48 0611 20F4
                                                                                                                        JR
48 05CF 38A1
                                  JR
                                         C, RTP6
                                                                                      49 0613
                                                                                                                EDG2:
                                                                                                                       ENT
                                  CP
49 05D1 BE
                                         (HL)
                                                                                                                                               ; 8
                                                                                      50 0613 0A
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                               A, (BC)
50 05D2 209A
                                  JR
                                         NZ, RTP7
                                                                                                                        AND
                                                                                                                                               : 9
                                                                                      51 0614 E681
                                                                                                                               81H
51 05D4 23
                                  INC
                                         HL
                                                                                                                        JR
                                                                                                                               NZ,+4
                                                                                                                                               ; 10/14
                                                                                      52 0616 2002
52 05D5 0B
                                 DEC
                                        BC
                                                                                                                        SCF
                                                                                      53 0618 37
53 05D6 78
                                 I D
                                         A. B
                                                                                      54 0619 C9
                                                                                                                        RET
54 05D7 B1
                                  OR
                                                                                      55 061A 1A
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                               A, (DE)
                                                                                                                                               ; 8
                                         NZ, TVF3
                                  JR
55 05D8 20F2
                                                                                                                        AND
                                                                                                                               20H
                                                                                                                                               ; 9
                                                                                      56 061B E620
                                 LD
                                         HL. (CSMDT)
56 05DA 2A9911
                                                                                      57 061D 28F4
                                                                                                                        JR
                                                                                                                               Z, EDG2
                                                                                                                                               ; CSTR D5 = 1 : 10/14
57 OSDD CD2406
                                 CALL
                                        RBYTE
                                                                                      58 061F C9
                                                                                                                        RET
                                                                                                                                               : 11
                                 CP
58 05E0 BC
                                                                                      59 0620
59 05E1 208B
                                 JR
                                         NZ, RTP7
                                                                                      60 0620
                                 CALL
                                        RBYTE
60 05E3 CD2406
```

THE RESERVE TO SECTION ASSESSMENT	SB-7201 <1Z-013A> PAGE 23	04.07.83	** Z80 ASSEMBLER S	B-7201 «	(1Z-013A)	PAGE 24	04.07.83
01 0620	DEFS +4		01 065E C5		PUSH	BC	; ORG 045EH
02 0624	; ORG 0624H; RBYTE		02 065F D5		PUSH	DE	
3 0624	•		03 0660 E5		PUSH	HL	
04 0624	i		04 0661 212828		LD	HL,2828H	
5 0624	DVTC DEAD		05 0664 7B		LD		
	1 BYTE READ					A, E	- 77 - 7
6 0624	,		06 0665 FECC		CP	CCH	; 'L'
7 0624	FXIT SUMDT=STORE		07 0667 2803		JR	Z, +5	
8 0624	; CF=1 : BREAK		08 0669 211414		LD	HL,1414H	
9 0624	;		09 066C 229511		LD	(TMCNT), HL	
0 0624	; CF=0 : DATA=ACC		10 066F 0101E0		LD	BC, KEYPB	
1 0624	•		11 0672 1102E0		LD	DE, CSTR	
2 0624	RBYTE: ENT		12 0675	TM1:	ENT		
3 0624 C5	PUSH BC		13 0675 2A9511		LD	HL, (TMCNT)	
			14 0678	TM2:	ENT	TIL 4 CITICIAT /	
4 0625 D5	PUSH DE			1112 -		FROF	
5 0626 E5	PUSH HL		15 0678 CD0106		CALL	EDGE	
6 0627 210008	LD HL,0800H		16 067B 381E		JR	C, TM4	
7 062A 0101E0	LD BC,KEYPB	; KEY DATA \$E001	17 067D CD4A0A		CALL	DLY3	; CALL DLY2*3
8 062D 1102E0	LD DE, CSTR	; \$TAPE DATA \$E002	18 0680 1A		LD	A, (DE)	
9 0630	RBY1: ENT	The second secon	19 0681 E620		AND	20H	
0 0630 CD0106	CALL EDGE	; 41 OR 101	20 0683 28F0		JR	Z, TM1	
1 0633 DA5406	JP C,RBY3	; 13	21 0685 25		DEC	Н	
			22 0686 20F0				
2 0636 CD4A0A	CALL DLY3	; 20+18*63+33		Ter 6 4 Ter 5	JR	NZ, TM2	
3 0 639 1 A	LD A, (DE)	; DATA READ :8	23 0688	TM3:	ENT		
4 063A E620	AND 20H		24 0688 CD0106		CALL	EDGE	
5 063C CA4906	JP Z,RBY2		25 068B 380E		JR	C, TM4	
6 063F E5	PUSH HL		26 068D CD4A0A		CALL	DLY3	; CALL DLY2*3
7 0640 2A9711	LD HL, (SUMDT)		27 0690 1A		LD	A, (DE)	
8 0643 23	INC HL		28 0691 E620		AND	20H	
9 0644 229711	LD (SUMDT), HL		29 0693 20E0		JR	NZ, TM1	
0 0647 E1	POP HL		30 0495 2D		DEC	L	
1 0648 37	SCF		31 0696 20F0		JR	NZ,TM3	
2 0649	RBY2: ENT		32 0698 CD0106		CALL	EDGE	
3 0649 7D	LD A, L		33 069B	RET3:	ENT		
4 064A 17	RLA		34 069B	TM4:	ENT		
5 064B 6F	LD L, A		35 069B E1		POP	HL	
6 064C 25	DEC H		36 069C D1		POP	DE	
7 064D C23006	JP NZ,RBY1		37 O69D C1		POP	BC	
8 0650 CD0106	CALL EDGE		38 069E C9		RET	20	
			39 069F	**	IVE I		
9 0653 7D	LD A,L			•			
0 0654	RBY3: ENT		40 069F	;			
1 0654 E1	POP HL		41 069F	; M6	OTOR ON		
2 0455 D1	POP DE		42 069F	;			
3 0656 C1	POP BC		43 069F	,	IN D=awa	:WRITE	
4 0657 C9	RET		44 069F	;	=aRa	:READ	
5 0658	;		45 069F	; [EXIT CF=0		
6 0658			46 069F			: BREAK	
	TABE MARK BETEST		47 069F			- MINERIN	
7 0658	; TAPE MARK DETECT			MUTUR	ENT		
8 0458	;		48 069F C5		PUSH	BC	
9 0658	; E=@L@ :INFORMATION		49 06A0 D5		PUSH	DE	
0 0658	; =0S0 :DATA		50 06A1 E5		PUSH	HL	
1 0658	; EXIT CF=0 :OK		51 06A2 060A		LD	B, 10	
2 0658	; =1 :BREAK		52 06A4	MOT1:	ENT	*	
3 0658	;		53 06A4 3A02E0		LD	A, (CSTR)	
4 0458			54 06A7 E610				
	DEFS +3				AND	10H	
5 065B			55 06A9 280E		JR	Z, MOT4	
6 065B	TMARK: ENT		56 06AB	MOT2:	ENT		
7 065B	,		57 O6AB O6FF		LD	B, FFH	; 2 SEC DELAY
8 045B	; ORG 065BH		58 06AD CD9609		CALL	DLY12	7 MSEC DELAY
9 065B	•		59 06B0 1802		JR	+4	MOTOR ENTRY ADJUS
					~		

```
04.07.83
                                                                                         ** Z80 ASSEMBLER SB-7201 <1Z-013A> PAGE 26
   ** Z80 ASSEMBLER SB-7201 <1Z-013A> PAGE 25
                                                            04.07.83
                                                                                                                               Z,MST3
                                                                                      01 070A 280B
01 06B4 10F7
                                  DJNZ
                                         -7
                                                                                      02 070C
                                                                                                                        ENT
02 06B6 AF
                                  XOR
                                        A
                                                                                                                               A. 06H
                                                                                      03 070C 3E06
                                                                                                                        LD
                         MOT7:
03 06B7
                                 ENT
                                                                                      04 070E 3203E0
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                               (CSTPT) A
04 06B7 18E2
                                  JR
                                        RET3
                                                                                      05 0711 3C
                                                                                                                        INC
05 06B9
                         MOT4:
                                  ENT
                                                                                                                               (CSTPT) . A
                                                                                      06 0712 3203E0
                                                                                                                        LD
06 06B9 3E06
                                  LD
                                        A. 06H
                                                                                      07 0715 10EE
                                                                                                                        DJNZ
                                                                                                                               MST1
                                        HL, CSTPT
07 06BB 2103E0
                                  LD
                                                                                      08 0717
                                                                                                                MST3:
                                                                                                                       ENT
08 05BE 77
                                  LD
                                        (HL),A
                                                                                                                               ?RSTR1
                                                                                      09 0717 C3E60E
                                                                                                                        JP
                                  INC
09 06BF 3C
                                                                                      10 071A
                                  LD
                                         (HL) A
10 0600 77
                                                                                      11 071A
                                  DJNZ
                                        MOT1
11 06C1 10E1
                                                                                      12 071A
12 06C3 CD0900
                                  CALL
                                        NL
                                                                                      13 071A
13 06C6 7A
                                  LD
                                         A.D
                                                                                                                    CHECK SUM
                                                                                      14 071A
                                                         ; 'W'
14 06C7 FED7
                                  CP
                                        D7H
                                                                                      15 071A
15 0609 2805
                                  JR
                                        Z, MOTE
                                                                                                                          BC=SIZE
                                                                                      16 071A
                                                         ; PLAY MARK
16 06CB 11FB03
                                         DE, MSG#1
                                                                                                                          HL=DATA ADR.
                                                                                      17 071A
                                  JR
                                         MOT9
17 06CE 1807
                                                                                                                     EXIT SUMDT=STORE
                                                                                      18 071A
18 06DO
                         MOT8:
                                  ENT
                                                                                      19 071A
                                                                                                                          CSMDT=STORE
                                                         : "RECORD."
19 06D0 110204
                                  LD
                                         DE, MSG#3
                                                         : CALL MSGX
                                                                                      20 071A
                                  RST
20 06D3 DF
                                         3
                                                                                      21 071A
                                                                                                                CKSUM:
                                                                                                                       ENT
                                         DE,MSG#2
                                                         : "PLAY"
21 06D4 11FD03
                                  L.D
                                                                                      22 071A C5
                                                                                                                        PUSH
                                                                                                                               BC
22 06D7
                         MOT9:
                                  ENT
                                                                                                                        PUSH
                                                                                                                               DE
                                  RST
                                                         : CALL MSGX
                                                                                      23 071B D5
                                         3
23 06D7 DF
                                                                                      24 071C E5
                                                                                                                        PUSH
                         MOT5:
                                  ENT
24 06D8
                                                                                      25 071D 110000
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                               DE, O
                                         A, (CSTR)
25 06DB 3A02E0
                                  LD
                                                                                                                CKS1:
                                                                                                                        ENT
                                                                                      26 0720
                                  AND
                                        10H
26 06DB E610
                                                                                      27 0720 78
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                               A,B
27 06DD 20CC
                                  JR
                                         NZ,MOT2
                                                                                      28 0721 B1
                                                                                                                        OR
                                                                                                                               C
28 06DF CD320A
                                  CALL
                                        ?BRK
                                                                                                                               NZ, CKS2
                                                                                      29 0722 200B
                                                                                                                        JR
29 06E2 20F4
                                  JR
                                        NZ, MOTS
                                                                                      30 0724 EB
                                                                                                                        EX
                                                                                                                               DE, HL
30 06E4 37
                                  SCF
                                                                                                                        I D
                                                                                                                               (SUMDT) . HL
                                                                                      31 0725 229711
31 06E5 18D0
                                  JR
                                        MOT7
                                                                                      32 0728 229911
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                               (CSMDT), HL
32 06E7
                                                                                      33 072B E1
                                                                                                                        POP
                                                                                                                               HI
                               INITIAL MESSAGE
33 06E7
                                                                                      34 072C D1
                                                                                                                        POP
                                                                                                                               DE
34 06E7
                                                                                      35 072D C1
                                                                                                                        POP
                                                                                                                               BC
                                 ENT
35 06E7
                         MSG?3:
                                                                                                                        RET
                                        ** MONITOR 1Z-013A ***
                                                                                      36 072E C9
                                 DEFM
36 06E7 2A2A2020
                                                                                      37 072F
                                                                                                                CKS2:
                                                                                                                        ENT
37 06EB 4D4F4E49
                                                                                                                               A, (HL)
                                                                                      38 072F 7E
                                                                                                                        LD
38 06EF 544F5220
                                                                                                                        PUSH
                                                                                                                               BC.
                                                                                      39 0730 C5
39 06F3 315A2D30
                                                                                                                               B,+8
                                                                                      40 0731 0608
                                                                                                                        LD
40 06F7 31334120
                                                                                      41 0733
                                                                                                                CKS3:
                                                                                                                        ENT
41 06FB 202A2A
                                                                                                                        RLCA
                                                                                      42 0733 07
42 O6FE OD
                                        ODH
                                  DEFB
                                                                                                                        JR
                                                                                                                               NC,+3
                                                                                      43 0734 3001
43 O6FF
                                                                                      44 0736 13
                                                                                                                        INC
                                                                                                                               DE
44 06FF
                                                                                      45 0737 10FA
                                                                                                                        DJNZ
                                                                                                                               CKS3
45 06FF
                                  DEFS
                                        +1
                                                                                      46 0739 C1
                                                                                                                        POP
                                                                                                                               BC
46 0700
                                                                                                                               HL
                                                                                      47 073A 23
                                                                                                                        INC
47 0700
                                                                                                                               BC
                                                                                      48 073B 0B
                                                                                                                        DEC
48 0700
                          ; ORG 0700H; MSTOP
                                                                                      49 073C 18E2
                                                                                                                        JR
                                                                                                                               CKS1
49 0700
                                                                                      50 073E
50 0700
                                                                                                                    MODE SET OF KEYPORT
                                                                                      51 073E
51 0700
                            MOTOR STOP
                                                                                      52 073E
52 0700
                                                                                      53 073E
                                                                                                                ?MODE:
                                                                                                                       ENT
53 0700
                          MSTOP: ENT
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                               HL, KEYPF
                                                                                      54 073E 2103E0
54 0700 F5
                                  PUSH
                                        AF
                                                                                                                                                ; 10001010
                                                                                                                               (HL), BAH
                                                                                      55 0741 368A
                                                                                                                        LD
55 0701 C5
                                        BC
                                  PUSH
                                                                                      56 0743 3607
                                                                                                                               (HL),07H
                                                                                                                                                ; PC3=1
                                                                                                                        LD
56 0702 D5
                                  PUSH
                                        DE
                                                                                      57 0745 3605
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                               (HL),05H
                                                                                                                                                ; PC2=1
57 0703 060A
                                  LD
                                        B, 10
                                                                                                                VGOFF: ENT
                                                                                      58 0747
                         MST1:
                                 ENT
58 0705
                                                                                      59 0747
59 0705 3A02E0
                                        A. (CSTR)
                                  LD
                                                                                                                        RET
                                                                                      60 0747 C9
60 0708 E610
                                  AND
                                        1 OH
```

** ZOU HOSEMBLER SB	-7201 <1Z-013A> PAGE 27	04.07.83	** Z80 ASSEMBLER	(SB-7201 K)	1Z-013A)	PAGE 28	04.07.83
01 0748	;		01 0792 78		LD	A,B	
02 0748	;		02 0793 B1		OR	C	
03 0748	DEFS +17		03 0794 20F8		JR	NZ 3 -6	
04 0759	;		04 0796	GAP2:	ENT		
05 0759	ORG 0759H; DLY1		05 0796 CD1A0A		CALL	LONG	
06 0759			06 0799 15		DEC	D	
07 0759	107 MICRO SEC DELY		07 079A 20FA		JR	NZ, -4	
08 0759	· 107 HIGHO DEC DEET		08 079C	GAP3:	ENT	(42) -4	
9 0759	DLY1: ENT			GHP3:		CUCCT	
		. 10*01.00	09 079C CD010A		CALL	SHORT	
lo 0759 3E15	LD A, 15H	; 18*21+20	10 079F 1D		DEC	E	
11 075B 3D	DEC A		11 07A0 20FA		JR	NZ,-4	
.2 075C C25B07	JP NZ,-1		12 07A2 CD1A0A		CALL	LONG	
l3 075F C9	RET		13 07A5 D1		POP	DE	
14 0760	į		14 07A6 C1		POP	BC	
l5 07 6 0	; ORG 0760H; DLY2		15 07A7 C9		RET		
16 0760	;		16 07A8	;			
17 0760	DLY2: ENT		17 07AB	; ME	EMORY CO	DRRECTION	
18 0760 3E13	LD A,13H	; 18*19+20	18 07A8			AND MY DINE	
19 0762 3D	DEC A		19 07AB	í			
20 0763 C26207	JP NZ,-1		20 07AB	MCOR:	ENT		
21 0766 C9	RET		21 07A8 CD3D01	ricon.	CALL	HEXIY	; CRRECTION ADR.
22 0767			22 07AB	MCD1.		LEVIA	, CRRECITON ADR.
	<u>:</u>			MCR1:	ENT		
23 0767			23 07AB CDFA05		CALL	NLPHL	; COR. ADR. PRINT
24 0767	1.00 of 2.00		24 07AE CDB103		CALL	SPHEX	; ACC ⇒ ASCII DISP.
25 0767	,		25 07B1 CD2009		CALL	?PRTS	; SPACE PRINT
26 0767			·26 07B4 CD2F01		CALL	BGETL	; GET DATA & CHECK DATA
27 0767	; 1 BYTE WRITE		27 07B7 CD1004		CALL	HLHEX	; HL+ASCII(DE)
28 0767	3 III The		28 07BA 381B		JR	C, MCR3	
29 0767	WBYTE: ENT		29 07BC CDA602		CALL	. 4DE	; (INC DE) *4
30 0767 C5	PUSH BC		30 07BF 13		INC	DE	£ 150m 5m113
31 0768 0608	LD B,+8		31 07C0 CD1F04		CALL	2HEX	; DATA CHECK
32 076A CD1A0A	CALL LONG		32 07C3 38E6		JR	C. MCR1	, DATA CHECK
33 076D	WBY1: ENT		33 07C5 BE		CP		
34 076D 07	RLCA		34 07C6 20E3			(HL)	
35 076E DC1A0A	CALL C, LONG				JR	NZ, MCR1	
			35 07C8 13		INC	DE	
36 0771 D4010A	CALL NC, SHORT		36 07C9 1A		LD	A, (DE)	4
37 0774 05	DEC B		37 O7CA FEOD		CP	ODH	; NOT CORRECTION ?
38 0775 C26D07	JP NZ, WBY1		38 07CC 2806		JR	Z, MCR2	
39 0778 C1	POP BC		39 07CE CD1F04		CALL	2HEX	; ACC+HL(ASCII)
40 0779 C9	RET		40 07D1 38D8		JR	C, MCR1	
41 077A	;		41 O7D3 77		LD	(HL),A	; DATA CORRECT
42 077A			42 07D4	MCR2:	ENT		, =
43 077A	GAP + TAPEMARK		43 07D4 23		INC	HL	
44 077A			44 07D5 18D4		JR	MCR1	
45 077A	E=@L@ LONG GAP		45 07D7		011	TICITI	
46 077A	= asa short gap		46 07D7 60	MCR3:	LD	н, в	MEMORY ADR.
47 077A	· -waw andri dar		47 O7DB 69	IICK3.	LD		, MEMORY ADR.
48 077A	GAP: ENT		48 07D9 18D0			L,C	
					JR	MCR1	
19 077A C5	PUSH BC		49 O7DB	;			
50 077B D5	PUSH DE		50 07DB	;			
51 077C 7B	LD A, E		51 07DB	;			
52 077D 01F055	LD BC,55FOH		52 07DB	;			
53 0780 112828	LD DE, 2828H		53 07 DB	3			
54 0783 FECC	CP CCH	; 1L1	54 07E6		ORG	07E6H	
55 0785 CABE07	JP Z,GAP1		55 07E6	;			
56 0788 01F82A	LD BC, 2AF8H		56 07E6				
57 078B 111414	LD DE, 1414H		57 07E6				
58 078E	GAP1: ENT		58 07E6		T 1 TNIC	STATEMENT *	
59 078E CD010A	CALL SHORT		59 07E6	, 05.		. JIHIEMENI A	
60 0791 OB	DEC BC		60 07E6	:	DE - D	ATA STORE LOW	ADD
			00 0756		DE = 104	214 51116 1 114	GUB.

** Z80 ASSEMBLER SB-	-7201 <1	Z-013A	> PAGE 29	04.07.83		** Z	80 ASSEMBLER SB	-7201 <1	1Z-013A	> PAGE 30	04.07.83
04 0754			END =CR)		0.1	0833	CD500A		CALL	?SWEP	
01 07E6 02 07E6	:	**	END -CR /			0836			RET		
03 07E6	- (0837		;			
04 07E6	?GETL:	ENT				0837		,			
05 07E6 F5	:GETE*	PUSH	AF			0837			DEFS	36	
06 07E7 C5		PUSH	BC			085B		;			
07 07EB E5		PUSH	HL			085B		;			
08 07E9 D5		PUSH	DE			0858		;			
09 07EA	GETL1:		DL.		09	085B		; DRG C)85BH; G	ETL3	
10 07EA CDB309	OLILI-	CALL	??KEY	; ENTRY KEY		085B		;			
11 07ED	AUT03:	ENT	2 3 15 ton 1	y Civilli ICE			CDF302	GETL3:	CALL	. MANG	; CR
12 07ED F5	110100-	PUSH	AF	; IN KEY DATA SAVE		085E			LD	B, 40	; 1LINE
13 07EE 47		LD	B, A	•	13	0860	3009		JR	NC, GETLA	
14 07EF 3A9D11		LD	A, (SWRK)	; BELL WORK	14	0862	25		DEC	Н	; BEFORE LINE
15 07F2 0F		RRCA	,	,	15	0863	0450	GETLB:	LD	B,80	; 2 LINE
16 07F3 D47705		CALL	NC, ?BEL	; ENTRY BELL	16	0865	2E00	GETL6:	LD	L,O	
17 07F6 78		LD	A, B		17	0867	CDB40F		CALL	?PNT1	
18 07F7 217011		LD	HL, KANAF	; KANA & GRAPH FLAG	18	086A	D1		POP	DE	; STORE TOP ADR.
19 07FA E6FO		AND	FOH	,	19	084B	D5		PUSH	DE	
20 07FC FEC0		CP	COH		20	0860	7E	GETLZ:	LD	A, (HL)	
21 07FE D1		POP	DE	; Ereg=FLAGreg	21	086D	CDCEOB		CALL	?DACN	
22 07FF 78		LD	A.B		22	0870	12		LD	(DE),A	
23 0800 2016		JR	NZ,GETL2		23	0871	23		INC	HL	
24 0802 FECD		CP	CDH	; CR	24	0872	13		INC	DE	
25 0804 2855		JR	Z,GETL3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	25	0873	10F7		DJNZ	GETLZ	
26 0806 FECB		CP	CBH	; BREAK	26	0875	EB		EX	DE, HL	
27 0808 CA2208		JP	Z, GETLC		27	0876	360D	GETLU:	LD	(HL),ODH	
28 080B FECF		CP	CFH	; NIKO MARK WH.	28	0878	2B		DEC	HL	
29 OBOD 2809		JR	Z, GETL2		29	0879	7E		LD	A, (HL)	
30 080F FEC7		CP	C7H	; CRT EDITION	30	087A	FE20		CP	20H	; SPACE THEN CR
31 0811 300A		JR	NC, GETL5		31	087C		;			
32 0813 CB1B		RR	E	; CY ?	. 32	087C		,			
33 0815 78		LD	A, B		33	087C		; CR	AND NE	W LINE	
34 0816 3005		JR	NC, GETL5			087C		•			
35 0818	GETL2:	ENT	ACTOR RESIDENCE			087C	28F8		JR	Z, GETLU	
36 0818 CDB50D		CALL	?DSP			087E		;			
37 081B 18CD		JR	GETL1			087E		; NEV	LINE	RETURN	
38 081D	GETL5:	ENT				087E		;			
39 OBID CDDCOD		CALL	?DPCT	; CRT CONTROL			CDOE09	GETLR:		?LTNL	
40 0820 1808		JR	GETL1			0881			POP	DE	
41 0822	;					0882			POP	HL	
42 0822	; BR	EAK IN				0883			POP	BC	
43 0822	;					0884			POP	AF	
44 0822 E1	GETLC:	POP	HL			0885	C9		RET		
45 0823 E5		PUSH	HL			0886		;			
46 0824 361B		L.D	(HL),1BH	; BREAK CODE		0886		;			
47 0826 23		INC	HL			0886		;			
48 0827 360D		L.D	(HL),ODH			0886			DEFS	+13	
49 0829 1853		JR	GETLR			0893		;ORG OS	393H		
50 0 8 2B	; GETL	A				0893		;	OTTO STANDS TO SERVE		
51 082B	;					0893		; MES	SSAGE P	RINT	
52 082B OF	GETLA:			; CY+D7		0893		;			
53 082C 3037		JR	NC, GETL6			0893		; DE		DATA LOW ADR.	
54 082E 1833		JR	GETLB			0893		;	END=	CR	
55 0830	;					0893		į			
56 0830	3					0893		?MSG:	ENT		
57 0830	;					0893			PUSH	AF	
58 0830	; DEL	AY 7M S	SEC AND SWEP			0894			PUSH	BC	
59 0830	;					0895			PUSH	DE	
40 0830 CD9409	DSWEP:	CALL	DLY12		60	0896	14	MSG1:	LD	A, (DE)	

1 0897 FEOD	CP ODH	• 68	01 OBCA			= KEY DATA (CO	LIIMN 9. DOW
2 0899 280C	The second secon	; CR	02 08CA			= KEY DATA (CO C=DISPLAY CODE	
2 0899 280C 3 089B CD3509	JR Z,MSGX2 CALL ?PRNT		03 08CA	; EXIT		NO KEY ACC=	
4 089E 13	INC DE		04 08CA	;		Y=1 THEN ATTRI	
5 089F 18F5	JR MSG1		05 08CA	;	11 6		HIRAKANA)
6 08A1	. OK 11901		06 08CA			(SI'IHLL)	UTKHKHNH)
7 08A1			07 08CA	, ?KEY:	ENT		
9 08A1	ORG OBA1H		08 08CA C5	: 1	PUSH	BC	
9 08A1	, and vanin		09 08CB D5		PUSH	DE	
0 08A1	; ALL PRINT MESSAGE		10 08CC E5		PUSH	HL	
1 08A1	i		11 OBCD CD3008		CALL	DSWEP	DELAY AND KEY SWE
2 08A1	?MSGX: ENT		12 08D0 78		LD	A, B	DECHI HID KET SWE
3 08A1 F5	PUSH AF		13 OBD1 07		RLCA	11, 2	
4 08A2 C5	PUSH BC		14 08D2 3806		JR	C, ?KY2	
5 08A3 D5	PUSH DE		15 OBD4 3EFO		LD	A, FOH	
6 08A4 1A	MSGX1: LD A,(DE)		16 08D6	?KY1:	ENT	1191 011	
7 OBAS FEOD	CP ODH		17 08D6 E1		POP	HL	
8 08A7 CAE60E	MSGX2: JP Z,?RSTR1		18 08D7 D1		POP	DE	
9 08AA CDB90B	CALL ?ADCN		19 08D8 C1		POP	BC	
0 08AD CD6C09	CALL PRNT3		20 08D9 C9		RET	20	
1 08B0 13	INC DE		21 08DA				
2 08B1 18F1	JR MSGX1		22 08DA	?KY2:	ENT		
3 08B3			23 08DA 11EA0B		LD	DE, KTBL	NORMAL KEY TABLE
4 08B3	TOP OF KEYTBLS		24 08DD 78		LD	A, B	y Holling NET There
5 0883			25 08DE FE88		CP	88H	; BREAK IN
6 08B3 112AOC	?KYSM: LD DE,KTBLS		26 08E0 28D6		JR	Z,#BRK	,
7 0886 1842	JR ?KY5		27 08E2 2600		LD	H, O	; HL=ROW & COLUMN
8 0888	111 1111 1111		28 08E4 69		LD	L,C	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
9 0888	BREAK CODE IN		29 08E5 CB6F		BIT	5.A	; CTRL CHECK
0 0888			30 08E7 200E		JR	NZ, ?KY5-3	
1 08B8 3ECB	#BRK: LD A, CBH	; BREAK CODE	31 08E9 3A7011		LD	A, (KANAF)	; O=NR.,1=GRAPH
2 08BA B7	OR A	1.00 Indigential enterior y enterior in the district of the control of the contro	32 OBEC OF		RRCA		
3 08BB 1819	JR ?KY1		33 08ED DAFE08		JP	C, ?KYGRP	; GRAPH MODE
4 08BD	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		34 0BF0 7B		LD	A, B	; CTRL KEY CHECK
5 08BD	,		35 08F1 17		RLA		
6 08BD	; ORG OBBDH		36 0BF2 17		RLA		
7 08BD	,		37 08F3 38BE		JR	C, ?KYSM	
8 08BD	; GETKEY		38 08F5 1803		JR	?KY5	
9 08BD	;		39 08F7 11AAOC		L.D	DE, KTBLC	; CONTROL KEY TABLE
O OBBD	; NOT ECHO BACK		40 OBFA	?KY5:	ENT		
1 08BD	;		41 08FA 19		ADD	HL, DE	; TABLE
2 08BD	; EXIT: ACC=ASCII CODE		42 08FB	?KY55:	ENT		
3 08BD	1 232 12 12 12		43 OBFB 7E		LD	A, (HL)	
4 08BD	?GET: ENT		44 OBFC 18D8		JR	?KY1	
5 08BD CDCA08	CALL ?KEY	; KEY IN (DISPLAY CODE)	45 08FE	?KYGRP:	ENT		
6 08C0 D6F0	SUB FOH	; NOT KEYIN CODE	46 OBFE CB70		BIT	6,B	
7 08C2 C8	RET Z		47 0900 2807		JR	Z, ?KYGRS	
8 08C3 C6F0	ADD A, FOH		48 0902 11E90C		LD	DE,KTBLG	
9 08C5 C3CE0B	JP ?DACN	; DIAPLAY TO ASCII CODE	49 0905 19		ADD	HL, DE	
0 0808			50 0906 37		SCF		
1 0868	;		51 0907 18F2		JR	?KY55	
2 0808	DEFS +2		52 0909	,			
3 08CA	3		53 0909 116A0C	?KYGRS:		DE, KTBLGS	
4 08CA	;		54 090C 18EC		JR	?KY5	
			55 090E	;			
	•		56 090E	,			
5 OBCA	•						
5 08CA 6 08CA 7 08CA	ORG OBCAH;?KEY		57 090E	;			
6 OBCA	;ORG O8CAH;?KEY ; 1KEY INPUT		57 090E 58 090E 59 090E	; ;			

```
04.07.83
                                                                                         ** Z80 ASSEMBLER SB-7201 <1Z-013A> PAGE 34
                                                            04.07.83
   ** Z80 ASSEMBLER SB-7201 <1Z-013A> PAGE 33
                                                                                      01 0946
                                                                                                                          1 CHA.
01 090E
                                                                                                                     INPUT: C=ASCII DATA (?DSP+?DPCT)
                                                                                      02 0946
02 090E
                             NEWLINE
                                                                                      03 0946
03 090E
                                                                                      04 0946
                                                                                                                ?PRT:
                                                                                                                        ENT
04 090E
                          ?LTNL: ENT
                                                                                                                               A, C
                                                                                      05 0946 79
                                                                                                                        LD
05 090E AF
                                  XOR
                                                                                                                        CALL
                                                                                                                               PADCN
                                                                                                                                                : ASCII TO DSPLAY
                                                                                      06 0947 CDB90B
                                  LD
                                         (DPRNT) . A
                                                         : ROW POINTER
06 090F 329411
                                                                                      07 094A 4F
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                               C, A
07 0912 3ECD
                                  LD
                                         A, CDH
                                                         ; CR
                                                                                      08 094B FEF0
                                                                                                                        CP
                                                                                                                               FOH
08 0914 1843
                                  JR
                                         PRNT5
                                                                                      09 094D CB
                                                                                                                        RET
                                                                                                                                                ; ZERO=ILLEGAL DATA
                                  DEFS
                                         +2
09 0916
                                                                                                                               FOH
                                                                                                                                                : MSD CHECK
                                                                                      10 094E E6F0
                                                                                                                        AND
10 0918
                         :ORG 0918H
                                                                                                                        CP
                                                                                                                               COH
                                                                                      11 0950 FECO
11 0918
                                                                                                                        LD
                                                                                                                               A,C
                                                                                      12 0952 79
                                  ENT
12 0918
                          ?NL:
                                                                                                                               NZ PRNT3
                                                                                      13 0953 2017
                                                                                                                        JR
13 0918 3A9411
                                  LD
                                         A, (DPRNT)
                                                                                                                        CP
                                                                                                                               C7H
                                                                                      14 0955 FEC7
                                         A
14 091B B7
                                  OR
                                                                                                                        JR
                                                                                                                               NC, PRNT3
                                                                                                                                                : CRT EDITOR
                                                                                      15 0957 3013
15 091C C8
                                  RET
                                                                                                                PRNT5:
                                                                                                                        ENT
                                                                                      16 0959
16 091D 18EF
                                  JR
                                         ?LTNL
                                                                                      17 0959 CDDCOD
                                                                                                                        CALL
                                                                                                                               2DPCT
                                  DEFS
                                         +1
17 091F
                                                                                                                        CP
                                                                                                                               C3H
                                                                                      18 095C FEC3
18 0920
                          : ORG 0920H
                                                                                      19 095E 280F
                                                                                                                        JR
                                                                                                                               Z.PRNT4
19 0920
                                                                                      20 0960 FEC5
                                                                                                                        CP
                                                                                                                               C5H
                                                                                                                                                ; HOME
20 0920
                             PRINT SPACE
                                                                                      21 0962 2803
                                                                                                                        JR
                                                                                                                               Z.PRNT2
21 0920
                                                                                      22 0964 FEC6
                                                                                                                        CP
                                                                                                                               C6H
                                                                                                                                                ; CLR
                          ?PRTS: ENT
22 0920
                                                                                      23 0966 CO
                                                                                                                        RET
                                                                                                                               NZ
                                         A.20H
23 0920 3E20
                                 LD
                                                                                                                PRNT2:
                                                                                      24 0967 AF
                                                                                                                       XOR
24 0922 1811
                                  JR
                                         ?PRNT
                                                                                                                               (DPRNT), A
                                                                                      25 0968 329411
                                                                                                                        LD
25 0924
                                                                                      26 096B C9
                                                                                                                        RET
                             PRINT TAB
26 0924
                                                                                                                PRNT3:
                                                                                                                       ENT
                                                                                      27 0960
27 0924
                                                                                      28 094C CDB50D
                                                                                                                        CALL
                                                                                                                               2DSP
                         ?PRTT: ENT
28 0924
                                                                                                                               A, (DPRNT)
                                                                                                                                                ; TAB POINT+1
                                                                                      29 096F 3A9411
                                                                                                                PRNT4:
                                                                                                                        LD
                                  CALL
                                         PRNTS
29 0924 CDOCOO
                                                                                                                        INC
                                                                                      30 0972 30
                                         A. (DPRNT)
30 0927 3A9411
                                  LD
                                                                                                                        CP
                                                                                                                                +80
                                                                                      31 0973 FE50
                                  OR
                                         A
31 092A B7
                                                                                                                        JR
                                                                                                                               C, PRNT2+1
                                                                                      32 0975 38F1
32 092B C8
                                  RET
                                         Z
                                                                                                                        SUB
                                                                                                                               +80
                                                                                      33 0977 D650
33 092C D60A
                                  SUB
                                         +10
                                                                                      34 0979 18ED
                                                                                                                        JR
                                                                                                                               PRNT2+1
34 092E 38F4
                                  JR
                                         C.-10
                                                                                      35 097B
35 0930 20FA
                                  JR
                                         NZ -4
                                                                                      36 097B
                                         +3
36 0932
                                  DEFS
                                                                                      37 097B
37 0935
                          :ORG 0935H
                                                                                      38 097B
38 0935
                                                                                      39 097B
                             PRINT
39 0935
                                                                                                                    FLASSING BYPASS 1
                                                                                      40 097B
40 0935
                                                                                      41 097B
                               IN ACC = PRINT DATA (ASCII)
41 0935
                                                                                      42 097B
                                                                                                                FLAS1: ENT
42 0935
                                                                                                                               A, (FLASH)
                                                                                      43 097B 3A8E11
                                                                                                                        LD
43 0935
                          ?PRNT: ENT
                                                                                      44 097E 186F
                                                                                                                        JR
                                                                                                                               FLAS2
                                  CF
                                         ODH
                                                         ; CR
44 0935 FEOD
                                                                                      45 0980
45 0937 28D5
                                  JR
                                         Z. ?LTNL
                                                                                      46 '0980
                                                                                                                    BREAK SUBROUTINE BYPASS 1
46 0939 C5
                                  PUSH
                                         BC
                                                                                      47 0980
47 093A 4F
                                  LD
                                         C,A
                                                                                      48 0980
                                                                                                                        CTRL OR NOT KEY
                                         B, A
48 093B 47
                                  LD
                                                                                      49 0980
                                  CALL
49 093C CD4609
                                         2PRT
                                                                                      50 0980
                                                                                                                ?BRK2: 'ENT
50 093F 78
                                         A.B
                                  LD
                                                                                                                                                ; NOT OR CTRL
                                                                                      51 0980 CB6F
                                                                                                                        BIT
                                                                                                                               5, A
51 0940 C1
                                  POP
                                         BC
                                                                                                                               Z,?BRK3
                                                                                                                                                : CTRL
                                                                                      52 0982 2802
                                                                                                                        JR
                                  RET
52 0941 09
                                                                                                                                                ; NOTKEY A=7FH
                                                                                      53 0984 B7
                                                                                                                        OR
53 0942
                                                                                      54 0985 C9
                                                                                                                        RET
54 0942
                                                                                      55 0986
55 0942
                         MSGOK: ENT
                                                                                                                7BRK3:
                                                                                                                                                : CTRL D5=1
                                                                                      56 0986 3E20
                                                                                                                       LD
                                                                                                                               A, 20H
56 0942 4F4B21
                                  DEFM
                                         YOK! Y
                                                                                                                        OR
                                                                                                                                                ; ZERO FLG. CLR
                                                                                      57 0988 B7
57 0945 OD
                                  DEFR
                                         ODH
                                                                                      58 0989 37
                                                                                                                        SCF
58 '0946
                          ORG 0946H
                                                                                      59 098A C9
                                                                                                                        RET
59 0946
                                                                                      60 098B
                           PRINT ROUTINE
60 0946
```

01 098B	MSGSV: ENT		01 09C8 F5		PUSH	AF	
02 0988 46494045	DEFM 'FILENAME? '		02 09C9 BC		CP	H	; CHATER CHECK
03 098F 4E414D45			03 09CA E1		POP	HL	
04 0993 3F20			04 09CB 20EF		JR	NZ, KSL2	
05 0995 OD	DEFB ODH		05 09CD E5		PUSH	HL	
06 0996	;		06 09CE F1		POP	AF	; IN KEY DATA
07 0996	; DLY 7 MSEC		07 09CF CDF005		CALL	?LOAD	; FLSHING DATA LOAD
08 0996	,		08 09D2 E1		POP	HL	
09 0996	DLY12: ENT		09 09D3 C9		RET		
10 0996 C5	PUSH BC		10 09D4	5			
11 0997 0615	LD B,15H		11 09D4	;			
12 0999 CD4A0A	CALL DLY3		12 09D4	; CLE	AR 2		
13 099C 10FB	DJNZ -3		13 09D4	;			
14 099E C1	POP BC		14 09D4	#CLRO8:	ENT		; CY FLG.
15 099F C9	RET		15 09D4 AF		XOR	A	
16 09A0	1		16 09D5	#CLR8:	ENT		
17 09A0	1		17 09D5 01000B		LD	BC,0800H	
18 09A0	3		18 09D8	CLEAR:	ENT		; BC = CLR BYTE SIZE
19 09A0	; LOADING MESSAGE		19 09D8 D5		PUSH	DE	; A = CLR DATA
20 0940	5		20 09D9 57		LD	D, A	
21 09A0	MSG?2: ENT		21 09DA	CLEAR1:			
22 09A0 4C4F4144	DEFM 'LOADING'		22 09DA 72		LD	(HL), D	
23 09A4 494E4720			23 O9DB 23		INC	HL	
24 09A8 OD	DEFB ODH		24 09DC OB		DEC	BC	
25 09A9	1		25 09DD 78		LD	A, B	
26 09A9	•		26 O9DE B1		OR	C	
27 09A9	;		27 09DF 20F9		JR	NZ, CLEAR1	
28 09A9	; DELAY FOR LONG PULSE		28 09E1 D1		POP	DE	
29 09A9	1		29 09E2 C9		RET		
30 09A9	DLY4: ENT		30 0 9E 3	9			
31 09A9 3E59	LD A,59H	; 18*89+20	31 0 9E 3	5			
32 09AB 3D	DEC A		32 0 9E 3	5			
33 09AC C2AB09	JP NZ,−1		33 0 9E 3	;			
34 09AF C9	RET		34 09E3	; FLAS	SHING 2	2	
35 09B0	;		35 09E3	3			
36 09B0	,		36 09E3	?FLS:	ENT		
37 09B0	DEFS +3		37 09E3 F5		PUSH	AF	
39 0983	LALLES BLANCE		38 09E4 E5		PUSH	HL	
39 09B3	i de la companya de l		39 09E5 3A02E0		LD	A, (KEYPC)	
40 09B3	;ORG 09B3H;??KEY		40 09E8 07		RLCA		
41 09B3			41 09E9 07		RLCA		
42 09B3	KEY BOAD SEARCH		42 09EA 388F		JR	C,FLAS1	
43 09B3	§ DISPLAY CODE CONV.		43 09EC 3A9211		LD	A, (FLSDT)	
44 09B3	;		44 09EF	FLAS2:	ENT		
45 09B3	; EXIT A = DISPLAY CODE		45 09EF CDB10F		CALL	?PONT	; DISPLAY POSITION
46 09B3	CY= GRAPH MODE		46 09F2 77	12.000 options to	LD	(HL),A	
47 09B3	WITH CURSOR DISPLAY		47 O9F3	FLAS3#		9.00	
48 09B3	I		48 09F3 E1		POP	HL.	
49 09B3	??KEY: ENT		49 09F4 F1		POP	AF	
50 09B3 E5	PUSH HL		50 09F5 C9		RET		
51 09B4 CD920B	CALL ?SAVE		51 09F6	9			
52 09B7	KSL1: ENT	3 all a 1515 to 15	52 09F6	3			
53 09B7 CD7E05	CALL FLKEY	; KEY	53 09F6	9			
54 09BA 20FB	JR NZ,KSL1	; KEY IN THEN JUMP	54 O9F6		DEFS	+9	
55 09BC	KSL2: ENT		55 09FF	,			
56 09BC CD7E05	CALL FLKEY		56 09FF	3			
57 09BF 28FB	JR Z,KSL2	; NOT KEY IN THEN JUMP	57 09FF	ORG 098	FF ; ?F	FLAS	
58 09C1 67	LD H, A		58 09FF	1			
59 09C2 CD9609	CALL DLY12	; DELAY CHATTER	59 09FF 60 09FF 18E2	?FLAS:	ENT JR	?FLS	
60 09C5 CDCA0B	CALL ?KEY						

```
** Z80 ASSEMBLER SB-7201 <1Z-013A> PAGE 38
                                                                                                                                                 04.07.83
                                                           04.07.83
  ** Z80 ASSEMBLER SB-7201 <1Z-013A> PAGE 37
                                                                                                                       JR
                                                                                                                              NC. ?BRK1
                                                                                                                                              ; BREAK ?
                                                                                     01 0A42 3004
01 0A01
                                                                                     02 0A44 3E40
                                                                                                                       LD
                                                                                                                              A, 40H
                                                                                                                                              ; SHIFT D6=1
02 0A01
                                                                                     03 0A46 37
                                                                                                                       SCF
03 0401
                                                                                     04 0A47 C9
                                                                                                                       RET
                            SHORT AND LONG PULSE FOR 1 BIT WRITE
04 0A01
                                                                                     05 0A48
05 0A01
                                                                                     06 0A48
06 0A01
                         SHORT: ENT
                                                                                                               ?BRK1: XOR
                                                                                                                                              ; SHIFT ?
                                                                                     07 0A48 AF
                                                                                                                              A
07 0A01 F5
                                 PUSH
                                        AF
                                                        ; 12
                                                                                     08 0A49 C9
                                                                                                                       RET
08 0A02 3E03
                                 LD
                                        A. 03H
                                                         : 9
                                                                                     09 0A4A
09 0A04 3203E0
                                 LD
                                         (CSTPT) A
                                                         ; $E003 PC3=1:16
                                                                                     10 0A4A
                                                         : 20+18*21+20
10 0A07 CD5907
                                 CALL
                                        DLY1
                                                                                                                   320 U SEC DELAY
                                                                                     11 OA4A
                                 CALL
                                                         : 20+18*21+20
11 0A0A CD5907
                                        DLY1
                                                                                     12 0A4A
12 0A0D 3E02
                                 LD
                                        A,02H
                                                         ; 9
                                                                                     13 OA4A
                                                                                                               DLY3:
                                                                                                                       ENT
                                        (CSTPT) A
                                                         : $E003 PC3=0:16
13 0A0F 3203E0
                                 LD
                                                                                                                              A, 3FH
                                                                                                                                              : 18*63+33
                                                                                     14 OA4A 3E3F
                                                                                                                       LD
                                                         : 20+18*21+20
                                 CALL
                                        DLY1
14 0A12 CD5907
                                                                                     15 OA4C C36207
                                                                                                                       JĖ
                                                                                                                              0762H
                                                                                                                                               ; JP DLY2+2
                                                         ; 20+18*21+20
15 0A15 CD5907
                                 CALL
                                        DLY1
                                                                                     16 OA4F
                                                        ; 11
                                 POP
                                        AF
16 0A18 F1
                                                                                     17 OA4F
                                 RET
                                                         ; 11
17 0A19 C9
                                                                                     18 OA4F
                                                                                                                       DEFS
                                                                                                                              +1
18 0A1A
                                                                                     19 0A50
19 0A1A
                                                                                     20 0A50
20 0A1A
                         LONG:
                                 ENT
                                                                                     21 0A50
                                        AF
                                                         ; 11
21 0A1A F5
                                 PUSH
                                                                                     22 0A50
                                                                                                               ; ORG OASOH ; ?SWEP
22 0A1B 3E03
                                 LD
                                        A. 03H
                                                        ; 9
                                                                                     23 0A50
23 OA1D 3203E0
                                 LD
                                         (CSTPT), A
                                                         ; 16
                                                                                     24 0A50
                                 CALL
                                                        : 20+18*89+20
24 0A20 CDA909
                                        DLY4
                                                                                     25 0A50
                                                                                                                  KEY BOAD SWEEP
                                                        ; 9
25 0A23 3E02
                                 LD
                                        A. 02H
                                                                                     26 0A50
                                        (CSTPT), A
                                                        : 16
26 0A25 3203E0
                                 LD
                                                                                                                   EXIT B. D7=0 NO DATA
                                                                                     27 0A50
                                 CALL
                                        DLY4
                                                         ; 20+18*89+20
27 0A28 CDA909
                                                                                     28 0A50
                                                                                                                           =1 DATA
28 0A2B F1
                                 POP
                                        AF
                                                         ; 11
                                                                                     29 0A50
                                                                                                                          D6=0
                                                                                                                                SHIFT OFF
29 OA2C C9
                                 RET
                                                         ; 11
                                                                                     30 0A50
                                                                                                                            =1 SHIFT ON
30 0A2D
                                                                                                                          D5=0 CTRL OFF
                                                                                     31 0A50
31 0A2D
                                                                                     32 0A50
                                                                                                                           =1 CTRL ON
                                 DEFS
                                        +5
32 OA2D
                                                                                     33 0A50
                                                                                                                          D4=0 SHIFT+CTRL OFF
33 0A32
                                                                                                                           =1 SHIFT+CTRL ON
                                                                                     34 0A50
34 0A32
                                                                                     35 0A50
                                                                                                                          = ROW & COLOUMN
35 0A32
                         ORG 0A32H
                                                                                     36 0A50
                                                                                                                           76543210
36 0A32
                                                                                     37 0A50
                                                                                                                           * * * * * * + + + + +
37 OA32
                             BREAK KEY CHECK
                                                                                     38 0A50
38 0A32
                               AND SHIFT, CTNL KEY CHECK
                                                                                     39 0A50
                                                                                                               ?SWEP:
                                                                                                                      ENT
39 0A32
                                                                                     40 0A50 D5
                                                                                                                       PUSH
                                                                                                                              DE
                               EXIT BREAK ON : ZERO=1
40 0A32
                                                                                     41 0A51 E5
                                                                                                                       PUSH
                                                                                                                              HL
41 0A32
                                          OFF: ZERO=0
                                                                                     42 0A52 AF
                                                                                                                       XOR
                                                                                                                              A
42 0A32
                                    NO KEY : CY =0
                                                                                     43 0A53 06F8
                                                                                                                       LD
                                                                                                                              B, F8H
                                    KEY IN : CY =1
43 0A32
                                                                                     44 0A55 57
                                                                                                                       LD
                                                                                                                              D.A
                                     A D6=1 : SHIFT ON
44 0A32
                                                                                                                              7BRK
                                                                                     45 0A56 CD320A
                                                                                                                       CALL
45 OA32
                                         =0:
                                                    DEE
                                                                                                                              NZ, SWEP6
                                                                                     46 0A59 2004
                                                                                                                       JR
46 0A32
                                       D5=1 : CTRL ON
                                                                                                                              D,88H
                                                                                                                                              : BREAK ON
                                                                                     47 0A5B 1688
                                                                                                                       L.D
47 0A32
                                         =0:
                                                                                                                              SWEP9
                                                                                     48 0A5D 1814
                                                                                                                       JR
                                       D4=1 : SFT+CNT ON
48 0A32
                                                                                     49 0A5F
                                                                                                               SWEP4:
                                                                                                                       ENT
49 0A32
                                         =0
                                                                                     50 0A5F 3005
                                                                                                                       JR
                                                                                                                              NC.SWEPO
50 0A32
                                                                                     51 0A61 57
                                                                                                                       LD
                                                                                                                              D, A
                                 ENT
51 0A32
                         ?BRK:
                                                                                                                              SWEPO
                                                                                     52 0A62 1802
                                                                                                                       JR
52 0A32 3EF8
                                 LD
                                        A, F8H
                                                         ; LINE 8SWEEP
                                                                                     53 0A64
                                                                                                               SWEP01: ENT
53 0A34 3200E0
                                 LD
                                        (KEYPA), A
                                                                                     54 0A64 CBFA
                                                                                                                       SET
                                                                                                                              7,D
54 0A37 00
                                 NOF
                                                                                                               SWEPO:
                                                                                                                      FNT
                                                                                     55 0A66
55 0A38 3A01E0
                                 LD
                                        A, (KEYPB)
                                                                                     56 0A66 05
                                                                                                                       DEC
                                                                                                                              B
56 0A3B B7
                                 OR
                                                                                     57 0A67 78
                                                                                                                       LD
                                                                                                                              A,B
57 0A3C 1F
                                 RRA
                                                                                     58 0A68 3200E0
                                                                                                                              (KEYPA), A
                                                                                                                       LD
                                        C,?BRK2
                                                        ; SHIFT ?
58 0A3D DA8009
                                 JP
                                                                                     59 OA6B FEEF
                                                                                                                              EFH
                                                                                                                                               # MAP SWEEP END ?
                                                                                                                       CP
59 0A40 17
                                 RLA
                                                                                                                              NZ.SWEP3
                                                                                                                       JR
                                                                                     60 0A6D 2008
60 0A41 17
                                 RLA
```

** Z80 ASSEMBLE	R SB-7201 <1Z-013A	> PAGE 39	04.07.83	** Z80 ASSEMBLER S	BB-7201 <1Z-013A>	PAGE 40	04.07.83
O1 OA6F FEFB	CP	F8H	; BREAK KEY ROW	01 0AA9 F0	DEFB	FOH	; ^W
02 0A71 28F3	JR	Z,SWEPO		OZ OAAA FO	DEFB	FOH	ş ↑X
03 0A73	SWEP9: ENT			O3 OAAB FO	DEFB	FOH	; 1Y
04 0A73 42	LD	B, D		04 OAAC FO	DEFB	FOH	; AZ SEP.
05 0A74 E1	POP	HL		05 OAAD FO	DEFB	FOH	; ↑ [
06 0A75 D1	POP	DE		06 OAAE FO	DEFB	FOH	; 1
07 0A76 C9	RET			07 OAAF FO	DEFB	FOH	; †]
08 0A77	;			OB OABO FO	DEFB	FOH	; *^
09 0A77	SWEP3: ENT			09 0AB1 F0	DEFB	FOH	; ^ -
10 0A77 3A01E0	LD	A, (KEYPB)		10 OAB2	; 20 - 2F ;		
11 0A7A 2F	CPL			11 OAB2 OO	DEFB	OOH	; SPACE
12 0A7B B7	OR	A		12 0AB3 61	DEFB	61H	; !
13 0A7C 28E8	JR	Z,SWEPO		13 0AB4 62	DEFB	62H	; "
14 0A7E 5F	LD	E,A		14 OAB5 63	DEFB	63H	; #
15 0A7F	SWEP2: ENT			15 OAB6 64	DEFB	64H	; \$
16 0A7F 2608	LD	н, 8		16 OAB7 65	DEFB	65H	; %
17 0AB1 78	LD	A, B		17 OAB8 66	DEFB	66H	; &
18 0A82 E60F	AND	OFH		18 OAB9 67	DEFB	67H	; *
19 0AB4 07	RLCA			19 OABA 68	DEFB	68H	; (
20 0A85 07	RLCA			20 OABB 69	DEFB	69H	;)
21 0AB6 07	RLCA			21 OABC 6B	DEFB	6BH	; *
22 0A87 4F	LD	C,A		22 OABD 6A	DEFB	6AH	; +
23 OABB 7B	LD	A, E		23 OABE 2F	DEFB	2FH	; ,
24 0A89 25	DEC	Н		24 OABF 2A	DEFB	2AH	; -
25 0A8A OF	RRCA			25 OACO 2E	DEFB	2EH	, .
26 0A8B 30FC	JR	NC,-2		26 OAC1 2D	DEFB	2DH	
27 OABD 7C	LD	A, H		27 OAC2	; 30 -3F ;		
28 OA8E 81	ADD	A, C		28 OAC2 20	DEFB	20H	; 0
29 OABF 4F	LD	C, A		29 OAC3 21	DEFB	21H	1 1
30 0A90 18D2	JR	SWEP01		30 OAC4 22	DEFB	22H	, 2
31 0A92				31 OAC5 23	DEFB	23H	; 3
32 0A92	í			32 OAC6 24	DEFB	24H	; 4
33 0A92	: ASCII TO	DISPLAY CODE TABL		33 OAC7 25	DEFB	25H	, 5
34 0A92		220.2 2022 1112	, ,	34 OAC8 26	DEFB	26H	; 6
35 0A92	ATBL:			35 OAC9 27	DEFB	27H	; 7
36 0A92	; 00 - OF ;			36 OACA 28	DEFB	28H	; 8
37 0A92 FO	DEFB	FOH	; † @	37 OACB 29	DEFB	29H	, 9
3B 0A93 F0	DEFB	FOH	; †A	38 OACC 4F	DEFB	4FH	ii
39 0A94 FO	DEFB	FOH	; 1B	39 OACD 2C	DEFB	2CH	, ,
40 0A95 F3	DEFB	F3H	; +C	40 OACE 51	DEFB	51H	;
41 0A96 FO	DEFB	FOH	; 1D	41 OACF 2B	DEFB	2BH	<u> </u>
42 0A97 F5	DEFB	F5H	, 1E	42 OADO 57	DEFB	57H	; >
43 0A98 FO	DEFB	FOH	; 1F	43 OAD1 49	DEFB	49H	, ?
44 0A99 FO	DEFB	FOH	; +G	44 OAD2	; 40 - 4F ;		
45 0A9A FO	DEFB	FOH	; 1H	45 OAD2 55	DEFB	55H	; a
46 0A9B FO	DEFB	FOH	; 1 I	46 OAD3 O1	DEFB	01H	; A
47 0A9C FO	DEFB	FOH	, ^J	47 OAD4 O2	DEFB	02H	; B
48 0A9D FO	DEFB	FOH	; *K	48 OAD5 03	DEFB	03H	
49 0A9E FO	DEFB	FOH	; 1L	49 OAD6 O4	DEFB		; C
50 0A9F F0	DEFB	FOH	, 1L	50 OAD7 O5	DEFB	04H 05H	; D
51 0AA0 FO	DEFB	FOH	; **N	51 OADS 06	DEFB	05H	; E
52 0AA1 FO				52 0AD9 07			; F
53 0AA2	DEFB	FOH	; 10		DEFB	07H	; G
	; 10 - 1F	FOU	. 45	53 OADA OB	DEFB	ÓBH	; H
54 0AA2 F0	DEFB	FOH	; †P	54 OADB 09	DEFB	09H	; I
55 0AA3 C1	DEFB	C1H	; 10 CUR. DOWN	55 OADC OA	DEFB	OAH	; J
56 0AA4 C2	DEFB	C2H	; AR CUR. UP	54 OADD OB	DEFB	OBH	, K
57 0AA5 C3	DEFB	C3H	; AS CUR. RIGHT	57 OADE OC	DEFB	OCH	; L
58 0AA6 C4	DEFB	C4H	; AT CUR. LEFT	58 OADF OD	DEFB	ODH	; M
59 0AA7 C5	DEFB	C5H	; AU HOME	59 OAEO OE	DEFB	OEH	; U
60 0AA8 C6	DEFB	C6H	; TV CLEAR	60 OAE1 OF	DEFB	OFH	; 0

**. Z80 ASSEM	BLER SB-7201 <1Z	-013A> PAGE 41	04.07.83	** Z80 ASSEMBLE	ER SB-7201 <1Z-013A> PAGE 42	04.07.83
01 0AE2	; 50 -	SF :		01 OB1A B2	DEFB B2H	;
02 0AE2 10		DEFB 10H	; P	O2 OB1B B6	DEFB B6H	;
			; Q	O3 OB1C BA	DEFB BAH	;
03 0AE3 11				O4 OBID BE	DEFB BEH	ş'
04 0AE4 12		DEFB 12H	; R	05 OB1E 9F	DEFB 9FH	
05 OAE5 13		DEFB 13H	; S	06 OB1F B3	DEFB B3H	
06 0AE6 14		DEFB 14H	; T	07 0B20 B7	DEFB B7H	
07 OAE7 15		DEFB 15H	; U		DEFB BBH	ì
08 0AE8 16		DEFB 16H	; V	08 0B21 BB		
09 OAE9 17		DEFB 17H	; W	09 OB22	; 90 - 9F ;	
10 OAEA 18		DEFB 18H	; X	10 OB22 BF	DEFB BFH	,
11 OAEB 19		DEFB 19H	; Y	11 OB23 A3	DEFB A3H	;
12 OAEC 1A		DEFB 1AH	; Z	12 OB24 85	DEFB 85H	,
13 OAED 52		DEFB 52H	; C	13 OB25 A4	DEFB A4H	; `
14 QAEE 59		DEFB 59H	, \	14 OB26 A5	DEFB A5H	; ~
15 OAEF 54		DEFB 54H	;]	15 OB27 A6	DEFB A6H	;
		DEFB 50H	; ^	16 OB28 94	DEFB 94H	;
16 OAFO 50			i -	17 OB29 87	DEFB 87H	
17 OAF1 45		DEFB 45H		18 OB2A 88	DEFB 88H	
18 0AF2	; 60 -			19 OB2B 9C	DEFB 9CH	•
19 OAF2 C7		DEFB C7H	; UFO		DEFB 82H	
20 OAF3 C8		DEFB C8H		20 OB2C 82		
21 OAF4 C9		DEFB C9H		21 OB2D 98		
22 OAF5 CA		DEFB CAH		22 OB2E 84	DEFB 84H	
23 OAF6 CB		DEFB CBH		23 OB2F 92	DEFB 92H	•
24 OAF7 CC		DEFB CCH		24 OB3O 90	DEFB 90H	•
25 OAFB CD		DEFB CDH		25 OB31 B3	DEFB 83H	,
26 OAF9 CE		DEFB CEH		26 OB32	; AO - AF ;	
27 OAFA CF		DEFB CFH		27 OB32 91	DEFB 91H	;
28 OAFB DF		DEFB DFH		28 OB33 81	DEFB 81H	;
				29 OB34 9A	DEFB 9AH	;
29 OAFC E7				30 OB35 97	DEFB 97H	•
30 OAFD E8		DEFB E8H		31 OB36 93	DEFB 93H	í
31 OAFE E5		DEFB E5H			DEFB 95H	:
32 OAFF E9		DEFB E9H		32 0837 95		:
33 OBOO EC		DEFB ECH		33 OB38 89		
34 OBO1 ED		DEFB EDH		34 OB39 A1	DEFB A1H	
35 0B02	; 70 -	7F ;		35 OB3A AF	DEFB AFH	,
36 OBO2 DO		DEFB DOH		36 OB3B 8B	DEFB 8BH	,
37 OBO3 D1		DEFB D1H		37 OB3C 86	DEFB 86H	5
38 OBO4 D2		DEFB D2H		38 OB3D 96	DEFB 96H	3
39 OBO5 D3		DEFB D3H		39 OB3E A2	DEFB A2H	;
40 0B06 D4		DEFB D4H		40 OB3F AB	DEFB ABH	;
41 OBO7 D5		DEFB D5H		41 OB40 AA	DEFB AAH	
42 OBO8 D6		DEFB D6H		42 OB41 8A	DEFB 8AH	
				43 OB42	; BO - BF ;	
43 OBO9 D7				44 OB42 BE	DEFB BEH	٠.
44 OBOA D8		DEFB D8H				
45 OBOB D9		DEFB D9H		45 OB43 BO		
46 OBOC DA		DEFB DAH		46 OB44 AD	DEFB ADH	
47 OBOD DB		DEFB DBH		47 OB45 BD	DEFB 8DH	,
48 OBOE DC		DEFB DCH		48 OB46 A7	DEFB A7H	;
49 OBOF DD		DEFB DDH		49 OB47 AB	DEFB A8H	;
50 OB10 DE		DEFB DEH		50 OB48 A9	DEFB A9H	,
51 OB11 CO		DEFB COH		51 0B49 BF	DEFB 8FH	;
52 OB12		8F ;		52 OB4A 8C	DEFB 8CH	3
53 OB12 BO		DEFB BOH	; >	53 OB4B AE	DEFB AEH	,
		DEFB BDH		54 OB4C AC	DEFB ACH	
54 OB13 BD				55 OB4D 9B	DEFB 9BH	
55 OB14 9D		DEFB 9DH			DEFB AOH	
56 OB15 B1		DEFB B1H		56 OB4E AO		
57 OB16 B5		DEFB B5H		57 OB4F 99	DEFB 99H	! .
58 OB17 B9		DEFB B9H		58 OB50 BC	DEFB BCH	; {
59 OB18 B4		DEFB B4H	1	59 OB51 B8	DEFB B8H	
60 OB19 9E		DEFB 9EH		60 OB52	; CO - CF ;	

** Z80 ASSEMBLER SB-72	01 <12-0	013A>	PAGE 43		04.07.83		**	Z80 ASSEMBLER	SB-7201	<1 Z	-013A>	PAGE 44		04.07.83
01 OB52 40	DE	EFB	40H	;	1	c	1 088	B 7D			DEFB	7DH		
02 0B53 3B		EFB	3BH	,	•		2 088				DEFB	44H		
03 0B54 3A		EFB	3AH				3 OB8				DEFB	1BH		
04 OB55 70		EFB	70H				4 OB8				DEFB	58H		
05 0B56 3C		EFB	3CH				5 088				DEFB	79H		
06 OB57 71		EFB	71H				6 OB9				DEFB	42H		
07 OB58 5A	DE	EFB	5AH				7 OB9			1	DEFB	60H		
08 0B59 3D		EFB	2DH				8 089		;					
09 OB5A 43		EFB	43H				9 089		;					
10 0B5B 56		EFB	56H				O OB9		•	FLASI	HING D	ATA SAVE		
11 OB5C 3F 12 OB5D 1E		EFB	3FH				1 0B9 2 0B9		300	VE: I	CNIT			
12 OBSD 1E 13 OBSE 4A		EFB EFB	1EH 4AH					2 219211	:SH		LD	HL, FLSDT		
14 OB5F 1C		EFB	1CH					5 36EF			LD	(HL),EFH		NOMAL CURSOR
15 OB60 5D		EFB	5DH					7 3A7011			LD	A, (KANAF)	,	HOTHE CONSON
16 OB61 3E		EFB	3EH				6 OB9				RRCA	,		
17 OB62 ;	DO - DF							B 3803			JR	C, SV0-2	5	GRAPH MODE
18 0B62 5C	DE	EFB	5CH			1	8 089	D OF		1	RRCA			
19 OB63 1F	DE	EFB	1FH			1	9 OB9	E 3002			JR	NC, SVO	,	NORMAL MODE
20 0B64 5F		EFB	5FH					0 36FF			LD	(HL),FFH	,	GRAPH CURSOR
21 OB65 5E		EFB	5EH				1 OBA		SVO		ENT			
22 0866 37		EFB	37H				2 OBA				LD	A, (HL)		
23 OB67 7B		EFB	7BH				3 OBA				PUSH	AF	-	
24 0B68 7F 25 0B69 36		EFB	7FH					4 CDB10F 7 7E			CALL	?PONT	,	FLASING POSITION
25 OB67 36 26 OB6A 7A		EFB EFB	36H 7AH					8 328E11			LD LD	A,(HL) (FLASH),A		
27 OB6B 7E		EFB	7EH				7 OBA				POP	AF		
28 OBAC 33		EFB	33H					C 77			LD	(HL),A		
29 OB6D 4B		EFB	4BH				9 OBA				XOR	A		
30 OB6E 4C		EFB	4CH					E 2100E0			LD	HL, KEYPA		
31 OB6F 1D		EFB	1 DH			3	1 OBB	1 77			LD	(HL),A		
32 0B70 6C	DE	EFB	6CH			3	2 OBB	2 2F			CPL			
33 OB71 5B		EFB	5BH					3 77			LD	(HL),A		
34 OB72 ;		F ;					4 OBB				RET			
35 OB72 78		EFB	78H				5 OBB		SV1		ENT			
36 OB73 41		EFB	41H					5 3643			LD	(HL),43H	,	KANA CURSOR
37 0B74 35 38 0B75 34		EFB	35H				8 0BB	7 18E9			JR	SVO		
39 0B76 74		EFB EFB	34H 74H				9 OBB		; • 00	e opp	9H; ?AD	CN		
40 OB77 30		EFB	30H				OOBB		, OK	G ODD	7H; :HD	CN		
41 OB78 38		EFB	38H				1 OBB		- 1					
42 OB79 75		EFB	75H				2 OBB		í	ASCI	I TO D	ISPLAY CODE	CONVER	TE
43 OB7A 39	DE	EFB	39H			4	3 OBB	19	;					
44 OB7B 4D		EFB	4DH				4 OBB		,		IN A	CC:ASCII		
45 OB7C 6F		EFB	6FH				5 OBB		;	1	EXIT A	CC:DISPLAY C	ODE	
46 OB7D 6E		EFB	6EH				6 OBB		;					
47 OB7E 32		EFB	32H				7 OBB		?AD		ENT			
48 0B7F 77		EFB	77H				8 OBB				PUSH	BC		
49 0B80 76 50 0B81 72		EFB EFB	76H				9 OBB	B 21920A			PUSH	HL ATE		
51 0882	FO - FF		72H				1 OBB				LD LD	HL,ATBL C,A		
52 0882 73		EFB,	73H					F 0400			LD	B,0		
53 OBB3 47		EFB	47H				3 OBC				ADD	HL,BC		
54 OB84 7C		EFB	7CH				4 OBC				LD	A, (HL)		
55 0B85 53		EFB	53H					3 181B			JR	DACN3		
56 OB86 31		EFB	31H				6 OBC		;					
57 OB87 4E		EFB	4EH					5 5 6312E 30	VRN:	S: I	DEFM	"V1.0A"	;	VERSION MANAGEMENT
58 OB88 6D		EFB	4DH				B OBC							
59 0BB9 48 60 0BBA 46		EFB	48H				9 OBC				DEFB	ODH		
OU VDBH 40	DE	EFB	46H			E	O OBC	.в			DEFS	+3		

** Z80 ASSEMBLER SB-	-7201 <1Z-013A> PAGE 45	04.07.83	** Z80 ASSEMBLER SB	-7201 <1Z-013A)	PAGE 46	04.07.83
04 0005			01 OBFC 13	DEFB	13H	; S
01 OBCE 02 OBCE			02 OBFD 14	DEFB	14H	; T
03 OBCE	ORG OBCEH; ?DACN		03 OBFE 15	DEFB	15H	; U
04 OBCE	1		04 OBFF 16	DEFB	16H	; V
05 OBCE	; DISPLAY CODE TO ASCII CONV.	,	05 OCOO 17	DEFB	17H	; W
06 OBCE			06 0C01 18	DEFB	18H	; X
O7 OBCE	; IN ACC = DISPLAY CODE		07 OCO2	;S3 18 - 1F	,	
OB OBCE	; EXIT ACC = ASCII		08 OCO2 O9	DEFB	09H	; I
09 OBCE			09 0C03 0A	DEFB	OAH	; J
10 OBCE	?DACN: ENT		10 0C04 0B	DEFB	OBH	; K
11 OBCE C5	PUSH BC		11 OCO5 OC	DEFB DEFB	ODH	, L
12 OBCF E5	PUSH HL		12 OCO6 OD 13 OCO7 OE	DEFB	OEH	; N
13 OBDO D5	PUSH DE		14 0C08 OF	DEFB	OFH	; 0
14 OBD1 21920A	LD HL, ATBL		15 OCO9 10	DEFB	10H	, P
15 OBD4 54	LD D,H LD E,L		16 OCOA	;S4 20 - 27	:	
16 OBD5 5D	LD BC,0100H		17 OCOA 01	DEFB	01H	; A
17 OBD6 010001 18 OBD9 EDB1	CPIR		18 OCOB 02	DEFB	02H	; B
19 OBDB 2806	JR Z, DACN1		19 OCOC 03	DEFB	OZH	; C
20 OBDD 3EFO	LD A.FOH		20 OCOD 04	DEFB	04H	; D
21 OBDF	DACN2: ENT		21 OCOE 05	DEFB	05H	; E
22 OBDF D1	POP DE		22 OCOF 06	DEFB	06H	; F
23 OBEO	DACN3: ENT		23 0010 07	DEFB	07H	; G
24 OBEO E1	POP HL		24 OC11 O8	DEFB	08H	; H
25 OBE1 C1	POP BC			;S5 28 - 2F		
26 OBE2 C9	RET		26 OC12 21	DEFB	21H	; 1
27 OBE3			27 OC13 22	DEFB	22H	; 2
28 OBE3	DACN1: ENT		28 OC14 23	DEFB	23H	; 3
29 OBE3 B7	OR A		29 OC15 24	DEFB	24H	; 4
30 OBE4 2B	DEC HL		30 OC16 25	DEFB	25H	; 5
31 OBE5 ED52	SBC HL, DE		31 0017 26	DEFB DEFB	26H 27H	; 6 ; 7
32 OBE7 7D	LD A,L		32 0C18 27	DEFB	28H	; 8
33 OBE8 18F5	JR DACN2		33 OC19 28 34 OC1A	;S6 30 - 37	201	, 0
34 OBEA			35 OC1A 59	DEFB	, 59H	; \
35 OBEA			36 OC1B 50	DEFB	50H	• 1
36 OBEA	KEY MATRIX TO DISPLAY CODE 1	ADI	37 OC1C 2A	DEFB	2AH	i -
37 OBEA 38 OBEA	KEY MATRIX TO DISPLAY CODE I	HDL	38 OC1D OO	DEFB	оон	; SPACE
39 OBEA	KTBL: ENT		39 OC1E 20	DEFB	20H	; 0
40 OBEA	;SO 00 - 07 ;		40 OC1F 29	DEFB	29H	; 9
41 OBEA BF		SPARE	41 OC2O 2F	DEFB	2FH	; ,
42 OBEB CA		GRAPH	42 OC21 2E	DEFB	2EH	
43 OBEC 58		+	43 OC22		;	
44 OBED C9	DEFB C9H ;	ALPHA	44 OC22 C8	DEFB	C8H	; INST.
45 OBEE FO	DEFB FOH ;	NO	45 OC23 C7	DEFB	C7H	; DEL.
46 OBEF 2C		•	46 OÇ24 C2	DEFB	C2H	; CURSOR UP
47 OBFO 4F		•	47 OC25 C1	DEFB	C1H	; CURSOR DOWN
48 OBF1 CD		CR	48 0C26 C3	DEFB	C3H	; CURSOR RIGHT
49 OBF2	;S1 08 - OF ;		49 OC27 C4	DEFB	C4H	; CURSOR LEFT
50 OBF2 19		Y	50 OC28 49 51 OC29 2D	DEFB DEFB	49H 2DH	; ? ; /
51 OBF3 1A		Z	51 0C24 2D 52 0C2A		200	, ,
52 OBF4 55		a -	52 0C2A 53 0C2A	; ; KTBL SHIFT	T ON	
53 OBF5 52		[]	54 OC2A	, KIDL SHIFT		
54 OBF6 54		NULL	55 OC2A	KTBLS: ENT		
55 OBF7 F0 56 OBF8 F0		NULL	56 OC2A	;SO 00-07		
57 OBF9 FO		NULL	57 OC2A BF	DEFB	BFH	; SPARE
58 OBFA	;S2 0 - 17 ;		58 OC2B CA	DEFB	CAH	; GRAPH
59 OBFA 11		Q	59 OC2C 1B	DEFB	1BH	; POND
60 OBFB 12		R	60 OC2D C9	DEFB	C9H	; ALPHA

** Z80 ASSEMBLER SB-	-7201	<1Z-013A>	PAGE 47	04.07.83	** Z80 ASSEMBLER	SB-7201	<1Z-013A>	PAGE 48	04.07.83
01 OC2E FO		DEFB	FOH	; NO	01 0063 05		DEFB	C5H	. HOME
02 0C2F 6A		DEFB	6AH	; +	02 0C64 C2		DEFB	C2H	; CURSOR UP
03 OC30 4B		DEFB	6BH	; *	03 OC65 C1		DEFB	C1H	; CURSOR DOWN
04 OC31 CD		DEFB	CDH	; CR	04 0C66 C 3		DEFB	C3H	; CURSOR RIGHT
	;S1	08-0F			05 OC67 C4		DEFB	C4H	; CURSOR LEFT
06 0032 99		DEFB	99H	; y	06 0C68 5A		DEFB	5AH	; ⇔
07 0C33 9A		DEFB	9AH	; z	O7 OC69 45		DEFB	45H	; ⇔
08 0C34 A4		DEFB	A4H	; >	08 0C6A	5			
09 0C35 BC		DEFB	BCH	; (09 OC6A		GRAPHIC		
10 0036 40		DEFB	40H	; }	10 OC6A	,			
11 0C37 F0		DEFB	FOH	NULL	11 OC6A		GS: ENT		
12 0C38 F0		DEFB	FOH	; NULL	12 OC6A	; SO	00-07	Name and the	10 - 40 per 200 (September 10)
13 0C39 F0		DEFB	FOH	; NULL	13 OC6A BF		DEFB	BFH	; SPARE
14 OC3A	,52	10-17	5411	-	14 OC6B FO		DEFB	FOH	; GRAPH BUT NULL
15 OC3A 91		DEFB	91H	; 9	15 OC6C E5		DEFB	E5H	; #↓
16 OC3B 92		DEFB	92H	ŗ	16 OC6D C9		DEFB	C9H	: ALPHA
17 OC3C 93 18 OC3D 94		DEFB	93H	; s	17 OC6E FO		DEFB	FOH	, NO
19 OC3E 95		DEFB DEFB	94H 95H	; t	18 OC6F 42 19 OC7O B6		DEFB	42H	; #;
20 0C3F 96			96H	; u			DEFB	B6H	; #:
20 0C3F 78 21 0C40 97		DEFB DEFB	97H	; v	20 OC71 CD		DEFB	CDH	; CR
22 0041 98		DEFB	98H	; w	21 0C72 22 0C72 75	; S1		7511	- 1137
23 0042	• 63	18-1F	7011	; ×	22 0C/2 /3 23 0C/3 76		DEFB DEFB	75H	; #Y
24 OC42 89	, 00	DEFB	89H	; i	24 OC74 B2		DEFB	76H B2H	; #Z
25 OC43 BA		DEFB	8AH		25 OC75 DB				; #a
26 OC44 8B		DEFB	8BH	j j	26 0C76 4E		DEFB DEFB	DBH	\$ #C
27 OC45 BC		DEFB	8CH	; 1	27 0C77 F0			4EH FOH	; #]
28 OC46 8D		DEFB	8DH	, 1 ; m	28 0C78 F0		DEFB DEFB	FOH	; #NULL-
29 OC47 BE		DEFB	8EH	in	29 0C79 F0		DEFB	FOH	; #NULL
30 OC48 8F		DEFB	8FH	; 0	30 OC7A	. 62	10-17	FOR	; #NULL
31 OC49 90		DEFB	90H	i P	31 0C7A 3C	, 32	DEFB	зсн	; #Q
	; 54		7.011	, ,	32 OC7B 30		DEFB	30H	, #0.
33 OC4A B1	,	DEFB	81H	; a	33 OC7C 44		DEFB	44H	, #C
34 OC4B 82		DEFB	82H	i b	34 OC7D 71		DEFB	71H	, #3 ; #T
35 OC4C 83		DEFB	83H	; c	35 OC7E 79		DEFB	79H	; #U
36 OC4D 84		DEFB	84H	i d	36 OC7F DA		DEFB	DAH	; #V
37 OC4E 85		DEFB	85H	; e	37 OCBO 3B		DEFB	38H	; #W
38 OC4F 86		DEFB	84H	; f	38 OC81 6D		DEFB	6DH	; #X
39 OC50 87		DEFB	87H	i g	39 OC82	: 53	18-1F	OD!!	,
40 OC51 88		DEFB	88H	i ĥ	40 OC82 7D	,00	DEFB	7DH	; #I
41 OC52	; S5	28-2F			41 OC83 5C		DEFB	5CH	; #J
42 OC52 61		DEFB	61H	; !	42 OC84 5B		DEFB	5BH	; #K
43 0053 62		DEFB	62H	; "	43 OC85 B4		DEFB	B4H	; #L
44 OC54 63		DEFB	63H	; #	44 OC86 1C		DEFB	1CH	; #M
45 OC55 64		DEFB	64H	; \$	45 OCB7 32		DEFB	32H	; #N
46 OC56 65		DEFB	65H	; %	46 OC88 BO		DEFB	вон	; #0
47 OC57 66		DEFB	66H	; &	47 OCB9 D6		DEFB	D6H	; #P
48 OC58 67		DEFB	67H	; 2	48 OC8A	; 54	20-27		
49 OC59 68		DEFB	68H	; (49 OCBA 53		DEFB	53H ·	; #A
50 OC5A	; 56	30-37			50 OC8B 6F		DEFB	6FH	; #B
51 OC5A 80		DEFB	вон	; \	51 OCBC DE		DEFB	DEH	; #C
52 OC5B A5		DEFB	A5H	; POND MARK	52 OC8D 47		DEFB	47H	; #D
53 OC5C 2B		DEFB	2BH	; YEN	53 OCBE 34		DEFB	34H	; #E
54 OC5D OO		DEFB	ООН	; SPACE	54 OC8F 4A		DEFB	4AH	; #F
55 OC5E 60		DEFB	60H	; π'	55 OC90 4B		DEFB	4BH	; #G
54 OCSF 49		DEFB	69H	;)	56 0091 72		DEFB	72H	; #H
57 0060 51		DEFB	51H	1 <	57 OC92	; S5			
58 0C61 57		DEFB	57H	; >	58 0092 37		DEFB	37H	; #1
59 0062	; S7	38-3F			59 0C93 3E		DEFB	3EH	; #2
60 0C62 C6		DEFB	C6H	; CLR	60 0C94 7F		DEFB	7FH	; #3

** Z80 ASSEMBLER SB-	7201 <1	Z-013A	PAGE 49	04	.07.83		** Z80	ASSEMBLER SI	B-7201 ·	(1Z-013A>	PAGE 50		04.0	07.83
01 0C95 7B		DEFB	7BH	; #4		01	OCC7 FO			DEFB	FOH	; 1	N F	E
02 0C96 3A		DEFB	3AH	; #5		02	occs Fo			DEFB	FOH	; 1	0 F	FF
03 OC97 5E		DEFB	5EH	; #6			OCC9 FO			DEFB	FOH	; 1	PE	EO
04 0C98 1F		DEFB	1FH	; #7		04	OCCA		;54	20-27				
05 OC99 BD		DEFB	BDH	; #8		05	OCCA FO			DEFB	FOH	; 1		-1
06 OC9A	; S6 3	50-3F				06	OCCB FO			DEFB	FOH	; 1		-2
07 OC9A D4		DEFB	D4H	; #YE	N	07	OCCC FO			DEFB	FOH	; 1		-3
08 OC9B 9E		DEFB	9EH	; #+			OCCD FO			DEFB	FOH	; 1		=4
09 009C D2		DEFB	D2H	; #-			OCCE FO			DEFB	FOH	; 1		-5
10 OC9D 00		DEFB	оон	; SPA	CE		OCCF FO			DEFB	FOH	; 1		-6
11 OC9E 9C		DEFB	9CH	; #0			OCDO FO			DEFB	FOH	; 1		7
12 OC9F A1		DEFB	A1H	; #9			OCD1 FO			DEFB	FOH	; 1	H F	-8
13 OCAO CA		DEFB	CAH	; #,			OCD2		; S5 ⁻	28-2F	Earl			
14 OCA1 B8		DEFB	B8H	; #.			OCD2 FO			DEFB	FOH			
15 OCA2	; 57	38-3F					OCD3 FO			DEFB	FOH FOH			
16 OCA2 C8		DEFB	C8H	; INS			OCD4 FO			DEFB	FOH			
17 OCA3 C7		DEFB	C7H	; DEL			OCD5 FO			DEFB	FOH			
18 OCA4 C2		DEFB	C2H		SOR UP		OCD6 FO			DEFB	FOH			
19 OCA5 C1		DEFB	C1H		SOR DOWN SOR RIGHT		OCD7 FO			DEFB	FOH			
20 OCA6 C3		DEFB	C3H C4H		SOR LEFT		OCD9 FO			DEFB	FOH			
21 OCA7 C4		DEFB	BAH		SOR LEFT		OCDA FO		; 56	30-37	1 011			
22 OCAB BA		DEFB DEFB	DBH	; #? ; #/			OCDA FO		, 30	DEFB	FOH	: 1	YEN	E6
23 OCA9 DB		DEFE	DBN	, 17			OCDB FO			DEFB	FOH	, ,		
24 OCAA 25 OCAA	; CON	TROL CO	DE				OCDC FO			DEFB	FOH			
26 OCAA	,	ALKOL CO	JDL.				OCDD FO			DEFB	FOH			
27 OCAA	KTBLC:	ENT					OCDE FO			DEFB	FOH			
28 OCAA	; SO	00-071	J				OCDF FO			DEFB	FOH	; 1	, EF	= 1
29 OCAA FO	, 00	DEFB	FOH	;			OCEO FO			DEFB	FOH			
30 OCAB FO		DEFB	FOH	1			OCE1		; 57	38-	-3F			
31 OCAC FO		DEFB	FOH	; ↑			OCE1 FO			DEFB	FOH			
32 OCAD FO		DEFB	FOH				OCE2 FO			DEFB	FOH			
33 OCAE FO		DEFB	FOH			33	OCE3 FO			DEFB	FOH			
34 OCAF FO		DEFB	FOH			34	OCE4 FO			DEFB	FOH			
35 OCBO FO		DEFB	FOH			35	OCE5 FO			DEFB	FOH			
36 OCB1 FO		DEFB	FOH				OCE6 FO			DEFB	FOH			
37 OCB2	;S1	08-0F					OCE7 FO			DEFB	FOH			
38 OCB2 FO		DEFB	FOH	; 1Y	E3		OCE8 FO			DEFB	FOH	; 1	/ EE	
39 OCB3 5A		DEFB	5AH	; ^Z	E4 (CHECKER)		OCE9		•					
40 OCB4 FO		DEFB	FOH	; ^a			OCE9			ANA				
41 OCB5 FO		DEFB	FOH-	; ^ C	E5		OCE9		;	ENT				
42 OCB6 FO		DEFB	FOH	; 13	E7		OCE9		KTBLG	ENT OO-	07			
43 OCB7 FO		DEFB	FOH FOH				OCE9 BF		;50	DEFB	BFH		PARE	
44 OCB8 FO		DEFB DEFB	FOH				OCEA FO			DEFB	FOH			BUT NULL
45 OCB9 FO 46 OCBA	; 52	10-17	FOR				OCEB CF			DEFB	CFH		IIKO	
47 OCBA C1	, 52	DEFB	C1H	; +Q			OCEC C9			DEFB	C9H		LPHA	
48 OCBB C2		DEFB	C2H	; 1R			OCED FO			DEFB	FOH	; N		
49 OCBC C3		DEFB	C3H	; 1S			OCEE B5			DEFB	B5H	i N		
50 OCBD C4		DEFB	C4H	; AT			OCEF 4D			DEFB	4DH	; I	AKU	TEN
51 OCBE C5		DEFB	C5H	; † U			OCFO CD			DEFB	CDH	; (
52 OCBF C6		DEFB	C6H	; +V			OCF1		;51	08-	-oF			
53 OCCO FO		DEFB	FOH	; AW	E1		OCF1 35			DEFB	35H	; F	IA	
54 OCC1 FO		DEFB	FOH	; +X	E2		OCF2 77			DEFB	77H	; 7	Α	
55 OCC2	;53	18-1F					OCF3 D7			DEFB	D7H	; 6		
56 OCC2 FO		DEFB	FOH	;	F9	56	OCF4 B3			DEFB	взн	; Y		
57 OCC3 FO		DEFB	FOH	; † J	FA	57	OCF5 B7			DEFB	B7H	; F	IANDA	4KU
58 OCC4 FO		DEFB	FOH	; 1K	FB		0CF6 F0			DEFB	FOH			
59 OCC5 FO		DEFB	FOH	; ^L	FC		0CF7 F0			DEFB	FOH			
60 OCC6 FO		DEFB	FOH	; +M	FD	60	OCF8 FO			DEFB	FOH			

** Z80 ASSEMBLER SB	3-7201	<1Z-013A> PAGE 51	04.07.83		**	Z80 ASSEMBLER	R SB-7201	<1Z-013A	PAGE 52	04.07.83
01 OCF9	;52	10-17		01	onac	CDA602		CALL	.4DE	
02 OCF9 7C	,	DEFB 7CH	s KA		OD2F			PUSH	HL	
03 OCFA 70		DEFB 70H	; KE			CD1004		CALL	HLHEX	; END ADR.
04 OCFB 41		DEFB 41H	SHI		OD33			POP	DE	, LIE TIDICE
05 OCFC 31		DEFB 31H	; KO	05	OD34	3852		JR	C, DUM1	; DATA ER. THEN
06 OCFD 39		DEFB 39H	; HI	06	OD36	EB		EX	DE HL	
07 OCFE A6		DEFB A6H	; TE	07	OD37	0608	DUM3:	LD	B,08H	; DISP 8BYTES
08 OCFF 78		DEFB 78H	; KI	08	OD39	0E17		LD	C,23	; CHA. PRINT BIAS
09 ODOO DD	100000000	DEFB DDH	; CHI			CDFA05		CALL	NLPHL	; NEWLINE PRINT
10 0D01	; 53	18-1F	3 L.			CDB103	DUM2:	CALL	SPHEX	; SP. PRT.+ACC PRT.
11 ODO1 3D 12 ODO2 5D		DEFB 3DH	; FU		OD41			INC	HL	
12 0D02 3D 13 0D03 6C		DEFB 5DH DEFB 6CH	; MI		OD42			PUSH	AF	
13 0D03 8C 14 0D04 56		DEFB 6CH DEFB 56H	; MU ; ME			3A7111		LD	A, (DSPXY)	; DISPLAY POINT
15 ODO5 1D		DEFB 1DH	; RHI		OD46			ADD	A,C	- V AVTS V.S
16 ODO6 33		DEFB 33H	; RA		OD4A	327111		LD POP	(DSPXY),A AF	; X AXIS.=X+Creg
17 ODO7 D5		DEFB D5H	; HE			FE20		CP	90H	
18 ODO8 B1		DEFB B1H	; HO			3002		JR	NC,+4	
19 ODO9	:54	20-27	,			3E2E		LD	A, 2EH	;
20 0D09 46		DEFB 46H	# SA			CDB90B		CALL	?ADCN	ASCII TO DSPLAY CODE
21 ODOA 6E		DEFB 6EH	; TO			CD6C09		CALL	PRNT3	, Hoorr to bot Eith Cobe
22 ODOB D9		DEFB D9H	; THU	22	OD57	3A7111		LD	A, (DSPXY)	
23 ODOC 48		DEFB 48H	; SU	23	OD5A	OC		INC	С	
24 ODOD 74		DEFB 74H	; KU		OD5B			SUB	C	# ASCII DSP POSITION
25 ODOE 43		DEFB 43H	; SE			327111		LD	(DSPXY), A	
26 ODOF 4C		DEFB 4CH	; SO		OD5F			DEC	C	
27 OD10 73	100 Care 100	DEFB 73H	; MA		0090			DEC	С	
28 OD11	; S5	28-2F			OD61			DEC	С	
29 OD11 3F 30 OD12 36		DEFB 3FH	; A		OD62			PUSH	HL	
31 OD13 7E		DEFB 36H DEFB 7EH	; I ; U		OD65	ED52		SBC	HL, DE	
32 OD14 3B		DEFB 3BH	, 0 ! E			281D		POP JR	HL Z,DUM1-3	
33 OD15 7A		DEFB 7AH	; 0			3EF8		LD	A, F8H	
34 OD16 1E		DEFB 1EH	, NA			3200E0		LD	(KEYPA),A	
35 OD17 5F		DEFB 5FH	NI		OD6D			NOP	ARED HATT	
36 OD18 A2		DEFB A2H	NU			3A01E0		L.D	A, (KEYPB)	
37 OD19	;56	30-37	,			FEFE		CP	FEH	SHIFT KEY ?
38 OD19 D3		DEFB D3H	; YO			2003		JR	NZ,+5	, 20121 1 1021 .
39 OD1A 9F		DEFB 9FH	; YU			CDA60D		CALL	?BLNK	64MSEC DELAY
40 OD1B D1		DEFB D1H	; YA	40	OD78	3 10C4		DJNZ	DUM2	
41 OD1C OO		DEFB OOH	; SPACE			CDCA08		CALL	?KEY	; STOP DISP
42 OD1D 9D		DEFB 9DH	; NO		OD7D			OR	A	
43 OD1E A3		DEFB A3H	; NE			28FA		JR	Z,-4	; SPACE KEY THEN STOP
44 OD1F DO 45 OD2O B9		DEFB DOH	; RU			CD320A		CALL	?BRK	# BREAK IN ?
45 OD20 B9 46 OD21	\$ 57	DEFB B9H	; RE			20B2		JR	NZ, DUM3	
47 OD21 C6	, 3/	38-3F DEFB C6H	; ?CLR ®			5 C3AD00		JP	ST1	COMMAND IN !
48 OD22 C5		DEFB C5H	; ?HOME @		ODSB	3 21A000	DUM1:	LD	HL,160	; 20*8 BYTE
49 OD23 C2		DEFB C2H	; ?CURSOR UP			18A8		ADD JR	HL,DE DUM3-1	
50 OD24 C1		DEFB C1H	CURSOR DOWN		ODSE			JK	D0H3-1	
51 OD25 C3		DEFB C3H	; ?CURSOR RIGHT		ODBE		;			
52 OD26 C4		DEFB C4H	; ?CURSOR LEFT		OD8E		;			
53 OD27 BB		DEFB BBH	DASH		OD8E		,			
54 OD28 BE		DEFB BEH	; R0		OD8E			DEFS	+24	
55 OD29	5				ODA6		;		COLOR STATE	
56 OD29	;	MEMORY DUMP			ODA6		,			
57 OD29	3	COMMAND (D)			ODA6		,			
58 OD29	\$ 5	ENT			ODA6		;ORG (DDA6H;?BL	.NK	
59 OD29 60 OD29 CD3D01	DUMP:				ODA6		;			
GO 0027 GD3D01		CALL HEXIY	; START ADR.	60	ODA6		;			

** Z80 ASSEMBLER	SB-7201 <1Z-013A> PAGE 53	04.07.83	** Z80 ASSEMBLER	SB-7201 <1Z	-013A> PAGE 54	04.07.83
01 ODA6	; V-BLANK CHECK ;		O1 ODDC	,		
02 ODA6	;		O2 ODDC	;		
03 ODA6	?BLNK: ENT		O3 ODDC	; DISP	LAY CONTROL ;	
04 ODA6 F5	PUSH AF		O4 ODDC	;		
05 ODA7 3A02E0	LD A, (KEYPC)	; V-BLNK	O5 ODDC	; ACI	C = CONTROL CODE	
06 ODAA 07	RLCA		O6 ODDC	;		
O7 ODAB SOFA	JR NC,-4		O7 ODDC	?DPCT: I	ENT	
OB ODAD SAOSEO	LD A, (KEYPC)		OB ODDC F5		PUSH AF	
09 ODBO 07	RLCA		09 ODDD C5		PUSH BC	
10 ODB1 38FA	JR C,-4		10 ODDE D5		PUSH DE	
11 ODB1 38FH	POP AF		11 ODDF E5		PUSH HL	
	RET		12 ODEO 47		LD B, A	
12 ODB4 C9	, KEI		13 ODE1 E6F0		AND FOH	
13 ODB5	ODC ADDEH ODCO		14 ODE3 FECO		CP COH	
14 ODB5	;ORG ODB5H;?DSP		15 ODE5 201B		JR NZ, CURSS	
15 ODB5	•		16 ODE7 A8		XOR B	
16 ODB5			17 ODEB 07		RLCA	
17 ODB5	•		18 ODE9 4F		LD C,A	
18 ODB5	; DISPLAY ON POINTER ;		19 ODEA 0600		LD B,+0	
19 ODB5	,		20 ODEC 21AAOE		LD HL,CTBL	; PAGE MODE1
20 ODB5	; ACC = DISPLAY CODE				ADD HL, BC	, moe moder
21 ODB5	; EXCEPT FOH		21 ODEF 09		LD E, (HL)	
22 ODB5	•		22 ODFO 5E		INC HL	
23 ODB5	?DSP: ENT		23 ODF1 23			
24 ODB5 F5	PUSH AF		24 ODF2 56		LD D, (HL)	
25 ODB6 C5	PUSH BC		25 ODF3 2A7111		LD HL, (DSPXY)	
26 ODB7 D5	PUSH DE		26 ODF6 EB		EX DE, HL	
27 ODB8 E5	PUSH HL		27 ODF7 E9		JP (HL)	
28 ODB9	DSP01: ENT		28 ODF8	;		
29 ODB9 CDB10F	CALL ?PONT	; DSPLAY POSITION	29 ODF8	;		
30 ODBC 77	LD (HL),A		30 ODF8	,		
31 ODBD 2A7111	LD HL, (DSPXY)		31 ODF8	CURSD:	ENT	
32 ODCO 7D	LD A.L		32 ODF8 EB		EX DE, HL	; LD HL, (DSPXY)
33 ODC1 FE27	CP +39		33 ODF9 7C		LD A,H	
34 ODC3 200B	JR NZ, DSP04		34 ODFA FE18		CP +24	
35 ODC5 CDF302	CALL .MANG		35 ODFC 2825		JR Z,CURS4	
36 ODC8 3806	JR C,DSP04		36 ODFE 24		INC H	
37 ODCA EB	EX DE, HL		37 ODFF		ENT	
	LD (HL),+1	; LOGICAL 1ST COLUMN	38 ODFF			
38 ODCB 3601 39 ODCD 23	INC HL	, LOGICAL IST COLOTIN	39 ODFF			
40 ODCE 3600	LD (HL),0	; LOGICAL 2ND COLUMN	40 ODFF			
		, LOGICAL ZND COLONIN	41 ODFF	CURS3: I	ENT	
41 ODDO	DSP04: ENT	; CURSL	42 ODFF 227111		LD (DSPXY), HL	
42 ODDO 3EC3	LD A, C3H	, CORDL	43 0E02 C3E50E		JP ?RSTR	
43 ODD2 180C	JR ?DPCT+4		44 0E05	:		
44 ODD4			45 0E05	CURSU: I	ENT	
45 ODD4			46 0E05 EB		EX DE, HL	; LD HL, (DSPXY)
46 ODD4	•		47 0E06 7C		LD A,H	
47 ODD4	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				DR A	
48 ODD4	; GRAPHIC STATUS CHECK		48 OEO7 B7		JR Z,CURS5	
49 ODD4	•		49 0E08 28F8		DEC H	
50 ODD4 3A7011	GRSTAS: LD A, (KANAF)		50 OEOA 25			
51 ODD7 FE01	CP 01H		51 OEOB	CURSU1: I		
52 ODD9 3ECA	LD A, CAH		52 0E0B 18F2		JR CURS3	
53 ODDB C9	RET		53 OEOD		ENT	- In III (non
54 ODDC			54 OEOD EB		EX DE, HL	; LD HL, (DSPXY)
55 ODDC			55 OEOE 7D		LD A,L	
56 ODDC	1		56 OEOF FE27		CP +39	
57 ODDC			57 OE11 3003		JR NC, CURS2	
58 ODDC			58 0E13 2C		INC L	
59 ODDC			59 OE14 18E9		JR CURS3	
60 ODDC	;ORG ODDCH;?DPCT		60 0E16	CURS2: I	ENT	

** Z80 ASSEMBLER	SB-7201 <1	Z-013A	PAGE 55	04.07.83	** Z80 ASSEMBLER	R SB-7201	<1Z-013A>	PAGE 56	04.07.83
01 0E16 2E00		LD	L,+0		O1 OE77 EDBO		LDIR		
02 0E18 24		INC	Н		02 0E79 C1		POP	BC	
03 0E19 7C		LD	A, H		03 OE7A D5		PUSH	DE	
04 0E1A FE19		CP	+25		04 OE7B 1100D8		LD	DE,SCRN+800H	; COLOR RAM SCROLL
05 0E1C 38E1		JR	C, CURS1		05 OE7E 2128D8		LD	HL, SCRN+828H	; SCROLL TOP + 40
06 0E1E 2618		LD	H. +24		O6 OE81 EDBO		LDIR	,	, bortocc for the
07 0E20 227111		LD	(DSPXY), HL		07 OE83 0628		LD	B, 40	; ONE LINE
08 0E23	CURS4:	ENT			08 0E85 EB		EX	DE, HL	,
09 0E23 1848		JR	SCROL		09 0E86 3E71		LD	A,71H	; COLOR RAM INITIAL DATA
10 0E25	;				10 OE88 CDDDOF		CALL	?DINT	, occor in the little billing
11 0E25	CURSL:	ENT			11 OE8B E1		POP	HL	
12 0E25 EB		EX	DE.HL	; LD HL, (DSPXY)	12 OE8C 0628		LD	B, 40	
13 OE26 7D		LD	A,L	, ,,,,,,	13 OEBE CDDBOF		CALL	?CLER	; LAST LINE CLEAR
14 OE27 B7		OR	A		14 OE91 011A00		LD	BC, 26	ROW NUMBER +1
15 0E28 2803		JR	Z,+5		15 OE94 117311		LD	DE, MANG	LOGICAL MANAGEMENT
16 OE2A 2D		DEC	L		16 0E97 217411		LD	HL, MANG+1	, LOUICHE MANDEMENT
17 OE2B 18D2		JR	CURS3		17 OE9A EDBO		LDIR	TIE TITATO . I	
18 OE2D 2E27		LD	L,+39		18 OE9C 3600		LD	(HL),0	
19 0E2F 25		DEC	Н		19 OE9E 3A7311		LD	A, (MANG)	
20 0E30 F20B0E		JP	P, CURSU1		20 OEA1 B7		OR	A	
21 0E33 2600		LD	H, O		21 OEA2 2841		JR	Z,?RSTR	
22 OE35 227111		LD	(DSPXY), HL		22 OEA4 217211		LD	HL, DSPXY+1	
23 OE38 18C8		JR	CURS5		23 OEA7 35		DEC	(HL)	
24 0E3A		011	0000		24 OEA8 18C3		JR	SCROL	
25 0E3A	CLRS:	ENT			25 OEAA	;	017	SCHOL	
26 0E3A 217311	OLINO-	LD	HL, MANG		26 OEAA	;	CONTROL C	ODE TABLE	
27 OE3D 061B		LD	B, 27		27 OEAA		CONTINUE C	ODE INDEE	
28 OE3F CDD8OF		CALL	?CLER		28 OEAA	CTBL	: ENT		
29 0E42 2100D0		LD	HL, DOOOH	SCRN TOP	29 OEAA 6DOE	CIDE	DEFW	SCROL	SCROLLING
30 0E45 CDD409		CALL	#CLROB	, SCRIVIOF	30 OEAC FBOD		DEFW	CURSD	CURSOR
31 0E48 3E71		LD	A, 71H	; COLOR DATA	31 OEAE 050E		DEFW	CURSU	, CORSON
32 0E4A CDD509		CALL	#CLR8	; D800H-DFFFH CLR.	32 OEBO ODOE		DEFW	CURSR	
33 0E4D	HOME:	ENT	#GEI/G	, DOVON-DEFEN CER.	33 OEB2 250E		DEFW	CURSL	
34 0E4D 210000	i ioi ic.	LD	HL,0	; DSPXY:O X=O,Y=O	34 OEB4 4DOE		DEFW	HOME	
35 0E50 18AD		JR	CURS3	, Dai XIIIO X-0, I-0	35 OEB6 3AOE		DEFW	CLRS	
36 0E52	;	011	001/00		36 OEB8 F80E		DEFW	DEL	
37 0E52	,	DEFS	+8		37 OEBA 380F		DEFW	INST	
38 0E5A		טבו ט			38 OEBC E10E		DEFW	ALPHA	
39 0E5A		CR			39 OEBE EEOE		DEFW	KANA	
40 0E5A	- 1	O.V			40 OECO E50E		DEFW	?RSTR	
41 OE5A	CR:	ENT			41 OEC2 E50E		DEFW	?RSTR	
42 0E5A CDF302	G	CALL	. MANG		42 OEC4 5AOE		DEFW	CR	
43 0E5D OF		RRCA	*********		43 OEC6 E50E		DEFW	?RSTR	
44 OE5E 30B6		JR	NC, CURS2		44 OEC8 E50E		DEFW	?RSTR	
45 0E60 2E00		LD	L,O		45 OECA	;	DELM	;nain	
46 0E62 24		INC	H		46 OECA				
47 0É63 FE18		CP	+24		47 OECA				
48 0E65 2803		JR	Z,CR1		48 OECA		THET DVDA	CC	
49 0E67 24		INC	H		49 OECA	;	INST BYPA	55	
50 0E68 1895		JR	CURS1		50 OECA CBDC	(5)	O. OFT	7.11	
51 OE6A	CR1:	ENT	CONSI		51 OECC 7E	INST		3,H	COLOR RAM
52 0E6A 227111	C111 -	LD	(DSPXY),HL		52 OECD 23		LD	A, (HL)	; FROM
53 OE6D	•	LD	DOLVILLE		53 OECE 77		INC	HL //!! > A	
54 0E6D	SCF	O			54 OECF 2B		LD	(HL),A	; TO
55 0E6D	, aur	Cod has			55 OEDO CB9C		DEC RES	HL 7 U	; ADR ADJ.
56 0E6D	SCROL:	ENT			56 OED2 EDA8			3,H	- CHA TONG
57 0E6D 01C003	JUNUL.	LD	вс,озсон		57 OED4 79		LDD	Λ. Γ.	; CHA. TRNS.
58 0E70 1100D0		LD	DE,SCRN	; TOP OF \$CRT ADR.	58 OED5 BO		LD OR	A,C B	. BC0 C
59 0E73 2128D0		LD	HL,SCRN+40		59 OED6 20F2				; BC=0 ?
40 0E74 C5		PUSH	BC	; 1 COLUMN	60 OED8 EB		JR	NZ, INST2	
00 00/0 00		ruan	DC	; 1000 STORE	GO OEDO ED		EX	DE, HL	

** Z80 ASSEMBLER SB	-7201 <1 Z -	-013A>	PAGE 57	04.07.83	**	Z80 ASSEMBLER	SB-7201	<1Z-013A>	PAGE 58	04.07.83
01 OED9.3600		LD	(HL),0		01 OF1	2 RE28		LD	A,40	
O2 OEDB CBDC		SET	3,H	; COLOR RAM	02 OF1			JR	NC,+3	
03 OEDD 3671		LD	(HL),71H	,	03 OF1			RLCA		ACC=80
04 OEDF 1804		JR	?RSTR		04 OF1			SUB	L	
05 OEE1		•••			05 OF1			LD	B, A	; TRNS. BYTE
06 0EE1	í					9 CDB10F		CALL	?PONT	TOTAL CONTRACTOR
07 OEE1					07 OF1		DEL2:	LD	A, (HL)	; CHA. FROM ADR
OB OEE1					08 OF1			DEC	HL	
09 OEE1	ORG OEE	1H; ALF	PHA		09 OF1			LD	(HL),A	; TO
10 OEE1	•				10 OF1			INC	HL	
11 OEE1	ALPHA: I	ENT			11 OF2	O CBDC		SET	3,H	; COLOR RAM
12 OEE1 AF		XOR	Α		12 OF 2	2 7E		LD	A, (HL)	
13 OEE2	ALPH1: I	ENT			13 OF2	3 2B		DEC	HL.	
14 OEE2 327011		LD	(KANAF), A		14 OF 2	4 77		LD	(HL),A	
15 OEE5					15 OF 2	5 CB9C		RES	3,H	; CHA.
16 OEE5	i				16 OF2	7 23		INC	HL.	
17 OEE5	; RESTO	RE ;			17 OF 2	8 23		INC	HL	; NEXT
18 OEE5	,				18 OF 2	9 10F1		DJNZ	DEL2	
19 OEE5	?RSTR: I	ENT			19 OF2	B 2B		DEC	HL	; ADR.ADJUST
20 OEE5 E1		POP	HL		20 OF 2	C 3600		LD	(HL),0	
21 OEE6	?RSTR1: I	ENT			21 OF2	E CBDC		SET	3,H	
22 OEE6 D1		POP	DE		22 OF3	0 217100		LD	HL,71H	; BLUE + WHITE
23 OEE7 C1	- 1	POP	BC		23 OF3	3 3EC4		LD	· A, C4H	; JP CURSL
24 OEE8 F1		POP	AF		24 OF3	5 C3E00D		JP	?DPCT+4	
25 OEE9 C9		RET			25 OF 3	8	;			
26 OEEA	;				26 OF3	8	INST:			
27 OEEA	; MONITO	OR WOR	RK AREA ;		27 OF3	8 CDF302		CALL	. MANG	
28 OEEA	;				28 OF 3	B OF		RRCA		
29 D000 P	SCRN: I	EQU	DOOOH		29 OF3	C 2E27		LD	L,+39	
30 E003 P	KANST: I	EQU	E003H	; KANA STATUS PORT	30 OF3	E 7D			A,L	
31 OEEA	;				31 OF3	F 3001		JR	NC,+3	
32 OEEA	;				32 OF4	1 24		INC	Н	
33 OEEA	;				33 OF4	2 CDB40F		CALL	?PNT1	
34 OEEA		DEFS	+4		34 OF4	5 E5		PUSH	HL	
35 OEEE	; ORG OEE	EH; KAN	NA A			6 2A7111		LD	HL, (DSPXY)	
36 OEEE	,				36 OF4	9 3002		JR	NC, +4	
37 OEEE		ENT			37 OF4	B 3E4F		LD	A, +79	
38 OEEE CDD40D		CALL	GRSTAS		38 OF4	D 95		SUB	L	
39 OEF1 CAB90D		JP	Z,DSP01	; NOT GRAPH KEY THEN JUM	39 OF4	E 0600		LD	B, O	
P					40 OF5			LD	C,A	
40 OEF4 3E01		LD	A,+1		41 OF5			POP	DE	
41 OEF6 18EA		JR	ALPH1		42 OF5			JR	Z,?RSTR	
42 OEF8	;				43 OF5			LD	A, (DE)	
43 OEF8	;				44 OF5			OR	A	
44 OEF8		ENT			45 OF5			JR	NZ,?RSTR	
45 OEFB EB		EX	DE, HL	; LD HL,(DSPXY)	46 OF5			LD	H, D	; HL←DE
46 OÉF9 7C		LD	A,H	; HOME ?	47 OF5			LD	L,E	
47 OEFA B5		OR	L		48 OF5			DEC	HL	
48 OEFB 28E8		JR	Z,?RSTR			B C3CAOE		JP	INST2	; JUMP NEXT (BYPASS)
49 OEFD 7D		LD	A, L		50 OF5		,	•		
50 OEFE B7		OR	A		51 0F5		,			
51 OEFF 200D		JR	NZ, DEL1	; LEFT SIDE ?	52 OF5		; F	ROGRAM SA	VE	
52 OFO1 CDF302		CALL	. MANG		53 OF5		;			
53 OFO4 3808		JR	C, DEL1		54 0F5		,	CMD. 'S'		
54 OFO6 CDB1OF		CALL	?PONT		55 OF5		;			
55 0F09 2B		DEC	HL (III) IO		56 OF5		SAVE:		HEVIV	· CTART ARR
56 OFOA 3600		LD	(HL),+0	. ID CUECI		E CD3D01		CALL	HEXIY	; START ADR.
57 OFOC 1825		JR	INST-5	; JP CURSL		1 220411		LD	(DTADR),HL	; DATA ADR. BUFFER
58 OFOE		ENT	MONG		59 0F6			LD .	В,Н	
59 OFOE CDF302		CALL RRCA	. MANG		60 OF6	O 4D		LD	C,L	
60 OF11 OF		MUNICH								

** Z80 ASSEMBLER SB-	-7201 <1Z-013A>	PAGE 59	04.07.83	,	** 2	Z80 ASSEMBLER	SB-7201	<1Z-013A	PAGE 60	04.07.8
0F66 *CDA602	CALL	- 4DE				0600		LD	B,+0	
OF69 CD3D01	CALL	HEXIY	; END ADR.	02 (ADD	HL,BC	
OF6C ED42	SBC	HL,BC	; BYTE SIZE ,	03.0	FC7	D1		POP	DE	
0F6E 23	INC	HL	The control of the co	04 (FC8	C1		POP	BC	
OF6F 220211	LD	(SIZE),HL	; BYTE SIZE BUFFER	05 (DFC9	F1		POP	AF	
0F72 CDA602	CALL	. 4DE	, DITE GIZE DOLLER	06 0				RET		
0F75 CD3D01	CALL	HEXIY	; EXECUTE ADR.	07 0		٠,				
0F78 220611	LD	(EXADR), HL		08 (į	VERIFYING		
			; BUFFER					ACUTE LING		
OF7B CD0900	CALL	NL		09 (;	COMMOND	201.2	
OF7E 118B09	LD	DE, MSGSV	; SAVED FILENAME	10 0			5	COMMAND	'V '	
OF81 DF	RST	3	; CALL MSGX	11 (,			
0F82 CD2F01	CALL	BGETL	FILENAME INPUT	12 (VRF			
OF85 CDA602	CALL	.4DE		13 (DFCB	CD8805		CALL	?VRFY	
OF88 CDA602	CALL	. 4DE		14 (OFCE	DA0701		JP	C, ?ER	
OF8B 21F110	LD	HL, NAME	; NAME BUFFER	15 (OFD1	114209		LD	DE, MSGOK	
OF8E	SAV1: ENT			16 (OFD4	DF		RST	3	
OF8E 13	INC	DE				C3ADOO		JP	ST1	
OF8F 1A	LD	A. (DE)		18 (;			
0F90 77	LD	(HL),A	; FILENAME TRANS.	19 (;			
0F91 23	INC	HL HL	, PILENHUE INHIO.		OFD8		;			
DF91 23 DF92 FEOD	CP	ODH	. END CODE	21 (OFD8H;?C	ED	
			; END CODE				3 UK	OF DBH; ?C	LER	
0F94 20F8	JR	NZ, SAV1		22 (3			
0F96 3E01	LD	A,01H	; ATTRIBUE:OBJ.	23 (,			
DF98 32F010	LD	(ATRB),A		24 (; (CLER ;		
DF9B CD3604	CALL	?WRI		25 (OFD8		,	B=SIZE		
DF9E DA0701	JP	C, ?ER	; WRITE ERROR	26 (OFD8		;	HL=LOW A	DR.	
DFA1 CD7504	CALL	?WRD	; DATA	27 (OFD8		;			
DFA4 DA0701	JP	C, ?ER	*	28 (OFD8		2CL1	ER: ENT		
OFA7 CD0900	CALL	NL		29 (AF		XOR	A	
OFAA 114209	LD	DE, MSGOK	; OK MESSAGE			1802		JR	+4	
OFAD DF	RST	3		31 (1002	2011	RFF: ENT	. 4	
OFAE C3ADOO			; CALL MSGX			3EFF	: []		A ECH	
	JP	ST1					00.11	LD	A, FFH	
OFB1	;			. 33 (7D11	AT: ENT		
OFB1	;				OFDD			LD	(HL),A	
OFB1	;ORG OFB1H;?PO	NT			OFDE			INC	HL	
OFB1	;					10FC		DJNZ	-2	
OFB1	;				OFE1			RET		
OFB1	; COMPUTE POI	NT ADR . ;		38 (OFE2		5			
OFB1				39 (OFE2		;			
OFB1	; HL = SCREI	EN CORDINATE		40 (OFE2		;	GAP CHECK		
OFB1	EXIT				OFE2					
OFB1	,	T ADR. ON SCREEN	r	42 (CK: ENT		
OFB1	· IL - FUIN	HDK ON SCREEN	•		OFE2	CS	UHF	PUSH	BC	
	ODONIA ENI									
OFB1	?PONT: ENT				OFE3			PUSH	DE	
DFB1 2A7111	LD	HL, (DSPXY)			OFE4			PUSH	HL	
)F_B4	;					0101E0		LD	BC, KEYPB	
FB4	; ORG OFB4H; ?PN	T1				1102E0		LD	DE, CSTR	
FB4	;				OFEB		GAP	CK1: ENT		
FB4	?PNT1: ENT			49 (OFEB	2664		LD	H,100	
OFB4 F5	PUSH	AF			OFED		GAP	CK2: ENT	Control of the Contro	
FB5 C5	PUSH	BC				CD0106		CALL	EDGE	
OFB6 D5	PUSH	DE				380B		JR	C,GAPCK3	
FB7 E5	PUSH	HL				CD4A0A		CALL	DLY3	; CALL DLY
										, CHLL DLY
OFB8 C1	POP	BC	- 46		OFF5			LD	A,(DE)	
OFB9 112800	LD	DE,0028H	; 40			E620		AND	20H	
OFBC 21D8CF	LD	HL,SCRN-40				20F1		JR	NZ, GAPCK1	
DFBF	?PNT2: ENT			57 (OFFA	25		DEC	H	
OFBF 19	ADD	HL, DE		58 (OFFB	20F0		JR	NZ, GAPCK2	
OFCO 05	DEC	В		59 (OFFD		GAP	CK3: ENT		
OFC1 F2BFOF	JP	P,-2				C39B06		JP	RET3	

01 1000 SKP H

** Z80 ASSEMBLER SB-7201 <1Z-013A> PAGE 62 04.07.83 01 1000 02 1000 03 1000 MONITOR WORK AREA ; (MZ-700) 04 1000 05 1000 06 1000 07 1000 ORG 10F0H 08 10F0 09 10F0 ENT 3 TAPE BUFFER(128B) 10 10FO IBUFE: ENT ; ATTRIBUTE 11 10F0 ATRB: ENT 12 10FO DEFS +1 ; FILE NAME 13 10F1 NAME: ENT DEFS +17 14 10F1 15 1102 SIZE: **ENT** ; BYTE SIZE 16 1102 DEFS +2 : DATA ADR DTADR: ENT 17 1104 18 1104 DEFS +2 ; EXECUTION ADR 19 1106 EXADR: ENT +2 DEFS 20 1106 ; COMMENT COMNT: ENT 21 1108 DEFS 104 22 1108 23 1170 KANAF: ENT : KANA FLAG 24 1170 DEFS +1 : DISPLAY CO-ORDINATES 25 1171 DSPXY: ENT 26 1171 DEFS ; COLOUMN MANAGEMENT ENT 27 1173 MANG: DEFS +27 28 1173 ; FLASHING DATA 29 118E FLASH: ENT 30 118E DEFS +1 ; FLASSING POSITION FLPST: ENT 31 118F 32 118F DEFS +2 ; FLASING STATUS 33 1191 FLSST: ENT DEFS +1 34 1191 ; CURSOR DATA 35 1192 FLSDT: ENT 36 1192 DEFS +1 STRGF: ENT ; STRING FLAG 37 1193 38 1193 DEFS DPRNT: ENT ; TAB COUNTER 39 1194 40 1194 DEES +1 ; TAPE MARK COUNTER 41 1195 TMCNT: ENT 42 1195 DEFS +2 43 1197 SUMDT: ENT ; CHECK SUM DATA 44 1197 DEFS +2 ; FOR COMPARE SUM DATA CSMDT: ENT 45 1199 46 1199 DEFS +2 47 119B AMPM: ENT ; AMPM DATA DEFS +1 48 119B TIMFG: ; TIME FLAG 49 119C ENT 50 1190 DEFS SWRK: ENT ; KEY SOUND FLAG 51 119D 52 119D DEFS TEMPW: ENT ; TEMPO WORK 53 119E 54 119E DEFS +1 ; ONTYO WORK 55 119F ONTYO: ENT DEFS +1 56 119F 57 11A0 OCTV: ENT ; OCTAVE WORK 58 11A0 DEFS : ONPU RATIO 59 11A1 RATIO: ENT 60 11A1 DEFS

	**	z80	ASSEMBLER	SB-7201	<1	Z-013A	PAGE 63		04.	07.83	Ş
	11A3			BUFE	? :	ENT			; GET	LINE	BUFFER
	11A3					DEFS	+81				
	11F4			,							
04	11F4			;							
05	11F4	-		,		EQU T	ABLE I/O P	ORT			
06	11F4	1		;							
07	11F4			,							
08	E000	P		KEYP	A:	EQU	EOOOH				
09	E001	P		KEYP	В:	EQU	E001H				
10	E002	P		KEYP	C:	EQU	E002H				
	E003			KEYP	F:	EQU	E003H				
-	E002			CSTR		EQU	E002H				
	E003			CSTP		EQU	E003H				
	E004			CONT		EQU	E004H				
-	E005			CONT		EQU	E005H				
-	E006	7.1		CONT		EQU	E006H				
	E007			CONT		EQU	E007H				
	E008			SUND		EQU	E008H				
-	EOOE	200									
				TEMP	•	EQU	EOOBH				
	11F4			;							
21	11F4	-				END					

** Z80 ASSEMBLER SB-7201 <1Z-013A> PAGE 64 04.07.83 ..LPT 017B #BRK 0888 #CLR08 09D4 #CLR8 09D5 \$MCP 006B - 4DE 0286 .I.PT 0176 - MANG 02F3 2HE1 0434 2HFX 041F ??KEY 09B3 **PADEN** OBB9 ?BEL 0577 ?BELD 0352 2BLNK ODAA ?BRK 0A32 ?BRK1 0A48 **?BRK2** 0980 ?BRK3 0986 ?CLER OFD8 ?CLRFF OFDB ?DACN OBCE OFDD ?DPCT ?DINT ODDC ?DSP ODB5 ?ER 0107 ?FLAS 09FF ?FLS 09E3 ?GET OSBD ?GETL 07FA ?KEY 08CA ?KY1 0806 ?KY2 OBDA ?KY5 08FA 2KY55 08FB ?KYGRP 08FE ?KYGRS 0909 0883 ?LOAD 05F0 **PKYSM** ?LTNL 090E ?MLDY 01C7 ?MODE 073E ?MSG 0893 ?MSGX 08A1 ?NL 0918 ?PNT1 OFB4 ?PNT2 OFBF ?PONT OFB1 2PRNT 0935 ?PRT 0946 ?PRTS 0920 ?PRTT 0924 ?RDD 04F8 ?RDI ?RSTR OADR 0EE5 ?RSTR1 0EE6 ?SAVE **OB92** ?SWEP 0A50 ?TEMP 02E5 ?TMR1 0375 ?TMR2 037F ?TMRD 0358 2TMS1 0331 ?TMS2 0344 ?TMST 0308 2VREY 0588 ?WRD 0475 ?WRI 0436 ALPH1 OFE2 AL PHA OFF1 AMP'M 119B ASC O3DA ATBL 0A92 ATRB 10F0 AUT03 07ED BELL 003E BGETL 012F BRKEY 001E BUFER 11A3 CKS1 0720 CKS2 072F CKS3 0733 CKSUM 071A 09D8 CLEAR CLEAR1 09DA CLRS 0E3A CMYO 005B COMNT 1108 CONTO E004 CONT1 E005 CONT2 E006 CONTF E007 CR CR1 OE5A OE6A CSMDT 1199 CSTPT E003 CSTR E002 CTBL **OFAA** CURS1 ODEE CURS2 0F16 CURS3 ODFF CURS4 0E23 CURS5 0E02 CURSD ODFB CURSL 0E25 CURSR OEOD CURSU CURSU1 OEOB 0E05 DACN1 OBE 3 DACN2 OBDF DACN3 OBEO DEL 0EF8 DEL1 OFOE DEL2 OF1C DI Y1 0759 DLY12 0996 DLY2 0760 DLY3 OA4A 09A9 DLY4 DPRNT 1194 DSP01 ODB9 DSP04 ODDO DSPXY DSWEP 1171 0830 DTADR 1104 DUM1 0088 DUM2 ODJE DUM3 OD37 DUMP OD29 FDG1 0407 EDG2 0613 EDGE 0601 EXADR 1106 OOFF FD FD1 0106 097B FD2 0102 FLAS1 FLAS2 09EF FLAS3 09F3 FLASH 118E FLKEY 057E FLPST 118F FLSDT 1192 FLSST 1191 GAP 0774 GAP1 078E GAP2 0796 GAP3 079C GAPCK OFE2 GAPCK1 OFEB GAPCK2 OFED GAPCK3 OFFD **GETKY** 001B GETL 0003 GETL1 07EA GETL2 0818 GETL3 085B GETL5 081D GETL₆ 0845 GETLA 082B GETLB 0863 GETLC 0822 **GETLR** 087E GETLU 0876 GETLZ 0860 00F3 GOTO GRSTAS ODD4 HEX 03F9 HEXIY 013D HEXJ 03E5 HL1 041D HLHEX 0410 HOME OF4D IBUFE 10F0 INST OFTR INST2 OECA KANA OEEE KANAF 1170 KANST E003 KEYPA F000 KEYPB E001 KEYPC E002 KEYPF E003 KSL1 09B7 KSL2 09BC KTBL OBEA KTBLC OCAA KTBLG OCE9 KTBLGS OC6A KTBLS OC2A LETNL 0006 LLPT 0470 LDAO 0116 LOAD 0111 LONG OALA LPRNT 018F M#TBL 0284 MANG 1173 MCOR 07A8 MCR1 07AB MCR2 07D4 MCR3 07D7 MELDY 0030 MLD1 01D1 MLD2 0205 MLD3 020D MLD4 0211 MLD5 0214 MLDS1 02C4 MLDSP 02BE MLDST 02AB MONIT 0000 MOT1 0664 MOT2 OAAB MOT4 06B9 MOT5 04D8 MOT7 06B7 втом MOT9 06D0 06D7 MOTOR 069F MSG 0015 MSG#1 03FB MSG#2 O3FD MSG#3 0402 MSG#7 0467 MSG1 0896 MSG?2 09A0 MSG?3 06E7 MSGE1 0147 MSGOK 0942 MSGSV 098B MSGX 0018 MSGX1 **08A4** MSGX2 08A7 MST1 MST2 070C MST3 0717 MSTA 0044 MSTOP 0700 MSTP 0047 MTBL 0260 NAME 10F1 NL 0009 NLPHL 05FA NOADD 03E2 OCTV 11A0 ONF 1 021F ONP2 022C ONP3 0265 ONPU 021C ONTYO 119F OPTBL 0290 PEN 018B PLOT 0184 PMSG 01A5 PMSG1 01A8 PRNT 0012 PRNT2 0967 PRNT3 096C PRNT4 096F PRNT5 0959 PRNTS OOOC PRNTT 000F PRTHL 03BA PRTHX 0303 PTEST 0155 PTRN 0180 PTSTO PTST1 015A 0170 RATIO 11A1 RBY1 RBY2 0630 0649 RBY3 0654 RBYTE 0624 RD1 04E6 RDA 0186 RDDAT 002A RDINE 0027 RET1 04D2 RET2 0554 RET3 069B RTAPE 050E RTP1 0513 RTP2 0519 RTP3 0532 RTP4 0554 RTP5 0565 RTP6 0572 RTP7 056E RTP8 0553 RTP9 0574 RYTHM 0208 SAV1 OF8E SAVE OF5E SCRN D000 OOF7 SHORT OAO1 SIZE SCROL OEAD SG 1102 SLPT 03D5

**	Z80 A	SSEMBLE	R SB-7	201 <1	Z-013A	> PAGE	65		04.07.83	
SP	10F0	SPHEX	03B1	SS	00A2	STO	0070	ST1	OOAD	
ST2	OOBB	START	004A	STRGF	1193	SUMDT	1197	SUNDG	E008	
SVO	OBA2	SV1	OBB5	SWEPO	0A66	SWEP01	0A64	SWEP2	0A7F	
SWEP3	0A77	SWEP4	0A5F	SWEP9	0A73	SWRK	119D	TEMP	E008	
TEMPW	119E	TIMEG	119C	TIMIN	038D	TIMRD	003B	TIMST	0033	
TM1	0675	TM2	0678	TM3	0688	TM4	069B	TMARK	045B	
TMCNT	1195	TVF1	05B2	TVF2	05B8	TVF3	05CC	TVRFY	05AD	
VERFY	002D	VGOFF	0747	VRFY	OFCB	VRNS	OBC5	WBY1	076D	
WBYTE	0767	WRDAT	0024	WRI1	0444	WRI2	045E	WRI3	0464	
WRINE	0021	WTAP1	0494	WTAP2	04A5	WTAP3	04D2	WTAPE	048A	
XTEMP	0041									

Color Plotter-Printer Control Codes A. 6

A.6.1 Control codes used in the text mode

• Text code (\$01)	
Sets the printer in the text mod	e.
• Graphic code (\$02)	Same as the BASIC MODE GR statement.
Sets the printer in the graphic m	node.
• Line up (\$03)	Same as the BASIC SKIP-1 statement.
Moves the paper one line in the	reverse direction. The line counter is decremented by 1.
• Pen test (\$04)	Same as the BASIC TEST statement.
Writes the following patterns	to start ink flowing from the pens, then sets scale = 1 (40 chr/line),
color = 0.	
Black Blue Green	Red
• Reduction scale (\$09) + (\$09) +	· (\$09)
Reduces the scale from 1 to 0 (8	30 chr/line).
• Reduction cancel (\$09) + (\$09)	+ (\$0B)
Enlarges the scale from 0 to 1. (40 chr/line).
	$+(ASCII)_2 + (ASCII)_1 + (ASCII)_0 + (\$0D)$
*********************	Same as the BASIC PAGE statement.
Specifies the number of lines pe	er page as indicated by 3 bytes of ASCII code. The maximum number of
lines per page is 255. Set to 66 v	when the power is turned on or the system is reset.
	Same as the BASIC SKIP 1 statement.
Moves the paper one line in the	forward direction. The line counter is incremented by 1.
Magnify scale (\$0B)	

- - Enlarges the scale from 1 to 2 (26 chr/line).
- Magnify cancel (\$0C)
 - Reduces the scale from 2 to 1.
- Carriage return (\$0D)
 - Moves the carriage to the left side of the print area.
- Back space (\$0E)
 - Moves the carriage one column to the left. This code is ignored when the carriage is at the left side of the print area.
- Form feed (\$0F)
 - Moves the paper to the beginning of the next page and resets the line counter to 0.
- Next color (\$1D)
 - Changes the pen to the next color.

A.6.2 Character scale

- The character scale is automatically set to 1 (40 chr/line) when the power is turned on. Afterwards, it can be changed by the control codes and commands.
- In the graphic mode, the scale can be changed in the range from 0 to 63.
- The scale is set to 1 when the mode is switched from graphic to text.

A.6.3 Graphic mode commands

A. 6. 3. 1 Command type

In the graphic mode, the printer can be controlled by outputting the following commands to the printer. Words in parentheses are BASIC statements which have the same functions as the graphic mode commands.

Command name	Format	Function
LINE TYPE	Lp (p = 0 to 15)	Specifies the type of line (solid or dotted) and the dot pitch. $p = 0$: solid line, $p = 1 \sim 15$: dotted line
ALL INITIALIZE	A	Sets the printer in the text mode.
HOME (PHOME)	Н	Lifts the pen and returns it to the origin (home position).
INITIALIZE (HSET)	I	Sets the current pen location as the origin $(x = 0, y = 0)$.
DRAW (LINE)	Dx, y, xn, yn (-999 \leq x, y \leq 999)	Draws lines from the current pen location to coordinates (x_1, y_1) , then to coordinates (x_2, y_2) , and so forth.
RELATIVE DRAW (RLINE)	$J\triangle x, \triangle y \dots \triangle xn, \triangle yn (-999 \le \triangle x, \triangle y \le 999)$	Draws lines from the current pen location to relative coordinates $(\triangle x_1, \triangle y_1)$, then to relative coordinates $(\triangle x_2, \triangle y_2)$ and so forth.
MOVE (MOVE)	Mx, y (-999 \le x, y \le 999)	Lifts the pen and moves it to coordinates (x, y).
RELATIVE MOVE (RMOVE)	$R \triangle x, \triangle y$ (-999 $\leq \triangle x, \triangle y \leq 999$)	Lifts the pen and moves it to relative coordinates $(\Delta x, \Delta y)$.
COLOR CHANGE (PCOLOR)	Cn (n = 0 to 3)	Changes the pen color to n.
SCALE SET	Sn $(n = 0 \text{ to } 63)$	Specifies the character scale.
ALPHA ROTATE	Qn (n = 0 to 3)	Specifies the direction in which characters are printed.
PRINT	$Pc_1c_2c_3\ldots cn (n = \infty)$	Prints characters.
AXIS (AXIS)	Xp, q, r (p = 0 or 1) (q = -999 to 999) (r = 1 to 255)	Draws an X axis when p = 1 and a Y axis when p = 0. q specifies the scale pitch and r specifies the number of scale marks to be drawn.

A. 6. 3. 2 Command format

There are 5 types of command formats as shown below.

1. Command character only (without parameters)

2. Command character plus one parameter

3. Command character plus pairs of parameters

"," is used to separate parameters, and a CR code is used to end the parameter list.

4. Command plus character string

P

The character string is terminated with a CR code.

5. Command plus three parameters

X

, is used to separate parameters.

A. 6. 3. 3 Parameter specification

- 1. Leading blanks are ignored.
- 2. Any number preceded by " -- " is treated as a negative number.
- 3. If the number of digits of a number exceeds 3, only the lower 3 digits are effective.
- 4. Each parameter is ended with "," or a CR code. If other than numbers are included in a parameter, subsequent characters are ignored until a comma or CR code is detected.

A. 6. 3. 4 Abbreviated formats

- 1. Any command can be followed by a one-character command without entering a CR code.
 - Ex) "HD100, 200" CR is effective and is the same as "H " CR " D100, 200" CR.
- 2. Any command can be followed by a command with one parameter by separating them with a comma ",".
 - Ex) "L0, S1, Q0, C1, D100, 200" CR is effective.
- 3. A command with pairs of parameters must be terminated with a CR code.

4. 6. 3. 5 Data change due to mode switching

The following data changes when the printer is switched from the graphic mode to the text mode.

- X and Y coordinates
 - Y is set to 0 and the origin is placed at the left side of the printable area.
- Direction of characters
 - Q is set to 0.
- Character scale
 - Character scale is set to 1.
- The line type setting is not affected.

A. 7 Notes Concerning Operation

■ Data recorder

- Although the data recorder of the MZ-700 is highly reliable, the read/write head will wear out after prolonged use. Further, magnetic particles and dust will accumulate on the head, degrading read/write performance. Therefore, the head must be cleaned periodically or replaced when it becomes worn.
 - 1. To clean the head, open the cassette compartment, press the PLAY key, and wipe the head and pinch roller using a cotton swab. If they are very dirty, soak the cotton swab in alcohol.
 - 2. When the head becomes worn, contact your dealer. Do not attempt to replace it by yourself.

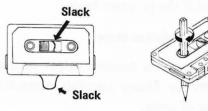
■ Cassette tape

- Any commercially available cassette tape can be used with the MZ-700. However, it is recommended that you use quality cassette tape produced by a reliable manufacturer.
 - Use normal type tapes.
 - Avoid using C-120 type cassette tapes.
 - Use of C-60 or shorter cassette tapes is recommended.
 - Be sure to take up any the slack in the tape with a pencil or the like as shown at right before loading the cassette tape: otherwise, the tape may break or become wound round the pinch roller.

Protecting programs/data from accidental erasure

The data recorder of the MZ-700 is equipped with a write protect function which operates in the same manner as with ordinary audio cassette tape decks.

To prevent data from being accidentally erased, remove the record lock-out tab from the cassette with a screwdriver or the like. This makes it impossible to press the RECORD key, preventing erasure of, valuable data.



Remove record lock-out tab with a screwdriver.



■ Other

See page 109 for commercially available cassette tape decks.

■ Display unit

When using a display unit other than one specified for the MZ-700, the screen size must be adjusted. See page 106.

■ Color plotter-printer

- Do not rotate the pen drum in the reverse direction when replacing pens.
- Be sure to remove the pens from the pen drum, replace their caps to them, and store them in the case to prevent them from drying out when the printer is not to be used for an extended period of time.
- It takes a certain amount of time for ink on the paper to dry. (The ink is water-soluble.)
- Do not rip off the paper when the printer cover is removed. Hold down the paper holder when ripping off the paper.
- Do not touch the internal mechanism when replacing the pens. Failure to observe this warning may result in damage to the printer.
- The color plotter printer generates sound for a moment when the power is turned on. This is not a problem.
- Letters printed in the 80 character line mode may be difficult to read. In this case, use the 40 character/line mode.
- In the graphic mode, lines printed repeatedly may become blurred. This is particularly liable to occur when a dotted line is printed repeatedly. Due to the characteristics of the ball pen, this is unavoidable.

■ Notes concerning software

- It takes about 3 minutes to load the BASIC interpreter.
- The reset switch on the rear panel is to used in the following cases. (See 3. 1. 1.)

 To stop execution of a BASIC program during normal execution or when the program enters an infinite loop. To return to the program, use the # command. However, the program or hardware should be checked if the program loops.

■ BASIC calculation error

• BASIC converts decimal values to floating point binary values before performing calculations, then converts the binary calculation results into decimal numbers for display. This can result in a certain amount of error.

```
(Example:)
```

- Approximations are made during calculation of functions and exponentiation.
- The above must be considered when using IF statements.

(Example:)

```
10 A=1/100*100
20 IF A=1 THEN PRINT"TRUE" :GOTO 40
30 PRINT "FALSE"
40 PRINT "A=";A
50 END
RUN
FALSE
A=1
```

Although the practical result of the equation in line 10 is 1, this program prints FALSE because of error due to conversion.

■ Notes concerning handling

Power switch

The power switch should be left untouched for at least 10 seconds after being turned on or off. This is necessary to ensure correct operation of the computer. Do not unplug the power cable when the power switch is on: otherwise, trouble may result.

Power cable

Avoid placing heavy objects such as desks on top of the power cable. This may damage the power cable, possibly resulting in a serious accident. Be sure to grasp the cable by the plug when unplugging it.

Power supply voltage

The power supply voltage is 240/220 VAC. The computer may not operate properly if the voltage is too high or too low. Contact your dealer for assistance if you experience this problem.

Ventilation

Many vents are provided in the cabinet to prevent overheating. Place the computer in a well ventilated place, and do not cover it with a cloth. Do not place any objects on the left side of the computer, since this is where the vents for the power supply unit are located.

• Humidity and dust

Do not use the computer in a damp or dusty places.

• Temperature

Do not place the computer near heaters or in places where it may be exposed to direct sunlight; failure to observe this precaution may result in damage to the computer's components.

• Water and foreign substances

Water and other foreign substances (such as pins) entering the computer will damage it. Unplug the power cable immediately and contact your dealer for assistance if such an accident occurs.

Shock

Avoid subjecting the computer to shock; strong shocks will damage the computer permanently.

Trouble

Stop immediately operation and contact your dealer if you note any abnormality.

Prolonged disuse

Be sure to unplug the power cable if the computer is not to be used for a prolonged period of time.

Connection of peripheral devices

Use only parts and components designated by Sharp when connecting any peripheral devices, otherwise, the computer may be damaged.

• Dirt

Wipe the cabinet with a soft cloth soaked in water or detergent when it becomes dirty. To avoid discoloration of the cabinet, do not use volatile fluids such as benzene.

Noise

It is recommended that a line filter be used when the computer is used in a place where high level noise signals may be present in the AC power. (A line filter can be obtained from your Sharp dealer). Move the signal cables as far as possible from the power cable and other electrical appliances.

• RF interference

Interference with TV or radio reception may occur due to the RF signal generated by the computer if it is used near a TV or radio set. TV sets generate a strong magnetic field which may result in incorrect operation of the computer. If this occurs, move the TV set at least 2 to 3 meters away from the computer.

This apparatus complies with requirements of EEC directive 76/889/EEC.